--THE--
hmond and Danville
LINE.
MILES SHORTER
Than any Existing Route
Washington and the East.
MILES SHORTER
—THAN—
Route via Cincinnati.

ond and Danville R. R. Time One
ur Faster than Atlanta City Time.

e in effect, May 11th, 1884.

	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	3 40 p m
Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 40 a m	4 40 p m
Lula	11 04 a m	7 40 p m
Gainesville	2 59 p m	11 45 p m
Charlotte	6 55 p m	4 20 a m
Salisbury	8 40 p m	6 50 a m
Greensboro	10 25 p m	8 05 a m
Danville	12 00 m	10 20 a m
Lynchburg	12 20 a m	10 55 a m
Burkeville	2 40 a m	1 50 p m
Richmond	4 55 a m	4 35 p m
Washington	9 20 a m	9 20 p m
Baltimore	9 40 a m	9 50 p m
Philadelphia	10 50 a m	11 25 p m
New York	1 23 p m	3 45 a m
Boston	3 50 p m	6 25 a m
Danville		4 40 p m
Burkville	10 20 p m	10 35 a m
Richmond	5 20 a m	1 44 p m
	7 00 a m	3 50 p m

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Atlanta	5 15 p m
Gainesville	7 25 p m

RETURNING.

Gainesville	6 00 a m
Atlanta	8 29 a m

daily trains for Athens, Ga.
EXCEPT SUNDAY.
LY 31 HOURS TRANSIT
ANTA TO NEW YORK.
ast Through Trains Daily, Pullman Palace
leeping Cars, Atlanta to New York without
ge.
RGINIA MIDLAND.
secured and numbers given ten days in
KELY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga.
M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
ETEARS, Gen. Pass. Agt. Atlanta, Ga.
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Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia
RAILROAD.
DIVISIONS IN GEORGIA.
NEW SHORT LINE.
nooga to Atlanta,
Atlanta to Macon,
to Atlanta,
AND
E SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES
nooga and the West,
To Florida and the Southeast,
onnecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga
—BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH
ink of Cincinnati Southern Railway, and
e and Charleston Railroad division, Nash-
attanooga and St. Louis Railway.
he Running Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily
BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA
The Year Round Without Change and Without
Delay.
THE ONLY LINE RUNNING
ROUGH PASSENGER COACHES
en Chattanooga and Jacksonville, Fla.
Change and Without Extra Fares.
NSED LOCAL PASSENGER SCHEDULE (on
Central Standard time, by which all trains
n in effect May 25th, 1884.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 53.	Train No. 51.
CLEVELAND	8 15 a m	2 40 p m
CHATTANOOGA	8 20 a m	.....
Cohutta	8 53 a m	.....
DALTON	9 25 a m	3 15 p m
East Rome	9 52 a m	3 50 p m
East Rome	9 55 a m	3 50 p m
Cockmart	11 17 a m	5 30 p m
Austell	11 25 a m	5 30 p m
Dallas	12 19 p m	6 35 p m
ATLANTA	1 04 p m	7 28 p m
McDonough	2 40 p m	9 15 p m
Jackson	3 15 p m	9 50 p m
Indian Springs	4 38 p m	6 47 a m
MACON	5 20 p m	7 30 a m
Gordon	5 53 p m	7 43 a m
Eastman	7 20 p m	9 20 a m
Cochran	7 55 p m	9 45 a m
Hazlehurst	9 43 p m	12 05 p m
BRUNSWICK	10 37 p m	1 35 p m
Brunswick	3 30 a m	6 00 p m
Sterling	4 00 a m	.....
BRUNSWICK	6 00 a m	.....
Brunswick	6 45 a m	.....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 54.	Train No. 52.
BRUNSWICK	8 00 p m	.....
Sterling	8 40 p m	.....
Hazlehurst	10 10 p m	.....
Jesup	11 30 p m	6 45 a m
Eastman	4 10 a m	12 10 p m
Cochran	5 05 a m	1 25 p m
MACON	7 00 a m	3 30 p m
Gordon	7 30 a m	5 00 p m
Indian Springs	9 05 a m	6 30 p m
Jackson	9 18 a m	6 42 p m
McDonough	10 00 a m	7 20 p m
ATLANTA	11 15 a m	8 30 p m
Dallas	12 35 p m	11 30 p m
Austell	2 03 p m	2 00 a m
Cockmart	2 53 p m	3 20 a m
East Rome	5 50 p m	5 00 a m
East Rome	5 55 p m	5 30 a m
Kelton	5 59 p m	6 56 a m
Cohutta	6 07 p m	7 25 a m
Spencer	6 40 p m	.....
CHATTANOOGA	7 20 p m	.....
Cleveland	8 00 p m	8 00 a m

CONNECTIONS.

Nos. 53 and 54 connect at Chattanooga
mphis and Charleston Division, E. T. & G.
and Cincinnati Southern R'y and Nashville,
tooga and St. Louis R'y.
Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland
ain line East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. and
at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V.
R.
Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Atlanta
overing roads, and connect at Jesup with
W. R'y for Florida.
THROUGH CAR SERVICE.
Nos. 53 and 54 have Pullman Palace Sleep
and Through Passenger Coaches between
and Jacksonville. Trains 53 and 54 con-
Cleveland with Pullman Sleepers between
nd and New York, and also with Sleepers
Cleveland and Warm Springs without
and Sleeping Car between Atlanta, Macon
nswick.
Nos. 51 and 52 have Sleeping Cars between
and Cleveland, connecting with Pullman
between Cleveland and New York.
ains run daily.
to and from Hawkinsville connect at
daily, except Sunday.
J. E. MALLORY,
erintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.
J. W. FRY,
rintendent Atlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga.
A. POPE,
Gen'l Passenger Agt.
GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta.

PRIZE OF $600
GOLD MEDAL.
OUS ELIXIR
QUINA LAROCHE
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Peruvian barks. A most
rful Restorer in General Debility, Exhaustion, In-
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YORK: E. FOUCERA & CO.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVI. FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1884. PRICE 5 CENTS.

CUTTING THEM DOWN.

THE HOUSE ON THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Customs Districts Reduced Over One-half, and the Revenue Collectors Cut Down Properly—Honestly—Hard Work of the Republicans to Sustain Their Officers in Place.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—[Special.]—The republicans opposed at every step the clause in the general legislative appropriation bill, which reduced the number of customs and internal revenue districts. They regret the loss of so many officials of a class which has been specially active at elections. The bill as passed reduces the number of customs districts from one hundred and forty-one to sixty-nine. The reduction is to go into effect on the first of October. The number of internal revenue districts is reduced from eighty-four to forty-three, to go into effect the first of July. The bill also places grain distilleries of ten gallons daily capacity or less, on the same footing as fruit distilleries, allowing them to operate without a gauger. It is left in the discretion of the collector whether the gangers shall be appointed for distilleries above ten and less than fifty gallons capacity. The fee system is abolished, and salaries established. The new plan is considered by the democrats a great improvement on the old. It reduces the number of officials whose employment has been chiefly for political purposes, and guarantees a more economical honest and decent enforcement of the internal revenue law.

IN THE SENATE.

Appropriations for the River Sufferers in Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—In the senate, Mr. Allison reported from the committee on appropriations, the house joint resolution appropriating $100,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the overflow of the Mississippi river and its tributaries. The senate committee do not favor the appropriation in the form presented, nor the amount mentioned. They recommend the appropriation of the unexpended balance of the appropriation made for the Ohio river sufferers, which Mr. Allison explained was about $40,000, and which, in the absence of specific information the committee thought would meet the exigencies. That amount would supply about 400,000 rations. On the vote those favoring the committee's recommendation were 29, and those opposing 10.

Mr. Jones then called for the yeas and nays. Mr. Beck said this $40,000 would make altogether $175,000 given for this purpose, and Louisiana had a bill pending in its legislature giving $50,000 more. The people of Louisiana had apparently done nothing yet.

Mr. Jones said there were 50,000 people in a starving condition, with a prospect of being five or six weeks yet in what was substantially a sea of water. Many families were compelled to sit on the top of their cabins, waiting till the waters subside, when they may be enabled to get down to help themselves. Many of these starving people were colored people and political friends and supporters of the majority of the committee on appropriations and of the senate. The amount proposed by the committee would not be enough.

Mr. Beck said the other states affected had promptly made liberal appropriations for their sufferers. Louisiana had not done anything.

Mr. Call opposed the amendment, and supported the house resolution. The yeas and nays resulted: Yeas 32, nays 15. So the senate amendment reducing the amount to about $40,000 was agreed to.

The conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill was agreed to. The house had yielded to the wishes of the senate relating to the appropriations for the cultivation of raw silk and experiments regarding the extraction of sugar from sorghum, while the senate had receded on the item relating to artesian wells.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed.

The chair laid before the senate the Utah bill as the regular order.

Messrs. Voorhees and Williams endeavored to get up the Mexican pension bill, but the senate went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened adjourned till Monday next.

Yesterday the report of the debate on the Mexican pension bill erroneously represented Mr. Logan as opposed to giving pensions to the soldiers of the Mexican war who afterwards fought in the rebel army. What Mr. Logan said was that he was opposed to restoring to the pension roll those of the Mexican soldiers who were on that roll prior to the rebellion, and who forfeited their pension by entering the rebel army. The bill, as it passed the house of representatives, gave them a pension of $8 a month. This provision Mr. Logan supported. The amendment proposed by the senate committee would, in Mr. Logan's view, have the effect, in addition to the $8 a month, of restoring them to the regular pension roll, which would give them an advantage over the Mexican soldiers, who had not entered the rebel army.

ADVERSE TO HOPKINS.

The senate committee on naval affairs this morning agreed to report adversely the bill providing for the restoration of Captain Alfred Hopkins to the navy. Captain Hopkins was dismissed for leaving his post at the Pensacola navyyard in 1882, in anticipation, as was alleged, of the yellow fever epidemic. The house passed the bill last Saturday providing for the restoration of Captain Hopkins to the navy.

The senate confirmed Joseph H. Speed to be United States marshal for the middle and southern districts of Alabama, and John H. Horner postmaster at Tuscaloosa, Ala.

IN THE HOUSE.

The Debate on the Legislative Appropriation Bill Closed Up.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—In the house the speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Flocum, Dibble and Dingley as conferees on the shipping bill; also the appointment of a select committee to inquire whether or not any ex-members have abused the privileges of the floor.

Mr. Lewis, of Louisiana, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill to prohibit the confirmation, certification and patenting of uncarned land grants. Printed and recommitted.

On motion of Mr. Cox, of New York, it was ordered that when the house adjourn to-day it be to meet Saturday next.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Cox, of New York, in the chair, on the legislative appropriation bill.

A number of amendments were offered, but in nearly every case they were ruled out on points of order. The paragraph for the appointment of an additional force of special examiners in the pension office having been reached, Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, offered an amendment which, after a long debate, was adopted, striking out the proviso that these examiners shall be apointed by the secretary of the interior upon the recommendation of the commissioner of pensions. This leaves the appointments subject to the civil service rule.

Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, offered an amendment providing that from and after June 30th, 1884, there shall be no more than 43 internal revenue collection districts. It further authorizes the president to consolidate and reorganize the custom collection districts of the United State on or before the first day of October, 1884, so that the same shall not exceed in number 61. The amendment prescribes in detail the methods of carrying into effect these consolidations.

Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, briefly advocated the amendment as being in the interest of the public welfare.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, made a strong speech upon the unwisdom of acting upon a proposition which would upset the whole system of customs service without the proper consideration by the ways and means committee.

Mr. Randall said that the proposition had been substantially recommended by the secretary of the treasury.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Simpson offered an amendment directing the secretary of the treasury to exempt all distilleries which mash ten bushels of grain or less per day, from the operation of the provisions of title 35, revised statutes, except as to the payment of taxes, and authorizing these distilleries to run as fruit distilleries, provided that the storekeepers and gangers, who are assigned to distilleries with a capacity of 25 bushels or less, shall receive two dollars per day when actually engaged. Agreed to.

Mr. Cabell of Virginia, offered an amendment reducing the number of internal revenue agents to 5. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Bland of Missouri, an amendment was adopted prohibiting any government clerk, or employe from performing any private service for any senator, member or head of department, or campaign committees.

At 7:17 the committee arose and reported the bill to the house. The previous question was ordered and then, without further action, the house at 7:39 adjourned until Saturday.

THE LAND GRANT QUESTION.

The house committee on public lands, in its report submitted to-day, accompanying Mr. Lewis's joint resolution prohibiting the secretary of the interior from patenting lands granted to corporations, while the forfeitures of the grant is being considered, says that "it would be highly improper to take any further steps towards the confirmation of any land grants, while the bills for their forfeitures are pending in either branch of congress, does not admit of question, and no good reason can be urged why the secretary of the interior should not be armed with an authoritative declaration from congress upon the subject. It will not only relieve him from pressure from parties interested, whose persistent demands await only the adjournment of this body to be renewed in full force, but it will protect the rights of the people, and doubtless eventuate in driving these wealthy corporations into the courts of the country where these contests must ultimately be determined. Representative Oates will prepare a minority report on the joint resolution.

CURRENCY AND CIRCULATION.

Comptroller Knox's Views on the Present Condition of Finances.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The comptroller of the currency, upon being asked to-day what he thought of the present financial situation, said he believed that it was improving. The banks in New York and other money centers had lost a large part of their country deposits, but he thought that as soon as confidence should be restored the money would flow again into its usual channels, as it did after the panic of 1873. "Some of the best and most conservative people in New York," he continued, "think that great progress has been made, and that through the summer money will be dull and rates low. From all that can be learned from the bank examiners who are watching the situation, the country banks seem to be in good condition." Upon being asked what legislation, if any, would probably restore confidence, Mr. Cannon said: "I think the McPherson bill is the simplest and most available of the measures that are in condition for immediate action. If it should become a law it would increase the circulation of the country by more than $30,000,000, and would contribute greatly to a restoration of confidence. There are now lying in the vaults of the comptroller's office bills all ready for issue to banks to replace worn and mutilated currency. These notes could be made immediately available, if the McPherson bill should become a law, and every national bank in the country would receive a circulation equal in amount to 90 per cent. of its bonds now on deposit. This currency under the provisions of the McPherson bill, would be sent to every city, town and village and county where there is a national bank, and thus, not only increase the aggregate circulation, but everywhere restore confidence. This would not be an inflation measure, because the calling of the three per cent bonds and the consequent retirement of the circulation would, to a certain extent, offset the increase unless the McPherson bill, or some other measure giving relief to our banks, is passed by congress, and the McPherson bill seems to be the only one that is likely to be reached. There will be a contraction of the currency during the summer and early fall, and it is possible that more financial trouble may occur, which it becomes necessary to move crops.

BUTLER FOR PRESIDENT.

The Result of the Greenback Convention—A Speech by Sam W. Small, of Georgia.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 29.—The following telegrams were passed between Governor Begole and Ex-Governor Butler:

INDIANAPOLIS, May 29.—Governor B. F. Butler, Boston: Will you accept the nomination as a satisfactory platform? There is no other question here. J. W. BEGOLE.

BOSTON, May 28.—Governor J. W. Begole, Indianapolis, Ind.: Thanks for your consideration. But why should I be asked a question which under like circumstances was never put to any other man? Is not my record as a greenbacker for twenty years sufficient without a formal pledge to you which would cause me to be pointed at as the man who bids for the nomination?

B. F. BUTLER.

General Weaver was made permanent chairman, and delivered a speech reviewing the growth of the greenback party, commending its principles and denouncing the financial measures enacted in recent years by members of the old parties.

After the appointment of the national committee, and pending the receipt of the report of the committee on resolutions, speeches were made by a number of persons, including Solan Chase, of Maine; Mrs. Marion Todd, of California; Mrs. Martha J. Strickland, of Michigan; Charles Roberts, of Texas, and Colonel Sam W. Small, of Georgia, "Old Si," of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The platform committee sent in word that they would not be ready to report before three o'clock, and at a quarter before twelve the convention adjourned until two o'clock. It is understood that the committee on resolutions are at loggerheads over the tariff. A good deal of debate is expected in the convention. To prevent much time being consumed, speeches have been limited to 5 minutes.

THE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

When the committee on resolutions was ready to report, it was ascertained that there would be three reports, the minority reports made by Messrs. Jones, of New York, and Blanchard, of Michigan, were read first.

The majority reports was read by Mr. Morton, chairman of the committee. It contained a long preamble setting forth the objects of the greenback party, and what it has accomplished, saying that congress had repealed over $12,000,000 annual taxes for banks, throwing this burden upon the people to pay the interest thereon. The resolutions denounces those methods and policies of parties which have permitted the establishment of land, railroad, money and other monopolies, denounce the policy of granting large tracts of land to corporations, and demand the forfeiture of all unearned grants, and that alien ownership of land be prohibited; demand congressional regulation of inter-state commerce, and demand the establishment of a good postal telegraph system; a graduated income tax, and many other demands in the interest of labor.

Benjamin F. Butler was then nominated for president.

THE WAY TO CHICAGO.

THE LOG ROLLERS ON THEIR WAY IN FULL FORCE.

The Senate Left Without a Quorum—Mahone Among the Mendicants—The Preparations in Chicago—Opening of the Headquarters—The Rush of Delegates and Visitors to the City

WASHINGTON, May 29.—[Special.]—To-night, Johnson, Wilson, Arnold, Pledger, Moore and Wright, of the Georgia delegation, left for Chicago. They deny the report that Blaine has made considerable gains from the southern delegations, and still predict Arthur's nomination. A large number of delegates, congressmen and visitors left for Chicago to-night, and many others will go to-morrow. The capitol was full of delegates to-day, and all sorts of rumors were afloat. Enough has transpired to show that Arthur has no such hold on the southern delegation as Grant had four years ago. They will vote almost solidly for him for two or three ballots, and will then begin to scatter. Robert Smalls, colored congressman, who is the ruling spirit in the South Carolina delegation, says they will go for Logan as the second choice.

Logan has been active all day among the southern delegates. He does not believe that he is out of the race by any means. He will hold on to the last. Some Edmunds delegates are talking with apparent confidence of his nomination, and predict that his friends will repeat at Chicago the policy by which they secured control of the New York convention between Blaine and Arthur well-balanced forces. Sherman is probable second choice of most of the Georgia delegates. He holds his recently acquired importance as a compromise candidate, and is regarded by both the Blaine and Arthur men with more apprehension than any other aspirant. Various reports are circulated concerning the alleged combination among the candidates, but few if any of them can be relied on. The situation is decidedly mixed without hope of clearing until the convention gets down to work.

A SAMPLE REPUBLICAN OFFICER.

The defalcation of Colonel Burnside was not as great a surprise in Washington as might be supposed. Burnside was a poor man when he became disbursing officer of the treasuyr a few years ago. He began to assume a style of living which could not have been guaranteed by his salary, and was known as a bold speculator. It is said that Postmaster General Gresham remarked some time ago that Burnside was too fond of display for a man of his means and in his position. This latest development of republican rascality is regarded here as damaging to the party and emphasizes the necessity for a general clearing out.

THE CONGRESSIONAL HEGIRA.

Senators and Representatives All Going West.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Eleven republican senators leave Washington to-morrow morning in a special car for Chicago as follows: Messrs. Hoar, Sawyer, Cullom, Platt, Conger, Miller of California, Miller of New York, Dolph, Blair, Jones of Nevada, and Aldrich. Besides this party, Senators Plumb, Sewell, Hill, Van Wyck, Harrison, Mahone, Manderson, Palmer and Bowen will go before the end of the week. The twenty senators will be paired with democrats, leaving less than a voting quorum in Washington. Senators Anthony and Frye are absent and paired. The following members of the house have also gone or will go to Chicago to-night and to-morrow: Messrs. O'Hara of North Carolina, Smalls of South Carolina, Belford of Colorado, Pettibone of Tennessee, Hasbrack of Kansas, Valentine of Nebraska, Rice and Long of Massachusetts, Boutelle and Dingley of Maine, Stewart of Vermont, Kasson and Holmes of Iowa, How and Cutcheon of Michigan, Phelps of New Jersey, Burleigh and Hiscock of New York, Brown, Brainerd and Bayne of Pennsylvania, Hart, Robinson, McCormick and Keifer of Ohio, Steele and Brown of Indiana, Adams, Ellwood, Durham, Davis and Cullen of Illinois. Commissioner of Internal Revenue Evans and Register of the Treasury Bruce have also gone to Chicago. President Arthur, several members of his cabinet and Comptroller of the Treasury Cannon will go to New York to-morrow.

THE OHIO COWARDS.

Result of the Inquiry Into the Conduct of the Fourth Regiment.

COLUMBUS, O., May 29.—The court of inquiry investigating the conduct of the officers of the Fourth Regiment during the riot at Cincinnati, today reported to the adjutant-general the following finding:

Colonel F. D. Mott, incompetency and disobedience of orders.

Lieutenant-Colonel Geo. H. Phillips, leaving his command without orders.

Adjutant W. B. Anderson, absence without leave and disobedience of orders.

Captain W. H. Foster, desertion and disobedience of orders.

Lieutenant W. H. Buckles, absence without leave.

Lieutenant Charles Gunkle, of company H, intoxication.

Lieutenant John Walters, of company B, desertion.

The report recommends the disbanding of the Fourth regiment, and that the officers against whom there are no charges, be taken as the nucleus of a new one.

THE RUINED PENN BANK.

President Riddle Wants a Suspension of Public Opinion Until He Gets Well.

PITTSBURG, May 29.—Henry Warner, assignee of the Penn bank, has taken charge and discharged all the clerks. He will begin work at once, but says it will require two weeks and possibly thirty days before a statement of the exact condition of affairs can be made. The deficiency, it is believed, will reach fully a million and a quarter. It is said that of $40,000 which were known to be on the counter when the bank closed, only $4,000 was turned over to the assignee. A great shortage in securities is also reported since Saturday, and bonds, stocks and other collateral in the bank at the time of the suspension are said to be missing. President Riddle is still confined at home. He has issued a card asking his friends to withhold judgment until he is able to make his statement.

W. N. Riddle has confessed another judgment for $82,400 in favor of F. B. Laughlin. This judgment will follow the one confessed Tuesday night.

A Delegate's Opinion.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 29.—[Special.]—Postmaster Charles M. Wilder, one of the delegates at large to the Chicago convention, left Columbia last night for the west. Just before his departure he talked with your correspondent. "In my estimation," said he, "Arthur will get the nomination, but not on the first ballot. Don't think Blaine stands much chance. Logan's chances are better than his. But it is a matter of impossibility to say positively who will get the nomination. A convention is a very uncertain thing. If Arthur does not succeed, some dark horse like Gresham will win. Nobody can say, however, until he gets to Chicago. For instance, I can't say positively now who I will vote for, and so with most of our delegation."

MINNESOTA FOR TILDEN.

But One Voice in the Demand of the Democracy for Tilden and Reform.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 29.—The democratic state convention assembled here to-day, and elected as delegates at large to Chicago P. F. Kelley, Michael Doran, C. F. McDonald and R. A. Jones. It thed dissolved itself into district conventions to select district delegates.

The convention unanimously adopted the following platform:

The democrats of Minnesota, in convention assembled, declare that the existing depression in the industrial interests of the country demand

First—That public affairs should be administered with the most rigid economy; that useless offices should be abolished; superfluous officials discharged; extravagant salaries reduced, and no appropriations made except those called for by the necessities of the people and for the legitimate expenses of the government.

Second—That the large surplus in treasury is an ever existing incentive to wasteful extravagance and official corruption; that it should be reduced, not by reckless appropriations, but by a reduction of the taxes which create it; that the reduction of taxes should be made upon the necessaries of life, and not upon its luxuries; that the present tariff is a masterpiece of injustice, inequality and false pretense; it has impoverished many industries to subsidize a few; it prohibits imports that might purchase the products of American labor; it has the degraded American commerce from the first to an inferior rank on the high seas; it has cut down the sales of American manufacture at home and abroad, and depleted the returns of American agriculture, an industry followed by half of our people; it costs the people five times more than it produces to the treasury, obstructs the process of production, and wastes the fruits of labor: it promotes fraud, fosters smuggling, enriches dishonest officials and bankrupts honest merchants, and we demand that all custom-house taxation shall be only for revenue.

Resolved, That the defenders of the government in the late war are entitled to receive liberal pensions as a tribute to their patriotism devotion and courage in the hour of the nation's trial.

Though the question of the instruction of delegates was not mentioned, yet every delegate that expressed himself on the subject was in favor of Tilden, whose name at all times greeted with applause.

FISH'S REVELATIONS.

The Mystic Flats Financier Relates His Experiences.

NEW YORK, May 29.—James D. Fish, ex-president of the Marine bank, in the inquiry to-day into the affairs of the suspended firm of Grant & Ward, testified that the contracts in the pass book were numbered consecutively by Ward. He kept a separate record, but the book was in the hands of Counsel Bangs. He acknowledged that he had dealings in the alleged flour contracts, and the notes which he discounted for Grant & Ward, he understood, were in payment for flour, purchased for the United States government. He was given to understand that the contracts were assigned to Grant & Ward, for them to fill through some person whom they should designate. He had sometimes asked to see these contracts, but Ward would tell him they were confidential and could not be seen.

BANKING ON GRANT.

The business of Grant & Ward, he was told, could not be disclosed to either members of the firm for prudential reasons. Ward said that the publicity on the discussion of these contracts might injure General Grant, and effect his prospects for nomination for president in the future. The profits derived from the supposed contracts had averaged from 8 to 10 per cent a month for the last year and a half. He had never insisted upon knowing by whose right the contracts were made. He had been in the habit of discounting the notes of Grant & Ward at 9 per cent., and then having them rediscounted at a much less rate. On the pass book appeared records of loans to various persons, most of them employees of Grant & Ward, in sums of from $25,000 to $50,000. Fish said that he did not lend to these persons personally, but on Ward's responsibility, and the sums so loaned were credited to the firm of Grant & Ward. He supposed that good collateral was given for the loans. The loans were made in this way, Fish said, because they looked better. He simply took Ward's statement about Mallory and others to whom loans were made. He said he had never informed either General Grant or U. S. Grant, Jr., that he was discounting their notes at 9 per cent. An entry of November 15, 1883, showed a loan for 40 days at 30 per cent discount. This, Fish said, meant 30 per cent a year. He had sold the notes of G. & W. at that rate to several persons, among others to Arthur B. Graves, dealer in cotton, and president of the St. Nicholas bank. At the rate at which they were doing business, Fish said they could afford to discount at 30 per cent. He usually discounted notes at 8 per cent and got other banks to discount at 6 per cent. He might, however, he said, have taken some of the notes at 30 per cent, and then had them rediscounted at 8 per cent.

THE HUGE PROFITS ALLUDED TO.

In regard to the profits from the business, Fish said that in 1882 he drew from the firm of Grant & W., as his share about $200,000; in 1883 he received $300,000, and in 1884 about $15,000. He was assumed to receive one quarter of the profits in the monthly statements furnished. He had no regular account which would show his receipts from the firm in 1883-84. The old contract book which Ward had been shown, and in regard to which he testified, was then shown to Fish, who recognized it, and said most of the entries were made by himself or Ward. He could not remember whether he had ever inquired as to the prices of corn and grain or not, but did not think he had, because they were mostly future deliveries. Neither had he troubled himself as to how Grant & Ward were to transport to the west corn, oats or provisions that the contracts called for. He thought Ward paid the freight. Fish said the bank surplus he used to take up old outstanding claims for the benefit of the Marine bank. The Indian contracts were very large, and the profits were proportionately large. He understood, he said, that the government had ordered the provisions, and was willing to pay a higher price for them. A bundle of checks drawn by Grant & Ward and endorsed by Jas. D. Fish, from January 15th, 1883, to March 6th, 1884, amounting to $490,973, was placed in evidence. Fish gave his testimony in a firm tone of voice, and appeared to be self-possessed. He exhibited some confusion, however, when questioned in regard to the profits derived from the contracts.

THE FINANCIAL CRISIS.

The Failure to Arrest Eno—Developments in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 29.—John C. Eno has not been arrested, and there is every reason to believe that he will not be unless in some other country. The morning papers intimate plainly that no honest effort has been made to execute the warrant for his arrest, and that he is now in Canada, or on an ocean steamer sailing from some Canadian port to England.

MATTERS OF CHURCH POLITY.

Meeting of the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 29.—The 26th annual meeting of the general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America, opened here last night with a preliminary session at the first church. About 250 delegates are here from all parts of the country.

A New Newspaper for Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 29.—Chas. M. Steele, a business man of this city, will on Saturday next begin the publication of a new morning daily, under the name of the "Two Cent Gazette." The newspaper will be independent democrat in politics. Steele is receiver of the News-Journal, which he sold at auction on Saturday. He admits losing money in the latter enterprise, and says the whole of the present News-Journal staff will follow him to his new scheme.

THE TILT OF THE GUARDS

A GALA DAY IN MACON—BOB JONES WINS.

An Exciting Joust—Enthusiastic Admirers—The Day a Complete Success—The Maid of Honor Crowned—An Elegant Ball—A Gorgeous Reception all Round—Personal.

MACON, May 29.—[Special.]—Macon is a scene of liveliness to-day. She is carried away with the Governor's Horse Guard, and the manner in which they charged the city, and they are equally as much so by the manner in which her citizens have received them. Since their arrival last night their names have been the household word and in every mouth throughout the place. The soldierly bearing and handsome appearance of the troopers have elicited much enthusiasm and praise. Macon is indeed proud of the success of her sister city in having such a company.

THE DAY OPENS.

The morning was as bright as a new dollar, and not a cloud was seen. It looked as if it had been prepared especially for this memorable occasion. The morning trains brought in crowds of people from the adjoining counties, and by nine o'clock the streets were crowded.

In front of the Brown house a great crowd gathered and anxiously awaited a sight of the cavalrymen. Later the band of the Bibb County Blues came on the scene and discoursed some fine music. The boys could not stand it and came out to mingle with the enthusiastic Maconites.

THE FIRST ORDER OF THE DAY.

was a call of the judges in room 49 of the Brown house, at promptly nine o'clock. The following gentlemen assembled: Messrs. Jaques, Carnes, Wiley, Ross, of Macon; Messrs. Gordon, Milledge, Sciple, Jones, May, Daniel, of Atlanta, and Lieutenant Charles D. Russell, of the Georgia Hussars of Savannah. Colonel Daniel, of Atlanta, was selected as president; Lieutenant Frank Gordon, of the Guards, secretary.

The following gentlemen were appointed chairmen of the judges:

Time—Mr. W. O. Jones, of Atlanta.

Right cut against infantry—Mr. S. R. Jaques, Macon.

Quarte Point—Colonel William Henry Ross, Macon.

Right cut—Colonel C. M. Wiley, Macon.

Tierce Point—Lieutenant Scipie, of the Gate City Guards, Atlanta.

Saber exercise—Lieutenant Charles D. Russell, of the Georgia Hussars, Savannah.

Horsemanship—Captain W. W. Carnes, Macon.

Mr. Wales Wynton, of THE CONSTITUTION, was selected as a judge.

The names of the tilters were written on slips placed in a hat and drawn for positions in the contest.

The following were the order in which they were drawn: Frank Arnold, Paine, Calhoun, Whitlock, Glenn, Youmans, Hill, T. D. Arnold, Stephens, Trotti, Beattie, Jones, Wurm and E. T. Paine, Jr. After which the party adjourned to meet on the course in the afternoon.

THE ASSEMBLY.

At 9:45 the assembly was sounded at the livery stables of Holman & McAndrews, across from the Brown house, where the horses were quartered. A few minutes later the company formed and entertained their admiring friends by several well executed maneuvers opposite the hotel.

At command the company marched to Mulberry street, where a dress parade was had and their colors were received, which had been delayed in Atlanta and forwarded to the Volunteer's armory. A large crowd gathered on the street to witness the imposing sight. There were a number of ladies out to add cheer to the scene. The band occupied the band stand in the center of the wide street and some fine music was rendered, that inspired the prancing horses and ensued the sight a dazzling one. After the parade the company proceeded to the park, where the tilters had a practice, during which some clever scores were made.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

During this practice an accident occurred that came very near proving serious. Private Howell Glenn went on the track for his tilt; as he started his horse bolted and dashed around the posts. He became unmanageable, and ran over the right cut, struck his leg, nearly throwing him off. He held on and was saved a serious accident. He was considerably bruised. After the practice the company formed and marched to their headquarters, and rested for dinner.

THE START TO THE BATTLEGROUND.

At promptly 3:00 the bugle announced the afternoon assembly, and the company prepared to mount for the march to the tilting grounds. The Atlanta cornet band, led by Sam Huff, composed of 13 members, stood before the Brown house and treated the crowd assembled to some fine Atlanta music. At 3:15 the company formed into line and, preceded by the Atlanta cornet band, marched down Fourth to Walnut street, thence to the park.

THE PARK AND ITS APPEARANCE.

The park presented a beautiful appearance and was never more attractive. The flowers all blooming, fountains playing, and merry faces, all presented a holiday appearance, and everything was in keeping with the auspicious occasion. On entering a beautiful arch met the gaze of the visitors. It was the handiwork of the celebrated decorator, Harry Harmon. He arrangements were perfect. The arch was composed of bright flowers placed on a background of light blue, forming the letters "Welcome Governor's Guards," over this lettering were arranged tastefully flags of heraldry, suggestive of the days of the knights of old; in the center of these a large eagle holding in his beak streamers of red silk, bearing the letters May 29, 1884; in gold letters under this was suspended looped the flag of the state of Georgia, in the center of which loop was a large japanese parasol filled with exquisite flowers. This was surrounded with wreaths and garlands of magnolias, jessimines and other bright flowers. The artistic design and tasteful arrangement attracted much attention.

THE ARRIVAL ON THE FIELD.

When the cavalry men were seen coming in the distance by the three thousand that had gathered to see them a shout arose that was only such as could inspire a gallant knight to do his utmost to uphold his pennant. When the troops reached the course a dress parade was held in the spacious grounds enclosing the mile track of the park, after which the company were paraded by the grand stand for inspection, where they were received by his honor, Mayor Corput, and the board of aldermen of Macon. As the graceful riders passed they were heartily cheered by the admiring crowd. After the review the company formed in line, and the 13 knights who were selected tilters advanced to the front. The company then broke ranks and rode away, leaving the tilters, who were formed in line and marched opposite the judges' stand, where their names were announced and the rules governing the contest read. The men then formed in line and

THE TILT BEGUN.

The following were the judges time: Mr. W. O. Jones, J. W. Thayer, A. G. Butts; Infantry Head, S. R. Jaques, J. L. Hardeman, E. S. Wilson; Quarte Point, S. P. Jones, T. B. Cabiness, W. W. Park; Right Cut, Colonel C. M. Wiley, G. W. Findlay, S. S. Pegram; second ring, Lieutenant Sciple, R. H. Knapp, Colonel Albert R. Lamar; saber exercises, Colonel W. H. Ross, Colonel Daniel, Lieutenant Russell, of the Georgia Hussars, and L. W. Avery; horsemanship, Captain W. W. Carnes, W. C. Timberlake, G. H. Plant.

Mr. J. J. Clay stood near the judges' stand, and announced the tilters as their positions came in a sonorous voice.

The knights nerved themselves for the contest, and dashed over the course in fine trim, fully determined to win. The first to make a zero was Private Glenn, who would have done well, but his horse was unruly and shied, taking him clear out of the course.

When T. J. Youmans, the favorite of the day, came on he was greeted with loud cheers. His fine physique showed to advantage as he stood awaiting the signal as a centaur of old. His eye had a glitter that bore a determination to be in or do something desperate. As he dashed from the course and captured every point the crowd grew fr

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Nancy Morris Committed—John Bray's Excited Horse—Mica Mines in Clarke County—A Child Killed with Laudanum—Two Murderers Convicted—General State News.

Last Saturday two colored congregations of Columbus had a picnic which wound up with a free fight, necessitating the arrest of several of the brethren and sisters on the charge of assault and battery.

Columbus is experiencing a temperance revival.

The fire which destroyed the store of F. & A. Beall in Irwinton, was of incendiary origin. The building was more than 50 years old. The safe contained most of the valuable papers and books belonging to the firm, besides $800 of the public school fund, deposited by School Commissioner Rev. W. S. Baker. Everything—money and all were found intact, the papers and books only being slightly scorched from their close proximity to the fire. Speaking of this fire the Appeal gives the following touch of human nature:

Bart Baum was on the grounds immediately after the fire with his decanter and glass, dealing out the red liquor to the men, and serving the ladies with wine. Bart was quite popular.

On Saturday last, while some colored people were picnicing on the river in Pulaski county, a cloud was seen approaching and a negro woman, who had placed her mule under a ginhouse near by, decided to go and get the animal in order to remove the wagon before the rain. While unhitching the mule, a bolt of lightning struck and killed the woman and mule.

Cochran Correspondence Hawkinsville News: Mr. Walter Lake, an associate of the famous farmers, the Counts brothers, was in town on Saturday, and indulged to some extent in drink. He was heard to say something about self-destruction, although no attention was paid to it. Pretty soon the report of a pistol was heard in the closed warehouse of Lamb & Harris, which communicates with the saloon of Lamb & Powell by a side door. He was found lying on his back with a pistol in his hand across his breast. Examination revealed the fact that the bullet fired missed its aim and passed through the coat and vest, between the left arm and breast, opposite the heart, not touching his person. Considerable speculation exists as to his suicidal intention, but the surroundings all point to such a purpose on his part, and that he was too much intoxicated to steady his aim. As are all his five associates in business, he is unmarried.

The same writer says that bee culture is assuming proportions of some importance in that portion of the state and a nucleus is already in actual existence around which a pleasant and profitable business is destined to be builtup. On Friday evening I was invited, in company with a number of friends, to witness the gathering of honey at the residence of Mr. E. P. Collins in south Cochran. The gums were the invention of Mr. Collins and exhibited ingenuity in their construction. Removing the angular roof and drawing aside a slide, showed up frame sections about two inches in width by ten deep, pillared with pyramids of virgin honey of the richest taste and appearance. Mr. Collins has a number of hives and will increase his stock as fast as possible. When he gathers from all the gums he will offer for sale some of the honey.

The trouble among the Augusta tailors is thus told by Mr. Benson of that city: Among the tailors is a society entitled The Journeymen Tailors' Protective union. One of their laws was that none but members of the union should be employed, and they also fixed a bill setting forth their charges for making each garment. "Their rule and scale of prices were disregarded by the merchant tailors in the city, and I was placed at a disadvantage thereby," said Mr. Benson. "I therefore gave them notice thirty days ago that unless they insisted upon and secured the observance of their rules at the house of Mr. Dorr in one month I should not consider myself bound by them any longer. This they were unable to do: so I made out a price list showing what I would pay for each garment and told them that was all I would pay. They withdrew and held their meeting, but have decided to adopt my bill and go to work to-morrow morning.

The Augusta Chronicle says that there is a well organized movement on foot in that city for the purpose of enlarging the membership and extending the influence of the Augusta exchange. The organization of this enterprise contemplated the establishment of grain tables and stock boards as well as cotton bulletins, and for awhile such operations were carried on under the rules of the body. By article second, of its constitution, it is provided that its purposes shall be to establish just and equitable principles, uniform usages, rules and regulations and standards for the classification of cotton or other produce, which shall govern all transactions of its members; to adjust controversies; to procure, acquire, disseminate and preserve useful information in regard to trade; to decrease the risks incident thereto, and generally to promote the interests of trade and increase the facilities and amount thereof in the city of Augusta. From this it will be seen that there is no real reason why the membership of the exchange should not be extended from cotton men to produce dealers, manufacturers of all kind and professional men. It is designed to make the exchange the central and controlling commercial influence in Augusta, taking the place of a board of trade or chamber of commerce, which at any time could organize a meeting and take steps towards furthering the trade and protecting the interests of the city. The matter is meeting with great approbation.

Sheriff Harris, of Talbot county, is dead. He is the second sheriff of that county who has died in office.

Savannah News: The books show 2,950 votes registered up to two o'clock yesterday afternoon, indicating that the total number for this year will not exceed the usual number who interest themselves in local affairs—about 3,200.

Hon. James A. Harley exhibited in Sparta, three samples of excellent wool clip a few days ago taken from his herd. He does not run a dog kennel in connection with his sheep range.

Americus Recorder: Saturday the artesian derrick was removed to the court house square, where it was placed over a corner well, giving the contractors a start of about fifty feet on the new well. As water had risen to within ninety feet of the top of the casing a windlass was put over it and bucket dropped. The water in the casing is strongly composed of sulphur, and is being very much used. There is no doubt an unfailing supply of water in the well, but it is rather hard to get at.

On Thursday, June 5th, there is a meeting called by Captain J. H. Shaffer for the meeting of the officers of the Albany Guards, Jackson Artillery, of same city, Lewis Light Infantry, of Montezuma, and the Americus Light Infantry, for the purpose of forming a battalion between the aboved named companies.

McDuffie Journal: We were shown a few days ago a group picture of Professor Albert Newman, his wife and three children. Professor Newman, who is now president of the Toronto, Canada, Baptist college, was once a poor boy of our town. His success shows what industry and perseverance coupled with brains, will accomplish.

On Saturday night last a heavy waterspout fell near Boyce, on the Western and Atlantic railroad, accompanied with a fearful wind storm, which washed away some fencing and blew down a great many large trees. Several outhouses on farms were blown down and unroofed.

Bishop Pierce will preach the commencement sermon in the chapel of Wofford college, in Spartanburg, Sunday, the 8th of June.

The burned district at Tunnel Hill has been partially rebuilt.

The new postmaster took charge of the Dalton office last Saturday.

Crawford News: Messrs. John A. and Thomas C. Bray reported to us last Friday the first cotton squares of the season. They were not raised in a hot bed or manure pen, but are in their cotton patch to show for themselves.

Mr. Bob Armistead, who lives near Day's station, in Oglethorpe county, a few miles below here, through mistake took a big dose of arsenic one day last week and made quite a narrow escape for his life.

The Crawford News says that Mr. John Bray was leading his horse along, when it stepped upon a round pine pole about six feet long, which flew up and stuck into the flank of the animal, whereupon it commenced kicking and continued until the barlike pole made its way through the body and came out on top. The pole was about two inches in diameter, and when it was extricated the suffering horse came very near bleeding to death.

Nancy Morris, the woman who was charged with poisoning her husband, Steve Morris, had a preliminary investigation before Justice Osborn, on last Wednesday in Covington. She was committed to await the action of the grand jury at the September term of the superior court. Nancy seems to be a bad woman.

Athens Banner: Captain Walsh has a beautiful Indian pony that he bought from an Indian chief in North Carolina. The chief first offered the pony for $60, but his wife being the boss of the wigwam, made the captain pay $100 for him.

The Banner says: If anybody wants mica let them come to Clarke county. It is here in all sizes and quantities. Pink Price, the prince of Oconee county, has discovered a mine on his place that will square any size needed. Jim Price, the model farmer of Oconee, has a splendid mine of mica, which will also come up to the standard. If there is any money in mica and people want it, let them come to Clarke and Oconee counties and they will find as good as there is in the south. Dr. Hunnicutt, Pink Price and Jim Price can furnish any size and any quantity wanted.

A negro woman living just above Crawford went to town last Thursday and left her child—about three years old—at home, and when she returned found something wrong with it, and on investigation found that it had drank a whole vial of laudanum. She then brought it to the drug store in town where it went to sleep, and it never revived again.

In Burke superior court, a verdict of murder with a recommendation to mercy was returned against Ed Dowse, the negro who murdered his five children. Sam Williams was found guilty of murder in the first degree, and will be sentenced to hang.

HENRY STYLES BELL.

Death of an Old Time Newspaper Man, Whose Obituary Has Been Twice Written.

From the Savannah, Georgia, News.

Mr. Henry Styles Bell, formerly a resident of this city, and well known throughout the state as a printer, died in Macon on Monday afternoon at the residence of his son-in-law, Major N. M. Hodgkins, No. 76 Washington street. The deceased was a native of Philadelphia, and after acting as a compositor for some time on the New York Journal of Commerce, came to Georgia when still a young man, and published a paper in Darien. He afterward came to Savannah and was connected with the old Georgian, and later with the Morning News, where he served as ship news reporter, and as assistant on the local and editorial departments of that paper until the city was occupied by General Sherman. Several years ago Mr. Bell moved to Macon, where he resided with his daughter, the wife of Major N. M. Hodgkins, but was not connected with any of the papers in that city during the last few years of his life. The deceased was 83 years of age, and was remarkable for his memory. He was a very fluent conversationalist, especially on those public topics which were discussed during the days of Calhoun and Webster. Some years ago he was generally reported through the country as being dead, and many obituary notices were written of him. In commenting on them he remarked that it was a privilege not often accorded to a man. The remains were brought to Savannah yesterday afternoon and were interred in Laurel Grove cemetery.

The Land Thieves.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

Upon information received from most reliable sources in counties south and east of this city, the News and Advertiser recently set up an earnest complaint against what has become a great evil in most of the wire grass or piny woods counties of southern Georgia, viz: the forgery of titles to lands. Fraudulent land grants, bearing fac simile impressions of the great seal of the state, are undoubtedly in existence and have been circulated to cover different lots of land in nearly every county in the timber region of southern Georgia, causing much trouble and expense to the rightful owners of such lands.

The News and Advertiser has called attention to these forgeries several times during the last two or three months, and now we are glad to know that the subject has at last attracted the attention of Governor McDaniel. By reference to his proclamation published elsewhere in this paper it will be seen that the governor offers a reward of two hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension and imprisonment, with proof sufficient to convict, of any person or persons feloniously implicated in any of these land forgeries, or in the use of the great seal of the state.

There are land owners in southern Georgia who can apprehend some of these land sharks and swindlers if they will make the right sort of effort, or if, in other words, they will use the information they have already obtained in trying to protect their property. We sincerely hope that now since they are promised a reward and the protection of the state, they will be bold to proceed to arrest the swindlers that have been spotted, and bring them to justice.

Society in Dalton.

From the Dalton, Ga., Citizen.

The pretty society misses of our town have no idea what critical observers the young men are. We should never have found this out but for a conversation a news gatherer overheard last week. It seems that two Dalton dudes were enjoying the pleasures of a stroll down the avenue, commenting at first on the beauties of the afternoon, and then coming to the theme of ladies and their dresses.

"Did you see Miss Snapdragon's new dress Sunday?" asked the tallest of the two.

"Yes; it was lovely as the wearer," was the other's gallant reply.

"But did you notice what spoiled the effect?" said the first.

"No, I can't say I did, unless the brocade did not harmonize with the plain satin, perhaps."

"No. She had her hair done up on top of her head, and a perfect fringe of short locks hung down over the collar of that new dress in the back. I longed to call her attention to it."

"Why, I've no doubt but that Miss Snapdragon cut that little black fringe off to hang that way," returned his companion.

"Well, it looked untidy to me," said the tall youth, "and, in fact, I think the girls are too fond of fine clothes, and never think that they look prettier to us in sweet, fresh white dresses these melting days."

Guessing in Covington.

From the Covington, Georgia, Star.

The guessing contest at Mr. Jno. E. Rosser's store is still going on, with considerable interest. The guessing at the number of small stones in a jar takes a wide range, and already runs from 250 to 4,983. The person whose guess is nearest the exact number, will be given a barrel of fancy flour. All you have to do is to go to the store and write your name in the register, and put down the number you think there is in the jar. There is no trick about it, as Mr. Rosser does not know how many stones there are in the jar. The contest will not be closed for seven weeks yet, when judges will be appointed to open the jar and count the stones. Better go and register your guess, if you want a barrel of fine flour.

A Cyclone Story.

From the Hawkinsville, Ga., News.

One fellow was from Wilcox and the other resides in this county: The Wilcox man said:

"After our big cyclone, a year or two ago, a large number of birds and chickens were found from which every feather had been stripped by the terrible wind, in fact they were peeled as slick as an onion, but the fowls were still alive and kicking."

"Oh, that's nothing," exclaimed the Pulaski man. "One of my neighbors had his well blown so crooked by the same cyclone that he has not been able to get a bucket down into it since, and he was compelled to dig another well."

At this point the meeting adjourned to the nearest saloon.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

Fletcher Lowry Sentenced—Killed by Lightning—Items from Nashville—Elberton Topics—Suggs Arrested in Texas—The News from Over the State Presented in Specials.

ELBERTON, May 29.—[Special.]—A very interesting protracted meeting is in progress at the Methodist church here. Much interest is manifested by the people. All the business houses close during the hours of service.

Crops in Nashville.

NASHVILLE, GA., May 29.—[Special].—We are now in the midst of fine rains, after a very severe drouth of one month, which retarded the growth of crops, and especially oats which has made nearly a failure.

Suggs Arrested in Texas.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., May 29.—[Special.]—Suggs, the man who killed his fellow showman at Adairsville last December and escaped from our county jail, has been arrested in Texas. The county officials will send for him and bring him back for trial.

Death of R. H. Harper.

MILLEDGEVILLE, May 29.—[Special.]—R. H. Harper, a prominent citizen of our county, about sixty years old, died last night at nine o'clock.

Dr. W. H. Hall and Mrs. G. T. Whilden are very sick.

Mrs. H. Treanor is also very ill.

Killed by Lightning.

BAXLEY, May 29.—[Special.]—One of the mule teams of Messrs. McDonough & Co. was struck by lightning at their logway near Surrency yesterday evening. Three of the mules were instantly killed including the saddle mule. The driver, who was riding the latter, escaped unhurt.

Augusta Schools to Close.

AUGUSTA, May 29.—[Special.]—The public schools of Augusta will close June 15th. This action was occasioned by the fight on the schools by certain tax payers resisting the school tax, and by means of injunctions lessening the amount collected. The schools usually ran until the first of July.

The Oglethorpes and Dixies.

SAVANNAH, May 29.—[Special.]—An immense crowd attended at the third game between the "Dixies" and the "Oglethorpes" this afternoon. The excitement was intense, considerable money changing hands. The Oglethorpes won by a score of six to one. It now stands the "Oglethorpes" two, "Dixies" one.

Death of Rev. S. E. Axson.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 29.—[Special.]—Information was received by telegraph this morning of the death of Rev. S. E. Axson, son of Rev. Dr. S. K. Axson of this city. His brother, Randolph Axson, left for Milledgeville to convey the remains to Rome, where they will be interred by the side of his wife who died two years ago. The deceased has been at the asylum the past several months for a mental affection.

A Negro Found Murdered.

NASHVILLE, Ga., May 29.—[Special.]—A negroman was found dead Sunday morning on the railroad track near Alapaha with his head split open by some heavy instrument, and was doubtless put upon the track to hide the crime. Nothing is yet known of the cause or the perpetrator of the murder. It is supposed to have been committed for money as the negro had been settled with on one of the neighboring farms and had some money.

Crime in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, May 29.—[Special.]—Joe Taylor, a negro boy twelve years old, in a quarrel with a negro bootblack, was severely and dangerously stabbed in the left side with a common barlow knife.

An attempt was made here to-day to swindle a grocer on an order for $50, purporting to be signed by a prominent citizen of Waynesboro. It was a forgery. The name of the man is unknown, but a warrant has been issued and an attempt will be made to arrest him.

Stock Law in DeKalb.

DECATUR, Ga., May 29.—[Special]—The contested stock law election case from Mills district was brought to trial before Judge J. B. Steward, ordinary, this morning at 10 o'clock. The stock law men were represented by Colonel L. J. Winn and the fence men by Hon. H. C. Jones. Witnesses were sworn and examined until three o'clock this evening, when the case was continued until Saturday evening on account of the absence of several important witnesses.

The funeral services and burial of "Emory Moss," son of W. F. and Mary E. Pattillo, this morning, was largely attended. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. F. Glenn, of your city.

FLETCHER LOWRY SENTENCED.

A Strong Effort to be Made to Save His Neck From the Noose.

BAXLEY, Ga., May 29.—[Special.]—Fletcher Lowry, who was tried and convicted of murder at the last October term of Appling superior court, and whose case was carried to the supreme court and affirmed, was resentenced by Judge Mershon. His execution will take place at Baxley on July 11. An extraordinary motion for a new trial was made in his case by Messrs. McLane and Graham which was overruled. It is very probable that his counsel will apply to the governor for commutation of his sentence.

An Old Coin.

From the Dawsonville, Ga., Journal.

In my office may be seen a curious old Saxon coin, which belongs to our tax receiver, Mr. William H. Boggs, having been presented to him by Benjamin Hydon, who recently unearthed it on his farm in Lumpkin county. This coin appears to be of gold, and is quite a curiosity in its way. By the assistance of Mr. Max Baumm, a German scholar of this place, I have been enabled to give a description of it. It is near the size of a silver quarter, but very thin, weighing about a half pennyweight. The face side contains a man's bust surrounded by the words, in German or Saxon:

"Fred August, King of Saxony."

On the reverse side is a representation of the goddess of love leaning upon an anchor, under the words:

"Love and Hope."

Underneath is the word "Ilton" which has not yet been disciphered. This relic is at least 173 years old, and tolerably well preserved. I cannot learn its original value, but it may be worth much, as an ancient coin.

An Eyeless Chicken.

From the Hawkinsville, Ga., News.

Mr. T. A. Wynne, of this county, exhibited to us the other day an eyeless chicken which Mrs. Wynne found among a brood of young chicks that had just been hatched out. There is not even a sign of an eye on the chicken's head—the place where the eye ought to be being perfectly smooth. The chicken is lively and hearty.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

Alex. Strickland, a negro in Danielsville, was tsabbed twice by George Fowler.

The superior court of Clarke county has adjourned until the 16th of June.

The county authorities, of Elbert, are having a comfortable asylum for the poor erected near town.

Elberton is to have a walking match soon. Some of her young men claim that they can equal Atlanta's champion.

Bud McArver and Miss Mamie Quinn were married last night in Rome, Rev. J. W. Lee performing the ceremony.

Caswell Farmer, an aged citizen of Hart county, died on the 24th inst. He had been afflicted for many years.

The Hart county wheat crop is excellent, the best prospect for several years, and some will he harvested this week.

Hogansville, has organized a "baseball club," with F. P. Ivy, captain, and shortly expect to challenge the state for a game.

Messrs. Word and Farrar, of Atlanta, and officials of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, are visiting Hogansville, the guest of Frank Ward.

John Moore died at his home in Floyd county last night. He was an old and highly esteemed citizen, having settled in Floyd in 1836.

The prespect for a wheat crop is better in Elbert county than it has been for a number of years. The corn and cotton crops are both fine; oats are poor. An abundant fruit crop.

Messrs. Lee Jones, Henry Freeman, Dr. Hudson, M. H. Hightower, W. C. Rosser, E. M. Owensby, Robert Russell, Captain Ivy and Fletch Spearman, of Hogansville, leave to-morrow for a camp fish at Cowles station, Western railroad of Alabama, near which runs the Tallapoosa river, besides numerous lakes near by that abound in fish. Mr. Gabbett, the superintendent, has given the boys reduced rates, and 'tis hoped for them a pleasant trip.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

Next Tuesday promises to be a lively day politically in Elberton. The delegates to the different conventions are to be selected. A new executive committee for the county is to be elected, and various other matters pertaining to the thorough organization to the party attended to.

The race in the primary election for senator in Hart county, to be held in July, promises to be a lively one. The candidates are "turning the rocks" without exception.

The politicians have agreed to give the field to Jno. T. Davidson in the senatorial race from Augusta as the district rotation brings the senatorship to Richmond this year. Major Wm. L. Gary has been his cheif opponent, but he now declines to make the race.

Barnesville Gazette: Judge B. H. Zellner, of Monroe county, will serve this senatorial district if the convention nominates him. He is one of Monroe's prominent citizens and would no doubt make a good senator.

McDuffie Journal: We learn that Colonel Tillman Pool, in his prohibition speech at Bonesville, on Saturday last, took rather advanced ground on that subject. We are informed that he expresses himself as in favor of the expulsion from the church of a member who opposes prohibition; and that he asserted that if his son were dying and he knew that one drop of whisky would save his life, his son should not have it. The friends of repeal should get a copy of the colonel's speech for publication. That kind of talk, added to the arrogant, proscriptive, abusive course of certain prohibitionists in this county, will make the repeal movement almost unanimous.

Crawford News: The friends of Mr. J. H. Bugg, of near Maxey's, speak of running him for tax receiver, if he will allow his name to be used. He is a suitable gentleman, and the people would do well to elect him to fill the office.

Mr. George B. Lumpkin has a large number of friends in Oglethorpe county working earnestly to get his consent to use his name in connection with the legislative honors in the next election, but thus far he forbids the use of his name. Mr. Lumpkin is one of Oglethorpe's most honored gentlemen, and would make a splendid race if he will allow his name used.

A Matrimonial Send-off.

From the Warrenton, Ga., Clipper.

LONG—AMOS—May 20th, by Rev. N. B. Binion, at the residence of the bride's mother, of Hancock county, Mr. James D. Long, of Warrenton county, to Miss Yidie Amos.

Thus two hearts with but a single thought have united their destinies for life, covenanted to be all in all to each other "until death do them part." With hearts full of love for each other, and with the glorious future spread out like a panorama before them, gilded with bright rays of hope, it is useless for me to wish them happiness. Their first strong love will command that, and we can only trust that this, the first flush of joy over, ambition satisfied, hopes realized and love gratified, may last as strong and fresh as now while they float peacefully down the stream of time. On its surface they have launched their love freighted craft. May the winds of prosperity waft them gently down its winding course until at last it empties itself into the sea of the far beyond, and may the god of love be there to welcome them to the golden shores and pearly streets where parting is no more.

A Historic Terrapin.

From the Chattanooga, Tenn., Times.

A huge dry land terrapin was captured on a mountain near Ringgold, Ga., a few days since, by a boy named Lewis Henslee. The following was cut on his shell: "Company K., Ohio veteran volunteers, March 16, 1864." At one end of its shell the word "Union" was cut in large letters.

The Man and the Monkey.

Once upon a time a man and a monkey chanced to meet on the highway.

"Hello, my long tailed friend," asked the man, "whither art thou going?"

"Bound for de city," replied the monkey.

"Glad to hear it," replied the man.

"I am going there, too, and we will travel together and be of mutual benefit in case of danger."

The monkey grinned assent, and both wended their way.

"What ails you?" asked the man; "I see you are a sufferer, and can scarcely get along."

"Oh, you see," replied the monkey, "my mudder, she had what you call scrofula, very and very much scrofula, my farder, he had heap sores, some big, some little sores, long time. They both took much medicine, and when they died the sores was all they left me."

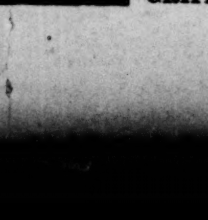
"Yes, yes," replied the man. "I see how it is. Your mother inherited her disease, scrofula, and your father caught his on the wing, and you inherited or was born with both complaints. But why pine away and die when you can be cured."

"I been done used over sixty bottles one drug store medicine, and it no good. Money all gone and sore here yet. Some doctors charge heap money, but no good."

"But my friend," said the man, "you got hold of the wrong medicine. Go to the drug store and get one bottle of B. B. B. and before using all of it you will feel better. It is a quick cure. It will cure all sorts of sores, Scrofula, Blood Poison caught on the wing, Itching Humors, Catarrh, Blood and Skin diseases and Kidney Troubles."

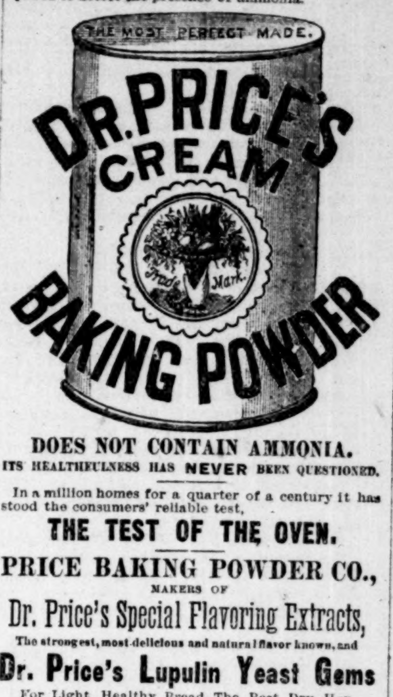
"I be so thankful for your kindness, and will go get B. B. B. to-day," replied the monkey.

MY STOCK OF
SPRING CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE:
Elegant Dress Suits,
Business Suits,
Coats and Vests
—AND—
FANCY PANTS
IN ALL THE NEW STYLES.
HANDSOMEST STOCK OF
NECKWEAR
IN THE CITY.
A. B. ANDREWS,
16 WHITEHALL STREET. 16.



A Speedy and Painless Cure for the Opium or Morphine Habit. Cure Guaranteed.
Address
N. B. DREWRY, M. D.
GRIFFIN, GA.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!
Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.
THE TEST:
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY CROCERS.
CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS

HATHORN

WATER
Flows from the Maximum Mineral Fountain of Saratoga Springs, and is in the opinion of the most eminent medical men Nature's Sovereign **Cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Inactive Condition of the Kidneys,** and a most salutary alterative in scrofulous affections. With ladies, gentlemen, and bon vivants everywhere it has become the standard of dietary expedients, fortifying the digestive functions and enabling free-livers to indulge with impunity at table. The world of wealth, intelligence and refinement testifies to its sparkling, naturally pure, and delightful qualities as the beverage incomparable, and accredit it with being the surest and speediest source of clear complexions, high health, and exhuberant spirits. **Hathorn Springs Water** is sold only in glass bottles; four dozen pints are packed in a case. It may be obtained at all hotels, and of druggists, wine merchants, and grocers everywhere. fri.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
DR. HAINES'
GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, allays nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.
PREPARED BY THE
Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.
FOR SALE BY
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWE[R]
Druggists,
ATLANTA..................GEORGIA.

EPILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS, CURED
This is no Humbug. For information, free of charge, write to
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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
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FRENCH AND AMERICAN
WINDOW GLASS, &c
Agent for the Celebrated
AVERILL MIXED PAINTS
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WEST END HOTEL
Cottages and Restaurant,
Long Branch, N. J.
Cottages and Restaurant Open June 2.
Hotel and Sea Water Baths open June 21.
MOST OF THE ROOMS IN THE HOTEL HAVE been entirely refurnished. A Roller Skating Rink (120x80 feet) which will also be used as a Ball and Concert Room, and a Ladies' Billiard Room, are in course of construction on the Hotel grounds. The Hotel Stables will be as usual under the charge of Ryerson & Brown, of the New York Cab Co.
New York Office, 52 B'dway Room 48. D. M. HILDRETH.

LACEY HOTEL
—AND—
RAILROAD EATING HOUSE
LULA, GA.
WE WILL FURNISH A FEW BOARDERS WITH good board for the summer. Good water, elevation 1,455 feet above sea level, table not excelled by any in northeast Georgia, good fishing, hunting, etc. Lula Falls only three miles. Mineral springs close by. Rates by the month, $25 and $30, by the week, $7, transient rates, $2 per day. Regular supper hours for tains on the Richmond and Danville railroad and Northwestern railroad.
LACEY & GATES, Proprietors.

L.A.S.L.
CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached on its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
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COMMISSIONERS.

Unprecedented Attractions!
Over Half a Million Distributed.
LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since beed added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly
AND THE
Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,
In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1884.
Under the personal supervision and management of
Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and
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Capital Prize, $150,000,

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1,000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
2,279 Prizes amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

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Postal Notes and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

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LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY
For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address,
DAVE C. JOHNSON,
Covington, Ky.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

Mrs. Mary B. Welch, Teacher of Domestic Economy at the Iowa State Agricultural College, says:

"I can unhesitating commend the Charter Oak Range, with the wonderful wire gauze oven door, made by the Excelsior Manufacturing Co., of St. Louis, and invented by Mr. Giles F. Filley, as the best cooking apparatus within my knowledge, and one that will not fail in any respect to give the fullest satisfaction to all who may use it."

CHARTER OAK RANGES
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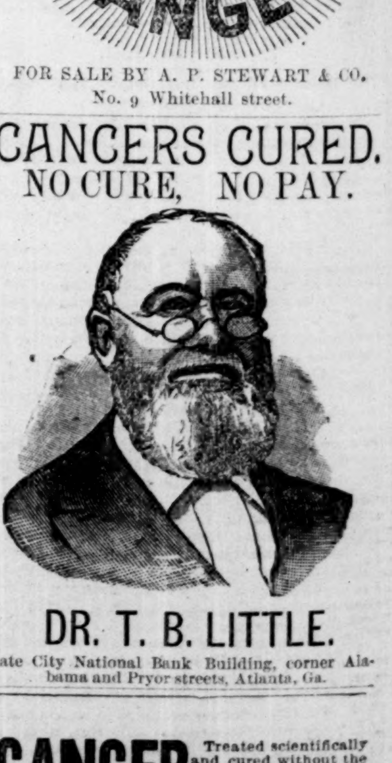
NO CURE, NO PAY.



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Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent Free.
Drs. Gratigny & Norris,
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Cincinnati, O.

THE SOUTHERN CABINET.

MEN WHO GUIDED THE FORTUNES OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Sketches of Benjamin, Toombs, Breckinridge, Seddon, and Other of Jefferson Davis's Able Advisers—Some of the Incidents of Their Careers During the Days of the Confederacy

From Washington Correspondent N. Y. Times.

Within ten days past two of the original cabinet of Jefferson Davis, appointed at the formation of the confederate government at Montgomery, in February, 1861, have claimed public attention; the one by reason of sudden death in a foreign land, and the other because of his serious illness at the federal capital. While the sensible and sturdy Texan, Representative Reagan, who served as postmaster general of the confederacy throughout its brief and stormy life, was summoning convalescent energies to get to the capitol to vote for tariff reform on Tuesday, Judah P. Benjamin confronted death in London. He, too, had served in the confederate cabinet during the whole of the war, commencing as attorney-general, for a brief season acting as secretary of war, and at the close of the war filling the position of secretary of state. One other member of Mr. Davis's cabinet, long since dead, Mr. Mallory, of Florida, secretary of the navy, served continuously through what he called the "four years' night of the confederacy."

The original confederate cabinet was framed with regard to the usual considerations of geography and personal fitness. It was assumed by the south that Jefferson Davis was peculiarly qualified by natural gifts and experience in civil and military administration for the wise direction of the affairs of the new government, and that he would not err in the selection of his constitutional advisers. He had illustrated American soldiership in a serious crisis to our arms at Buena Vista, and, as war secretary under President Pierce, had shown striking military instinct and provision. His eight years' services in the federal senate, and a previous brief service in the lower house made him familiar with the leading men of the south. The names he first sent to the provisional congress of the confederacy—then having only the cotton states in its membership, none of the border states joining until after Mr. Lincoln's call for troops, consequent upon the firing on Fort Sumter, were Robert Toombs, of Georgia, secretary of state; C. G. Memminger, of South Carolina, secretary of the treasury; L. P. Wlaker, of Alabama, secretary of war; S. R. Mallory, of Florida, secretary of the navy; John H. Reagan, of Texas, postmaster general, and Judah P. Benjamin, of Louisiana, attorney-general. Toombs, Mallory, and Benjamin had retired from the federal senate, as had Mr. Davis himself, as their respective states seceded, and Mr. Reagan went immediately from the house of representatives at Washington to the secession convention of Texas. Secretaries Memminger and Walker had local prominence in South Carolina and Alabama, but were without federal distinction.

Mr. Toombs's tenure of the portfolio of state was brief. The confederate government was transferred from Montgomery to Richmond in May, 1861, and in the exultant language of that day this event was held to be a very brave and wise defiance of northern endeavor to coerce the seceded states, "a splendid courting of the issue with the arrogant foe," was the phrase of a Richmond newspaper. The burly figure of Mr. Toombs was a familiar sight as with insouciant air and carelessly arranged apparel he daily walked from his office to his quarters and laughingly told how he carried the confederate state department in his coat-pocket. The confederacy then was too young to have much correspondence with foreign powers. In the summer of 1861 Toombs resigned from the state department and went to the field in command of a Georgia brigade, which became famous in the annals of Lee's army. It was a firm belief of the late Alexander H. Stephens, between whom and Toombs a touching friendship lasted for more than forty years, that Toombs was a born soldier. Mr. Stephens once told the writer that had Toombs commanded the army of northern Virginia he would have achieved southern independence in the second year of the war. Toombs is still alive, enjoying a green old age, at his home in Washington, Wilkes county, Ga., respected for his abilities and virtues, which are not obscured by his eccentricities and Bobadil-like utterances as to public matters. R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, who had seen long federal service as member of the house of representatives and senator, and had long been prominent as presidential candidate before secession, was Toombs's successor in the direction of the confederate department of state. He is still alive. Mr. Walker retired from the war department after a few months' service. When Sumter was fired on, he was credited with having made a boastful speech, in which he promised the exultant citizens of Montgomery that the "confederate flag should soon float from the capitol at Washington." Mr. Walker's friends always denied that he made any such declaration, but it was telegraphed to the northern press and stimulated the war feeling of the north. That Mr. Walker never used the language quoted appears to be established by the disclaimer of the southern government of any other than purely defensive measures. To extort recognition of its independence, not to invade northern soil, was the constantly avowed purpose at the initiation of hostilities. Even the assault on Sumter was declared to be a defensive measure, as the fort was in southern waters and within the jurisdiction of a state belonging to the confederacy.

Those days of 1861 were full of passion and fervor in talk and deed as preparation went on for the battles of the approaching summer. Beauregard and Sumter were names talismanic of southern valor and confidence. The creole general was deemed a miracle of warlike prowess, and men wanted no better pledge of the military administration of the confederacy than was given in the thrilling story of "Jeff Davis and his Mississippi rifles at Buena Vista." Popular temper was just expressed by the message of the telegraph operator at Montgomery following the surrender of Fort Sumter:

> "Davis's answer was rough and curt—
> 'Sumter is ours and nobody hurt;'
> With Paixhan, mortar and petard
> We tender old Abe our Beauregard."

[W]hen Walker retired from the war department [he] was succeeded temporarily by Mr. Benjamin, [tran]sferred from the attorney general's department. Mr. Benjamin was succeeded by George W. [Ran]dolph, of Virginia, a descendant of Jefferson. [His] administration was able, but his health was [feeb]le, and he retired to give place to James A. Sed[don,] of Virginia, and at the close of the war John [Br]eckinridge, of Kentucky, was at the head of [the w]ar department. Walker is alive, a successful [lawy]er in Alabama, while Randolph, Seddon and [Bre]ckinridge are dead. Mr. Benjamin has now [joine]d the silent majority. His wonderful career [at th]e English bar is a fresh story in the public [mind]. When the confederacy dissolved in the [... s]tate of Georgia Benjamin, Breckinridge and [Toom]bs escaped separately to Europe, whence the [l]atter eventually returned to the United [States].

[Secre]tary Mallory was a gentleman of charming [disposi]tion, of respectable abilities, and of varied [inform]ation, making him a most agreeable com[panion]. There is no reason to suppose that a [more s]uccessful employment of the limited naval [resourc]es of the south could have been made than [Ma]llory made. Yet he was lampooned with[out lim]it by the Richmond Examiner, the leading [paper i]n the south, and bitterly assailed by the en[emies o]f the administration in congress, conspicu[ous am]ong whom was the late Henry S. Foote, [Jef]ferson Davis's colleague in the federal sen[ate and] his successful competitor in the race for [gove]rnorship of Mississippi in 1851. This was [in t]he gloom following the numerous and con[spicuous] confederate disasters of the early weeks of [1862. Fo]rts Donelson and Henry had yielded to [... R]oanoke Island, New Orleans, and Island [No. 10 we]re merely links in the chain of disaster [that thre]atened a speedy catastrophe for the con[federacy] and gave a dark contrast to the brill[iant back]ground of the first year of the war, illu[mined b]y the victories of Manassas, Bethel and [Ball's Blu]ff. At this time the friends of the secre[tary of th]e navy expressed the belief that "were a [confederat]e vessel to sink in a storm in mid-ocean, [or be struck b]y struck by lightning, the Examiner and [...]would advocate a resolution of censure [of Ma]llory by the confederate congress. Mr. [Benjamin]fared no better. He was assailed with a [...]e venom that knew neither limit nor fa[tigue. He]was charged with all the military fail[ures, and w]as, moreover, credited with an undue [influence o]ver the president, used for selfish pur[poses. Bu]t his enemies did not despise Mr. Ben[jamin's di]plomatic abilities was attested by the [... p]rotean skill with which they credited [him in hi]s dealings with his chief, according to [whom]Benjamin could be Richelieu, Mazarin, [Wolsey or J]effreys at his own sweet will. Messrs. [Benjamin an]d Mallory had, in the poverty of reve[nues of the] south, as compared with those of the [north, a]problem to deal with than that of [Themistocles], "to make a small state a great one." [Looking bac]k at that four years' struggle few will [fail to se]e difficulties struggled with by the [confederate] ministers of war and navy. Mr. Ran[dolph held th]e war portfolio during the period of [McClellan's re]pulse in the Seven Days' battles and of [Pope's dis]aster in Piedmont Virginia. Mr. Seddon, [an able man o]f the highest public virtue, was con[demned for th]e overwhelming defeats of the con[federate arm]ies in the summer and autumn of [1863. The ch]ange came too soon after Breckin[ridge's acti]on to the war office for a popular [judgment to b]e framed as to his administration.

[North Caroli]na was fortunate in her contribution [of two able an]d pure men to the confederate cabi[net. Ex-Gov]ernor and ex-Senator Thom[as Bragg s]ucceeded Mr. Benjamin as [attorney-g]eneral and George Davis [succeeded Th]omas H. Watts, of Alabama, in [the same of]fice. Bragg has been dead for ten years [or more, wh]ile Governor Watts practices law in [Montgomery an]d Mr. Davis in Wilmington, in [their respective] states. Mr. Memminger was secret[ary of the trea]sury during nearly the whole exist[ence of the con]federacy. He was the least popu[lar minister of th]e cabinet, being cold and forbid[ding in man]ner. His administration of [confederate] finances was judged a [failure. Mr. Tren]holm, his successor, also

a South Caro[lina] ... censure that ... collapse of th[e] ... brief time a[fter] ... ment of the t[reasury] ... Mr. Memmin[ger] ... The position ... ernment with ... armies deplo[yed] ... lines, cannot ... The confede[rate] ... the executive ... so brilliant o[f] ... by Lee, Jacks[on] ... achievements ... less difficulti[es] ... ing such nam[es] ... Benjamin and ... from the stud[y] ... made durin[g] ... Not only ... the south had ... terial anywhe[re] ... and Benjamin ... eral senate. ... —was always ... the aid of Go[v] ... after stubbor[n] ... Herschel V. ... and Benjamin ... ius and eloqu[ence] ... ly viewed by ... that day. Tha[t] ... Cobb, who wa[s] ... ry, by thousan[ds] ... to Georgia Mr. ... cabinet, Cobb ... provisional ... honored simil[ar] ... successor. Be ... race, an Ame[rican] ... justified th ... fidelity, ... inexhaustible ... Seddon was a ... An acute dial[ectician] ... ics. Of ample ... for study, a[nd] ... ing briefly in ... ed over the fa[te] ... usefulness wa[s] ... Breckinridge ... esque public c[areer] ... life was meteo[ric] ... and yet gave a ... ing light to b[e] ... of the failing ... party in the h[ouse] ... the Spanish m[ission] ... president whe[n] ... while he was ... Breckinridge l[ed] ... the war, ... nearly a ... senator, whe[n] ... behind his fle[eing] ... pursuers in th[e] ... the Charleston ... in session long ... of a nominee ... mocracy could ... obvious proba[bly] ... and geographi[c] ... would almost ... dent. "I am ... when, since ... participation i[n] ... pathos his old ... ory of Kentuc[ky] ... tive triumphs ... filled promise ... of the epitaph ... power was cru[shed] ... characteristic ... final and supr[eme] ...

BU[RNETT'S] ... The Best a[nd] ... It kills dan[druff] ... motes a vigor[ous] ... Burnett's ... rially acknow[ledged] ...
The cornerst[one] ... church of St. C ... laid yesterday. ...
Athletes a[nd] ... nouncing St. ... liever, as with ... bruises, aches ...
The nationa[l] ... meets in India[napolis] ... nominate Gener[al] ...
A cold is unlike ... to get rid of it, you m[ay] ... tion with Dr. Bull's C[ough Syrup] ... cough remedy of ... druggists at tw[enty-five cents] ...
Joel Vaughn, ... is the father of ...
Murray & ... Supersedes al[l] ... tilled direct f[rom] ... most fragrant ... When mingled ... freely inhaled ... reinvigorates, ... ful buoyancy ... Infinitely sup[erior] ... tinguish the g[enuine] ... imitations, lo[ok for] ... which consists ... bearing the fa[c-simile] ... Kemp, New Y[ork] ...
Deputy Sherif[f] ... New York yeste[rday] ... Maggie Schnder ...
As a Cure ... "Brown's Bron[chial Troches"] ... oughly tested, ... tion.
Henry T. Duse ... County, N. C., di[ed] ...
All Weakne[ss] ... Impotency, and ... ly cured ... Ricord's Restor[ative] ... Pills $1.25, 100 ... pills $6.00. Ma[il] ... or and Decatur ... by Lamar, Ran[kin] ...
Becky Jones at[tended] ... the chapel of ...
Horsf[ord's] ... Dr. Fred Hor[ner] ... "To relieve the ... headache and ... certain stages o[f] ... ble."
A strike of bric[klayers] ... from $3 to $2.50 a ...
Nervous Weak[ness] ... Sexual Debility, ... newer, $1.
The Fourth av[enue] ... ductors have new ...
Disease, prop[agated] ... mankind numbe[rs] ... them are Nervou[s] ... unnatural weakn[ess] ... len's Brain Food ... troubles and rest[ores] ... vigor. $1. At d[ruggists, or] ... H. Allen, 315 Fir[st] ...
M. Moet denies ... 1,000,000 francs.
The best regul[ator] ... and the best app[etizer] ... BITTERS. Try ... Get from your gr[ocer] ... article, manufact[ured] ... Sons.
The oil fire at th[e] ... company was not ... flames were under ...
Rev. William ... ist and Chairman ... tension, says: Gil ... nia is the best re[medy] ... lie for neuralgia. ... years and never, ... could he obtain r[elief] ... thus publicly ann[ounces] ... sires to be a benef[it] ... Sold by all Drugg[ists] ...
Eddie Moody, age[d] ... aged 11 years, were ... sizing of a boat at ...
PALMER'S Pe[rfumes] ...
PALMER'S To[ilet] ...
PALMER'S Lo[tion] ...
PALMER'S In[v]...
PALMER'S Ma...

L.S.L.

CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

COMMISSIONERS.

Unprecedented Attractions!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000,

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10,000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
9 " "	100	10,000
9 " "	75	7,500

Prizes amounting to $522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Postal Notes and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,

or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY

Tickets or further information of the above address.

DAVE C. JOHNSON,
Covington, Ky.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

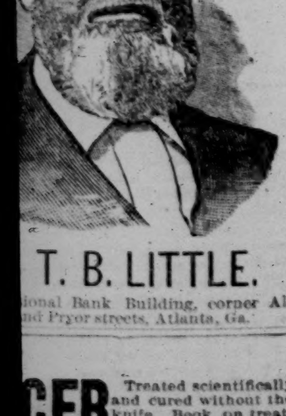
Mary B. Welch, Teacher of Domestic Economy at the Iowa State Agricultural College, says:

"I unhesitatingly commend the Charter Oak Range, with the wonderful wire gauze oven door, made by the Excelsior Manufacturing Co., of St. Louis, and invented by Giles F. Filley, as the best cooking apparatus within my knowledge, and one that will not fail in any respect to give the best satisfaction to all who may use it."

CHARTER OAK RANGES

FOR SALE BY A. P. STEWART & CO.
No. 9 Whitehall street.

CANCERS CURED.
NO CURE, NO PAY.



T. B. LITTLE.

National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.

CANCER

Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent Free.

Drs. Gratigny & Norris,
204 West Fourth St.,
Cincinnati, O.

THE SOUTHERN CABINET.

MEN WHO GUIDED THE FORTUNES OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Sketches of Benjamin, Toombs, Breckinridge, Seddon, and Other of Jefferson Davis's Able Advisers—Some of the Incidents of Their Careers During the Days of the Confederacy

From Washington Correspondent N. Y. Times.

Within ten days past two of the original cabinet of Jefferson Davis, appointed at the formation of the confederate government at Montgomery, in February, 1861, have claimed public attention; the one by reason of sudden death in a foreign land, and the other because of his serious illness at the federal capital. While the sensible and sturdy Texan, Representative Reagan, who served as postmaster general of the confederacy throughout its brief and stormy life, was summoning convalescent energies to get to the capitol to vote for tariff reform on Tuesday, Judah P. Benjamin confronted death in London. He, too, had served in the confederate cabinet during the whole of the war, commencing as attorney-general, for a brief season acting as secretary of war, and at the close of the war filling the position of secretary of state. One other member of Mr. Davis's cabinet, long since dead, Mr. Mallory, of Florida, secretary of the navy, served continuously through what he called the "four years' night of the confederacy."

The original confederate cabinet was framed with regard to the usual considerations of geography and personal fitness. It was assumed by the south that Jefferson Davis was peculiarly qualified by natural gifts and experience in civil and military administration for the wise direction of the affairs of the new government, and that he would not err in the selection of his constitutional advisers. He had illustrated American soldiership in a serious crisis to our arms at Buena Vista, and, as war secretary under President Pierce, had shown striking military instinct and provision. His eight years' services in the federal senate, and a previous brief service in the lower house made him familiar with the leading men of the south. The names he first sent to the provisional congress of the confederacy—then having only the cotton states in its membership, none of the border states joining until after Mr. Lincoln's call for troops, consequent upon the firing on Fort Sumter, were Robert Toombs, of Georgia, secretary of state; C. G. Memminger, of South Carolina, secretary of the treasury; L. P. Wlaker, of Alabama, secretary of war; S. R. Mallory, of Florida, secretary of the navy; John H. Reagan, of Texas, postmaster general, and Judah P. Benjamin, of Lonisiana, attorney-general. Toombs, Mallory, and Benjamin had retired from the federal senate, as had Mr. Davis himself, as their respective states seceded, and Mr. Reagan went immediately from the house of representatives at Washington to the secession convention of Texas. Secretaries Memminger and Walker had local prominence in South Carolina and Alabama; but were without federal distinction.

Mr. Toombs's tenure of the portfolio of state was brief. The confederate government was transferred from Montgomery to Richmond in May, 1861, and in the exultant language of that day this event was held to be a very brave and wise defiance of northern endeavor to coerce the seceded states, "a splendid courting of the issue with the arrogant foe," was the phrase of a Richmond newspaper. The burly figure of Mr. Toombs was a familiar sight as with insouciant air and carelessly arranged apparel he daily walked from his office to his quarters and laughingly told how he carried the confederate state department in his coat-pocket. The confederacy then was too young to have much correspondence with foreign powers. In the summer of 1861 Toombs resigned from the state department and went to the field in command of a Georgia brigade, which became famous in the annals of Lee's army. It was a firm belief of the late Alexander H. Stephens, between whom and Toombs a touching friendship lasted for more than forty years, that Toombs was a born soldier. Mr. Stephens once told the writer that had Toombs commanded the army of northern Virginia he would have achieved southern independence in the second year of the war. Toombs is still alive, enjoying a green old age, at his home in Washington, Wilkes county, Ga., respected for his abilities and virtues, which are not obscured by his eccentricities and Bobadil-like utterances as to public matters. R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, who had seen long federal service as member of the house of representatives and senator, and had long been prominent as presidential candidate before secession, was Toombs's successor in the direction of the confederate department of state. He is still alive. Mr. Walker retired from the war department after a few months' service. When Sumter was fired on, he was credited with having made a boastful speech, in which he promised the exultant citizens of Montgomery that the "confederate flag should soon float from the capitol at Washington." Mr. Walker's friends always denied that he made any such declaration, but it was telegraphed to the northern press and stimulated the war feeling of the north. That Mr. Walker never used the language quoted appears to be established by the disclaimer of the southern government of any other than purely defensive measures. To extort recognition of its independence, not to invade northern soil, was the constantly avowed purpose at the initiation of hostilities. Even the assault on Sumter was declared to be a defensive measure, as the fort was in southern waters and within the jurisdiction of a state belonging to the confederacy.

Those days of 1861 were full of passion and fervor in talk and deed as preparation went on for the battles of the approaching summer. Beauregard and Sumter were names talismanic of southern valor and confidence. The creole general was deemed a miracle of warlike prowess, and men wanted no better pledge of the military administration of the confederacy than was given in the thrilling story of "Jeff Davis and his Mississippi rifles at Buena Vista." Popular temper was jauntily expressed by the message of the telegraph operator at Montgomery following the surrender of Fort Sumter:

"Davis's answer was rough and curt—
Sumter is ours and nobody hurt;
With Paixhan, mortar and petard
We tender old Abe our Beauregard."

When Walker retired from the war department he was succeeded temporarily by Mr. Benjamin, transferred from the attorney general's department. Mr Benjamin was succeeded by George W. Randolph, of Virginia, a descendant of Jefferson. His administration was able, but his health was feeble, and he retired to give place to James A. Seddon, of Virginia, and at the close of the war John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was at the head of the war department. Walker is alive, a successful lawyer in Alabama, while Randolph, Seddon and Breckinridge are dead. Mr. Benjamin has now joined the silent majority. His wonderful career at the English bar is a fresh story in the public mind. When the confederacy dissolved in the [illegible] of Georgia Benjamin, Breckinridge and [illegible] escaped separately to Europe, whence the latter eventually returned to the United [States].

Secretary Mallory was a gentleman of charming [illegible]tion, of respectable abilities, and of varied [illegible]ation, making him a most agreeable com[illegible]. There is no reason to suppose that a [more s]uccessful employment of the limited naval [resourc]es of the south could have been made than [Ma]llory made. Yet he was lampooned with[out sti]nt by the Richmond Examiner, the leading [paper of] the south, and bitterly assailed by the en[emies of] the administration in congress, conspicu[ous am]ong whom was the late Henry S. Foote, [Jef]ferson Davis's colleague in the federal sen[ate and] his successful competitor in the race for [gove]rnorship of Mississippi in 1851. This was [in t]he gloom following the numerous and con[tinuous] confederate disasters of the early weeks of [1862. Fo]rts Donelson and Henry had yielded to [the enemy; R]oanoke Island, New Orleans, and Island [No. 10 we]re merely links in the chain of disaster [that threa]tened a speedy catastrophe for the con[federacy], and gave a dark contrast to the brill[iant backg]round of the first year of the war, illu[mined b]y the victories of Manassas, Bethel and [Ball's Blu]ff. At this time the friends of the secre[tary of the] navy expressed the belief that "were a [confederat]e vessel to sink in a storm in mid-ocean, [or be destro]y[ed] struck by lightning, the Examiner and [Mr. Foote] would advocate a resolution of censure [of Mal]lory by the confederate congress. Mr. [Benjamin f]ared no better. He was assailed with a [virulent] venom that knew neither limit nor fa[tigue. He] was charged with all the military fail[ures, and w]as, moreover, credited with an undue [influence o]ver the president, used for selfish pur[poses. That] his enemies did not despise Mr. Ben[jamin's dip]lomatic abilities was attested by the [pr]otean skill with which they credited [him in his] dealings with his chief, according to [whom Mr.] Benjamin could be Richelieu, Mazarin, [or J]effreys at his own sweet will. Messrs. [Benjamin an]d Mallory had, in the poverty of reve[nue and d]earth, as compared with those of the [north, a har]der problem to deal with than that of [Themistocles], "to make a small state a great one." [Looking b]ack at that four years' struggle few will [fail to] [recognize the] difficulties struggled with by the [confederate] ministers of war and navy. Mr. Ran[dolph held th]e war portfolio during the period of [the re]pulse in the Seven Days' battles and of [the lib]eration of Piedmont Virginia. Mr. Seddon, [a man of] the highest public virtue, was con[fronted by th]e overwhelming defeats of the con[federate arm]ies in the summer and autumn of [1864. The ref]uge came too soon after Breckin[ridge's call]on to the war office for a popular [judgment to b]e framed as to his administration. [North Caroli]na was fortunate in her contribution [of able and] pure men to the confederate cabi[net. Gov]ernor and ex-Senator Thom[as Bragg s]ucceeded Mr. Benjamin as [attorney ge]neral and George Davis [succeeded Th]omas H. Watts, of Alabama, in [that office.] Bragg has been dead for ten years [and ex-]Governor Watts practices law in [Alabama an]d Mr. Davis in Wilmington, in [their native] states. Mr. Memminger was secret[ary of the treasu]ry during nearly the whole exist[ence of the con]federacy. He was the least popu[lar man in th]e cabinet, being cold and forbid[ding in ma]nner. His administration of [the confederate] finances was judged a [failure.] Mr. [Tren]h[o]lm, his [su]ccesser, also a South Carolinian, possibly escaped the angry censure that befell Memminger by reason of the collapse of the confederacy that came within a brief time after his acceptance of the management of the treasury. Mr. Trenholm is dead and Mr. Memminger practices law in South Carolina. The position they held was a trying one. A government without the basis of financial credit, with armies deployed until they are mere skirmish lines, cannot beg or borrow with much success.

The confederate cabinet was a fair expression of the executive ability available in the south; not so brilliant or able as its soldiership as illustrated by Lee, Jackson and Gordon, but equal to such achievements as were possible in the face of countless difficulties and obstacles. A cabinet presenting such names as Toombs, Hunter, Breckinridge, Benjamin and Seddon is no beggar for appreciation from the student of American political history made during the decade preceding secession. Not only was it the best material the south had, but it would have been rare material anywhere. Toombs, Hunter, Breckinridge, and Benjamin were all colossal figures in the federal senate. Toombs, a Marc Antony or Mirabeau—was always at his best in agitation. He, with the aid of Governor Joe Brown, lashed Georgia, after stubborn resistance, into secession, with Herschel V. Johnson, Alexander H. Stephens, and Benjamin H. Hill—a rare triumvirate of genius and eloquence in opposition. Toombs is hardly viewed by Georgians as the biggest Georgian of that day. That distinction was claimed for Howell Cobb, who was Buchanan's secretary of the treasury, by thousands of Georgians. To Toombs and to Georgia Mr. Davis gave the post of honor in his cabinet, Cobb being already the president of the provisional congress. Subsequently Virginia was honored similarly, when Hunter became Toombs's successor. Benjamin, type of the genius of his race, an American Disraelif, throughout the war justified the executive confidence, by fidelity, capacity for labor, and inexhaustible fertility of resource. Seddon was a man of the Calhoun type of mind. An acute dialectician, he was an expert in polemics. Of ample fortune, he had abundant leisure for study, and passed an honorable life, serving briefly in congress, to which body he was elected over the famous John Minor Botts. His public usefulness was impaired by chronic disease. Than Breckinridge the south has had no more picturesque public character. As soldier and civilian his life was meteoric in the brilliancy of its triumphs, and yet gave a uniform display of steady and growing light to be dimmed at last amid the shadows of the failing confederacy. He was leader of his party in the house of representatives at 32; offered the Spanish mission by President Pierce at 33; vice-president when he was only 36, and elected senator while he was still vice-president and under 40. Breckinridge lost heavily by his participation in the war, to enter which he left nearly a whole term as United States senator, when he drove out of Kentucky behind his fleet Arabians, distancing his federal pursuers in the race for the confederate lines. Had the Charleston convention of April, 1860, remained in session long enough for a harmonious selection of a nominee upon whom both wings of the democracy could have united, Breckenridge was an obvious probability, by reason both of personality and geographical considerations. Nominated, he would almost certainly have been elected president. "I am an extinct volcano," he would say, when, since the war, his friends would urge his participation in public affairs. With pardonable pathos his old time friends recall the "Young Hickory of Kentucky" as they dwell upon the consecutive triumphs of his early life and the rich, unfulfilled promise of its meridian. It is no mean part of the epitaph of the confederacy that its military power was crushed just as John Breckenride, with characteristic dash and daring, had grasped it for final and supreme effort.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE,

The Best and Cheapest Hair Dressing.

It kills dandruff, allays irritation and promotes a vigorous growth of the Hair.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are invariably acknowledged the purest and best.

The cornerstone of the new Roman Catholic church of St. Charles Borromeo, in Baltimore, was laid yesterday.

Unity and Strength.

Athletes and sportsmen all unite in pronouncing St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain reliever, as without equal for the cure of sprains, bruises, aches and pains.

The national greenback convention, which meets in Indianapolis this week, will probably nominate General B. F. Butler for president.

A cold is unlike most visitors: If you want to get rid of it, you must give it a warm reception with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the standard cough remedy of our age. For sale by all druggists at twenty-five cents a bottle.

Joel Vaughn, aged 80, of Seneca, South Carolina, is the father of twenty-seven children.

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water

Supersedes all other Toilet Waters. It is distilled direct from the petals of the choicest and most fragrant flowers of tropical Florida. When mingled in the water of the bath or freely inhaled and applied to the temples, it reinvigorates, inspires and tones up to wonderful buoyancy both the mind and the body. Infinitely superior to Eau de Cologne. To distinguish the genuine article from its numerous imitations, look out for the "Trade Mark" which consists of a narrow white strip label bearing the fac-simile signature of Lanman & Kemp, New York, sole proprietors.

Deputy Sheriff Nathan Lynch, was locked up in New York yesterday for attempting to shoot Mrs. Maggie Schnder, of No. 319 Broome street.

As a Cure for Sore Throat and Coughs

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" have been thoroughly tested, and maintain their good reputation.

Henry T. Dusenbury, ex-county clerk of Essex County, N. J., died yesterday in Newark.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual

Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Becky Jones attended divine service yesterday in the chapel of Ludlow street jail.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

INCOMPARABLE IN SICK HEADACHE.

Dr. Fred Horner, Jr., Salem, Virginia, says: "To relieve the indigestion and so-called sick headache and mental depression incident to certain stages of rheumatism, it is incomparable."

A strike of bricklayers for an increase of wages from $3 to $3.50 a day is impending at Buffalo.

Decline of Man.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Well's Health Renewer, $1.

The Fourth avenue (New York) horse car conductors have new uniforms.

Disease, propensity and passion, brings mankind numberless ailments, foremost among them are Nervousness, Nervous Debility and unnatural weakness of Generative Organs: Allen's Brain Food successfully overcomes these troubles and restores the sufferer to his former vigor. $1. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

M. Moet denies that his wife left Prince Victor 1,000,000 francs.

The best regulator of the digestive organs and the best appetizer known is ANGOSTURA BITTERS. Try it, but beware of imitations. Get from your grocer or druggist the genuine article, manufactured by J. G. B. Seigert & Sons.

The oil fire at the works of the Atlantic refining company was not extinguished yesterday, but the flames were under control.

Rev. William P. Corbitt, the Great Revivalist and Chairman of the Methodist Church Extension, says: Giles's Liniment Iodide Ammonia is the best remedy ever put before the public for neuralgia. He suffered for thirty-two years and never, until he applied this remedy, could he obtain relief; and takes pleasure in thus publicly announcing his cure, as he desires to be a benefactor to the human family. Sold by all Druggists.

Eddie Moody, aged 10 years, and Harry Farnham, aged 11 years, were drowned yesterday by the capsizing of a boat at Booth Bay, Me.

PALMER'S Perfumes. EXQUISITE.
PALMER'S Toilet Soaps. LOVELY.
PALMER'S Lotion, the great skin cure.
PALMER'S Invisible, the ladies delight.
PALMER'S Manual of Cage Birds, free.

St. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

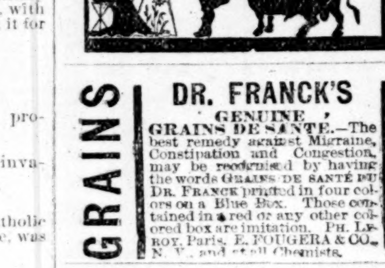
CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

When you come to think of it, it is not odd that literary people prefer a pipe to a cigar. It is handier to smoke when they are writing, and ever so much cleaner. And then it gives them the true essence and flavor of the tobacco.

The most fastidious smokers among all nations and all classes of men agree that the tobacco grown on the Golden Tobacco Belt of North Carolina is the most delicious and refined in the world. Lighter than Turkish, more fragrant than Havana, freer from nitrates and nicotine than any other, it is just what the connoisseur praises and the habitual smoker demands. The very choicest tobacco grown on this Belt is bought by Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., and appears in their celebrated Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco. It is known the world over. Get the genuine, with Bull trade-mark, then you will be sure of having absolutely pure tobacco.



GRAINS OF HEALTH

DR. FRANCK'S GENUINE GRAINS DE SANTE.—The best remedy against Migraine, Constipation and Congestion, may be recognised by having the words GRAINS DE SANTÉ DU DR. FRANCK printed in four colors on a Blue Box. Those contained in a red or any other colored box are imitation. FR. LEROY, Paris, E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y., and at all Chemists.

CITY TAX.

THERE ARE SOME CITIZENS WHO HAVE failed to give in their City Tax. Unless your tax is given in before you come to pay I cannot wait on you until I have served those who have given in. Your attention to this matter will save you trouble and cost. Books open for payment 1st day of June.

D. A. COOK,
City Tax Receiver and Collector.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

FOR THE

FURNISHING OF MATERIALS.

AND CONSTRUCTION

OF THE

GEORGIA STATE CAPITOL BUILDING

AT ATLANTA.

UNDER THE ACT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMbly, approved September 5, 1883, are invited by the board of Capitol Commissioners, until July 15, 1884, noon.

"Plans, Specifications and "Instruction to Bidders," may be seen after May 10, 1884, at the office of the commission in Atlanta, Ga., and at the office of Messrs. Edbrooke & Burnham, Supervising Architects, No. 184 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Proposals may be submitted for the entire work, or for any classified portion, and the commissioners reserve the right to accept any bid or any part of any bid, or to reject the whole.

No proposal will be considered unless made out on the schedule blanks, and accompanied by a copy of the Instructions to Builders, both of which, together with copies of the Act aforesaid, will be furnished to intending bidders, upon application to the Commission at Atlanta or the Architects at Chicago.

All bidders will be required to furnish bond and security or a certified check, payable to the order of the commissioners, equal in amount to 5 per cent of the bid submitted, which bond or check will be forfeited to the Board in the event of the failure or refusal of the bidder to enter into contract with the Board, should his bid be accepted.

"For the materials used in the construction of said building preference will be given to those found and procured in the State of Georgia. Provided the same can be procured in said state as cheaply as other materials of like quality in other localities."

All bids must be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for State Capitol Building," and addressed to the Board of Capitol Commissioners, Atlanta, Ga.

For further information apply to the office of the Commissioners or to the Supervising Architects as above.

HENRY D. McDANIEL,
Governor and Ex-Officio Chairman Capitol Commission. fri

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., April 6th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 6th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

L've Augusta ..... 7 40 am
L've Athens ..... 8 05 pm
L've Gainesville ..... 5 30 am
Ar. Atlanta ..... 1 00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta ..... 2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville ..... 5 30 am
Arrive Athens ..... 7 15 pm
Arrive Augusta ..... 8 05 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
Ar. Athens	4 40 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Washington	2 45 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 30 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 49 pm	" Athens	9 35 am
Ar Macon	6 45 pm	Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 50 pm	Lv. Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 10 am	Ar. Atlanta	6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Decatur	6 36 pm	L've Decatur	7 30 am
Ar. Covington	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR TRAIN.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	3 50 pm	Lv. Decatur	4 30 pm
Ar. Decatur	4 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 pm

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

Lv. Atlanta	11 40 am	Lv. Clarkston	12 37 pm
Lv. Decatur	12 10 pm	Lv. Decatur	12 53 pm
Ar. Clarkston	12 25 pm	Ar. Atlanta	1 25 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Belair, Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.
E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

PAUL JONES

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER,

22 ALABAMA STREET,

Carries in Stock

Old Baker and Monongahela

WHISKIES,

Imported Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopole, G. H. Mumms & Co. Champagnes,

French Liqueurs.

APOLLINARIS WATER,

ANGOSTURA BITTERS,

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The Celebrated National Cheese Safes. Patent Sliding & Revolving Bottom & Sliding Door. The most Convenient & Handsomest Safe made. If your wholesale grocer cant supply you send direct to us.

Mention this Paper.

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MACON, GEORGIA.

STEAM ENGINES, SEPARATORS, CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS AND BINDERS, GRAIN CRADLES, HORSE RARKES, CULTIVATORS, &c. PROPRIETORS OF

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REPAIR WORK

On Machinery of all kinds. We make Shafting Pulleys, Boxes, Hangers and all goods in our line. Send for price.

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Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central or (90) Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., May 10, 1884.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 11, 1884, PASSENGER TRAINS ON THESE ROADS WILL RUN as follows:

READ DOWN.				C. R. R.—Main Line. Savannah and Atlanta Divisions.	READ UP.			
	No. 15† Acc.	No. 52* Pass'ger.	No. 51* Pass'ger.		No. 52* Pass'ger.	No. 54* Pass'ger.	No. 16† Acc.	
	5 40 pm	7 30 pm	10 00 am	Lv......Savannah......Ar	3 40 pm	7 40 am	8 05 am	
	7 27 pm	9 12 pm	11 50 am	Ar......Oliver......Lv	1 56 pm	6 14 am	6 30 am	
		10 26 pm	1 08 pm	Ar......Millen......Lv	12 45 pm	5 14 am		
		10 38 pm	1 35 pm	Lv......Millen......Ar	12 20 pm	4 59 am		
		1 23 am	4 45 pm	Lv......Toomsboro......Ar	9 40 am	2 27 am		
	No. 1*	1 57 am	5 22 pm	Ar......Gordon......Ar	9 07 am	1 52 am	No. 1*	
	Pass'ger.	2 45 am	6 20 pm	Ar......Macon......Lv	8 25 am	1 10 am	Pass'ger.	
No. 11*	8 30 am	3 00 am	7 00 pm	Lv......Macon......Ar	8 02 am	12 56 am	6 31 pm	No. 12*
Acc.	10 20 am	4 40 am	8 52 pm	Ar......Barnesville......Lv	6 25 am	11 22 pm	8 45 pm	Acc.
5 00 am	10 22 am	4 40 am	8 52 pm	Lv......Barnesville......Ar	6 25 am	11 22 pm	4 45 pm	7 52 pm
5 43 am	11 05 am	5 18 am	9 34 pm	Ar......Griffin......Ar	5 48 am	10 47 pm	4 04 pm	7 09 pm
8 00 am	12 55 pm	7 00 am	11 20 pm	Ar......Atlanta......Lv	4 00 am	9 00 pm	2 20 pm	5 00 pm

No. 19* Pass'ger.	No. 17* Pass'ger.	C. R. R.—AUGUSTA Branch.	No. 18* Pass'ger.	No. 20* Pass'ger.
2 00 am	1 28 pm	Lv......Millen......Ar	12 02 pm	12 30 pm
5 45 am	4 30 pm	Ar......Augusta......Lv	8 30 am	9 00 pm

No. 23† Pass'ger.	Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.	No. 24† Pass'ger.
9 10 am	Lv......Gordon......Ar	5 15 pm
10 29 am	Ar...Milledgeville...Ar	3 30 pm
12 30 pm	Ar......Eatonton......Lv	2 15 pm

No. 15.† Pas'enger	No. 13† Pas'enger	UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD.	Pas'enger No. 14.†	Pas'enger No. 16.†
5 10 pm	10 30 am	Lv......Barnesville......Ar	9 30 am	4 15 pm
6 40 pm	12 00 m	Ar......Thomaston......Lv	8 00 am	3 00 pm

No.—1 Pas'enger	S., G. & N. A. RAILROAD.	No. 2 Pas'enger
1 30 pm	Lv......Griffin......Ar	10 00 am
3 15 pm	Ar......Newnan......Lv	3 30 pm
5 10 pm	Ar......Carrollton.	5 30 am

No. 1.* Pas'enger	No. 1.* Pas'enger	S. W. & M. & E. RY—MAIN LINE.	No. 2.* Pas'enger	No. 14.* Pas'enger	No. 10.* Acc.
	9 35 am	Lv......Macon......Ar	6 35 pm		
	10 57 am	Ar......Fort Valley......Ar	5 15 pm		
	1 20 pm	Ar......Smithville......Lv	2 50 pm		
	1 47 pm	Lv......Smithville......Ar	2 35 pm		
	3 22 pm	Ar......Cuthbert......Ar	1 06 pm		
	4 28 pm	Ar......Eufaula......Lv	12 01 pm		
3 30 am	4 33 pm	Lv......Eufaula......Ar	11 56 am	9 48 pm	
6 15 am	6 09 pm	Ar..Union Springs..Lv	10 20 am	6 38 pm	
6 35 am	6 09 pm	Lv..Union Springs..Ar	10 20 am	5 54 pm	
9 45 am	7 57 pm	Ar...Montgomery....Lv	8 35 am	2 35 pm	

No. 25 Pas'enger	No. 3* Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—MACON AND ALBANY.	No. 4* Pas'enger	No. 26* Pas'enger
	7 00 pm	Lve......Macon......Ar	8 15 am	
	8 12 pm	Ar......Fort Valley......Lv	7 07 am	
	10 20 pm	Lv......Fort Valley......Ar	5 05 am	
	10 20 pm	Ar......Smithville......Lv	5 05 am	1 20 pm
2 55 pm	10 20 pm	Lv......Smithville......Ar	5 05 am	
4 07 pm	11 28 pm	Ar......Albany......Lv	5 05 am	12 00 m

No. 23† Pas'enger	No. 21† Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH.	No. 22† Pas'enger	No. 24† Pas'enger
8 20 pm	11 05 am	Lv—.Fort Valley....Ar	3 35 pm	6 45 am
9 05 pm	11 55 am	Ar......Perry......Lv	2 45 pm	5 00 am

No. 25* Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—ALBANY BRANCH.	No. 26* Pa'senger	No. 28* Pas'enger
2 55 pm	Lv......Smithville......Ar	1 20 pm	
4 07 pm	Ar......Albany......Lv	12 00 m	

No. 29† Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—BLAKELY EXTENSION.	No. 30† Pas'enger
4 20 pm	Lv......Albany......Ar	11 30 am
8 12 pm	Ar......Blakely......Lv	7 30 am

No. 31† Pass'ger.	S. W. R. R.—FORT GAINES BRANCH.	No. 32† Pass'ger.
3 40 pm	Lv......Cuthbert......Ar	12 03 pm
4 58 pm	Ar......Fort Gaines...Lv	10 45 pm

No. 33† Pass'ger.	EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD.	No. 34† Pass'ger.
5 05 pm	Lv......Eufaula......Ar	9 27 am
6 27 pm	Ar......Clayton......Lv	8 00 am

No. 5.* Pass'ger	S.W.RR.—COLUMBUS MAIN LINE.	No. 6.* Pass'ger
8 25 am	Lv......Macon......Ar	5 19 pm
9 58 am	Ar....Fort Valley....Ar	3 45 pm
1 50 pm	Ar......Columbus......Lv	12 10 pm

Elegant local Sleeping Cars on night trains as follows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Atlanta, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Albany and Montgomery, trains Nos. 3 and 4.

Pullman Hotel Sleeping Cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta and Savannah, without change. Pullman Sleepers between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross and via Montgomery, Albany and Thomasville.

Trains marked thus * run daily; trains marked thus † run daily except Sunday; trains marked thus ‡ run daily except Monday.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car Berths on sale at Union Depot Ticket Office 30 minutes prior to leaving time of all trains.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
J. J. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
WILLIAM ROGERS, General Sup't, [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—AT ONCE, YOUNG STENOGRAPHer. Best of reference required. Speed sufficient to take correspondence. Address Stenographer, Constitution office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT CLOTHING MAN familiar with the Clothing business to travel in Eastern Alabama and Western Georgia, who is acquainted in those sections, and who can command trade. Best of references required. Address P. O. Box 424, New Orleans, La.

THREE FIRST-CLASS COAT HANDS WANTED, immediately. Wm. E. Benson, Augusta, Ga.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOK KEEPER—Address, giving reference and stating salary wanted, Wholesale, P. O. Drawer 10. tf.

WANTED—Boarders.

TWO DELIGHTFUL ROOMS WITH BOARD AT 19 Houston; can also accommodate three or four day boarders.

PARTIES WISHING BOARD FOR THE SUMMER can find no better place than the Jossey house, in Decatur, Georgia, five miles from Atlanta on the Georgia railroad. The same will be run after the first day of June, 1884, by M. R. Jossey who will use every effort to please the public.

BOARDERS WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMILY. Every comfort insured at 268 Peachtree street. References exchanged. su we fri

NEW YORK SUMMER BOARD—THE LONG Acre, 1495 Broadway, near 43d street. Large airy rooms, Superior table—$1.50 per day. Also Sunset Hall hotel, on the ocean at Asbury park, New Jersey. References—Sidney Root, H. S. Johnson, A. J. McBride, Atlanta. Mrs. I. L. Hawley, 1495 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND BOILER ten to twenty-horse power, also steam hoisting pump. Call at once. Atlanta Talc and Soapstone Co., over Gate City National Bank.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

DELICIOUS WINE FOR THE TABLE, DIRECT from the vaults of Eden Hill nurseries, Dr. L. A. Guild. For sale by Vol Dunning. Scuppernong wine and American claret.

FOR SALE—ONE FOUR GALLON MILCH COW. Apply at 45 Peachtree street.

FOR SALE—FIFTEEN FINE JERSEYS, REGIStered, unregistered and high grade. Address W. A. or J. H. Carlton, Athens, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN.

LONG TIME LOANS ON UNEMCUMBERED real estate, city or country. Reasonable rates. Loans placed without delay. Alfred Gregory & Co., 21½ Peachtree.

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR EXCHANGE, 160 ACRES OF LAND IN ARkansas for property in Atlanta, or will sell the 160 acres for cash. Apply to Robert L. Rodgers, 37½ Broad street. th fri su

I WILL SELL IMPROVED OR VACANT LOTS, taking James' certificate of deposit in part payment. William A. Haygood, 17 1-2 Peachtree street.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—FOR SEVERAL MONTHS, PART of that very desirable residence, 56 Houston street. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—5 ROOM HOUSE AT DECATUR, very large lot, nice shade, good water, for $12.50 Address at once, S., box 288, Atlanta, Ga. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—FOUR LARGE CONNECTING rooms on first floor over the Wheeler & Wilson office suitable for any kind of business or for residence. Apply at Wheeler & Wilson office, 71 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS COMplete, for three months. Location first-class. Enquire 26 Marietta street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLOOR, 5 ROOMS, GAS water, etc. 103 Wheat street.

FOR RENT—LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED front room, with board. Apply No. 41 East Mitchell street. we fr su

FOR RENT—PLEASANT SUMMER ROOMS FURnished or unfurnished. Closets, bath-room and gas, very desirable. No. 45 East Mitchell street.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

LIVERY STABLE FOR RENT—THAT WELL known Livery Stable at 54 and 56 South Pryor street, convenient to all parts of the city. It is centrally located, being about 500 feet from the Union Passenger Depot. There are about 20 stalls and room for carriages on first floor, while over 100 head of stock can be accommodated in the basement. Possession given 16th May, 1884. R. H. Knapp, 8 E. Alabama street. tf

PERSONAL.

NOTHING MORE APPETIZING OR HEALTHIER for table use, or the sick room, than pure wine. Vol Dunning has a lot of the best from Eden Hill nurseries. Call for Dr. Guild's Scuppernong wine or American claret.

FOR SALE—Building Material.

FOR SALE—LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES, lime and plastering material, wholesale and retail, cheap. J. C. Wilson & Co., No. 7 Spring st., on W. & A. R. R. su we fr

FOR SALE—CHEAP AND GOOD MATCHED AND dressed flooring, ceiling and all kinds of building material. J. C. Wilson & Co., No. 7 Spring st., on W. & A. R. R. su we fr

MUSIC.

ATLANTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC REmoved to No. 26 N. Broad street, second floor. Usual branches of music taught by competent masters. For terms, etc., apply to Otto Spahr, Director.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—A NICE RETAIL DRUG STORE complete with fresh drugs at 20 per cent below New York cost. Apply to J., care Constitution office. tf

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.

FOR SALE—A VILLAGE CART, NATURAL wood and russett harness, second-hand sound and cheap. Rear office 44 Marietta street, city. fr su

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, FINE DRAY mule 16½ hands high. Call at once No. 17 Bartow street. tf

AUCTION SALES.

L. B. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION SALE of household and kitchen Furniture at 38 and 40 Ivy street, commencing at 10 o'clock to-morrow, Saturday, morning. Sale positive. L. B. Davis, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, CARPETS, HOUSEhold and kitchen furniture, at 44, corner Hood and Rawson streets, Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. John H. Hood.

AUCTION SALES—HOWE'S FLOOR SCALES 2,800 pounds, combination; one two horse carriage; mahogany desk; black walnut desks; new show cases, 4, 5, 6 and 7 feet long; Gasoline stove; black walnut marble bedroom suites; wardrobe, book case, at 30 Peachtree street, at L. B. Davis.

SAM'L W. GOODE ..... AGENT

3 BOULEVARD LOTS.
5 DECATUR ST. LOTS.
3 TODD ST. LOTS.
AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4TH, 4 P. M.

These lots are just beyond Gartrell Hill. They lie well. They are on one of the great business thoroughfares of Atlanta. They are convenient to the Air-Line shops, to the Cotton Factory, to the Railroad Freight Depots, to McConnells, Taylor & Co's. Foundry, and to all the shops along Decatur street. The street cars are distant one block, and will soon be extended in front of them. Decatur street is soon to be paved with rubble stone, and the county has graded and will macadamize it to Edgewood. Renting houses and small stores are in demand. The village built here within a year shows what an increase in values is going on. First-class men own the adjacent properties—Messrs. John M. Hill, Joel Hurt, Colonel Hammond of Thomasville, Fox of New Jersey, W. A. Haygood, C. P. Barker and others. Real estate is safe, always better interest than banks. I am also instructed to sell several small houses and lots [illegible] on the plat are disposed of. [illegible]

Terms of sale—One-half [illegible], balance in six and twelve months with [illegible]

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

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ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states, fair weather, northerly winds, stationary temperature.

THE greenback convention has started the presidential canvass by the nomination of General Butler. It also adopted a platform of general denunciation.

MINNESOTA has also listened to the still small voice, which demands that the fraud of 1876 should be rebuked at the polls, and has selected Tilden delegates to the Chicago convention.

THE consternation created by the developments of Disbursing Officer Burnside's rascality, is nothing as compared to what will be exposed when the people tell the whole party to go next November. Burnside's misfortune is only that he was the first.

WE present this morning, in another column, an article from the editorial columns of the Nashville American, which contains sound advice and takes a common sense view of the true position the democratic party should assume during its approaching campaign. Our people are upon the same line as suggested in the well prepared article of the American.

GEORGIA'S RAILROAD LAW.

We have already alluded to the fact that those who are opposed to the railroad commission of Georgia and to the law under which it operates are quietly preparing for a campaign in behalf of what they conceive to be their interests. It is not to be an aggressive campaign. There will be no effort made to abolish the commission, or to repeal the law, or to amend that part of the constitution which makes legislation imperative; but an effort, and a very strong one, will be made to render the law inoperative as it stands by taking away some of the necessary powers of the commission.

Practically, the campaign has already begun. Only the other day the Macon Telegraph, alluding to the remarkable cheapness of all the materials necessary to railroad building, remarked: "Despite the low price of railway materials, however, it is not probable that we shall witness the building of many additional miles of railroads [in Georgia] for some years to come." Our contemporary gave two reasons for this: first, the recent panic, and, second, the "obstinate difficulty" known as the railroad commission, and "the hostile attitude which the state has assumed towards existing roads." This "hostility," as our readers know, consists in the fact that the state has passed a law which requires that railroad management shall look somewhat to the interests and the rights of the public. The state is just as hostile to its own people as it is to the corporations, for it has formulated a bulky code the purport of which is that one citizen shall have a due regard for the rights and interests of other citizens. The Sparta Ishmaelite, one of the most intelligent of the Georgia weeklies, puts the whole case very strongly.

"We have frequently," says the Ishmaelite, "had brought to our attention the statement that the state has assumed a hostile attitude towards existing railroads. Such an assertion is gratuitous. The [illegible] te cas granted and confirmed to them many valuable franchises and has only by the establishment of the commission restrained them from encroachment upon the rights of others. In no respect has it been hostile. In no grant of power has it been other than liberal. Under the commission railroad stocks and bonds have appreciated in value. New roads have been and are being built and equipped. The reason why more are not being now built in the state is not due to existing laws but to two facts, first there is little necessity for them, and, secondly, the state has refused in its constitution to lend its indorsement to any such enterprises in the future. But notwithstanding both of these facts, if we make no mistake, more miles of railway have been laid in the state and are being laid since the commission law went into effect than ever before in the same length of time. Further, more money has been made from railway investments than ever before. Moreover, with water enough in some of them to destroy any other species of property except patent whisky their stocks have been more valuable than ever before. Gentlemen, be calm and thoughtful, be fair and truthful, and let your own judgment show you that there is a difference natural and necessary between the powers proper to be exercised by a corporation and individual, and that the railroad commission has been always honest, conscientious and just. It is one of the most important branches of the state government and should be sustained by the people with unimpaired powers."

CONFIDENCE WILL RETURN.

The shrinkage in the values of stocks has been tremendous, but it has not largely fallen on the country outside of New York city. The people had lost confidence in stocks during the long decline in values, and they had gradually unloaded them, and the capitalists in New York and other eastern money centers had been forced, or at least induced to shoulder the load. The load was a heavy one, but as money was abundant and cheap no great difficulty was experienced in toting it until the rascalities of Ferdinand Ward and John C. Eno started the country and destroyed public confidence. No one has thus far been hurt except those that deserve to be hurt, and except those who had become rich by stock manipulati[illegible] the watering of stocks or the floating [illegible]s on roads that should never have bee[illegible]ted. New York received the weight of [illegible]ock, and New York will doubtless remain the chief sufferer.

The country has not lost largely, and probably will not if the process of recuperation is maintained at the financial center. The trouble came at the opening of the dull season, and may somewhat increase the customary dullness of the hot season; but if the present crop indications are made good, there is no reason why confidence in legitimate business circles should not be restored, and trade reach the volume of last fall. The crops are unusually promising—cotton, corn and wheat. With large crops and an abundance of money, the situation must be greatly changed for the better, and it may be that we will regain the position of one year ago, which was, it is true, one of considerable dullness and depression, but still it was one in which there was a reasonable degree of confidence.

THE WARWICKIAN STATE.

Men are found here and there who are ready to flippantly declare that the democracy have had enough eastern candidates—that we have taken a candidate from New York twenty years, and have been beaten as often as we had done it. "Give us," they say, "a western man, or at least anybody in preference to a New York man." Let us look at the facts for the purpose of seeing how much of this talk is justified.

General McClellan was the democratic nominee in 1864. He was defeated, but he was not a New Yorker. He was a resident of New Jersey, and not long afterwards was elected governor of that state. In 1868 Horatio Seymour was the nominee, and he carried the state. In 1872 Horace Greeley was nominated. He was a New Yorker, and he did not carry the state, but he was not a democrat. In 1876 Mr. Tilden was nominated. He was a democrat; he carried his own state, and was elected president of the United States by a majority of 26 electoral votes and a popular majority of 168,737 votes. In 1880 General Hancock carried the flag, but he was never a resident of New York. He claims a residence in his native state, Pennsylvania.

When the statement that New York candidates have not turned out well is thus analyzed, we find that New York has furnished only two democratic candidates since Buchanan's administration—only two in twenty-four years. These were Horatio Seymour and Samuel J. Tilden. Both carried the great state, and one was elected president. There is nothing, therefore, in the naked facts to discourage another effort in that direction, especially when it is an acknowledged fact that the democratic party has no reasonable hope of success which does not include the thirty-six votes of the imperial and pivotal state. The plainest and perhaps the only way to get those votes is to nominate a citizen of that state who is strong and popular at home. That man is unmistakably Mr. Tilden; and if he will not accept a nomination, the second choice of the state will naturally and almost inevitably become the choice of the party. There is really no justice and no sense in the cry that comes from shallow minds against New York candidates. We need a New York candidate, and the party evidently intends to have one.

EDITORIAL CALVES AND WALKING-MATCHES.

The Macon Telegraph returns to the subject of the proposed pedestrian contest between the two cities, but it does not apologize for its hasty and unwarranted statement to the effect that the legs of the young men of Macon are flabby. On the contrary, our amiable contemporary leaves the public to infer that, so far as Macon is concerned, the contest is to be a one-sided affair, with all the chances, all the opportunities, and all the certainties in favor of Atlanta. This is a gloomy view, to say the least, but we do not believe it is warranted by the facts. The result will show that Macon's legs are no flabbier than those of Atlanta, and if the cracker city walks away with the honors, our opinion is that the representatives will acknowledge it to be the toughest contest they have ever engaged in.

The Telegraph says its understanding of the programme is this; "As between the two cities the programme is, heads, Atlanta wins; tails, Macon loses." And it asks: "What will it profit Macon if the library gain a hundred dollars and the city lose five hundred?" In the first place, it is not a matter of heads and tails, but of legs and endurance. In the second place, the city, instead of losing five hundred dollars, will probably gather in twice that sum from the excursionists that will witness the contest. Arrangements are to be made with all the roads for excursion rates so that people from all sections of the state may be able to witness the contest. But if there are no excursionists present, except those that are carried from Atlanta, we do not see how the city of Macon is to lose five hundred dollars, or even ten dollars. If we are to understand the Telegraph as meaning that the gay gamboliers, who are in the habit of putting up their wealth against any and every chance that comes along, are in danger of losing five hundred dollars where the library will only make one hundred, our reply is that the Telegraph is probably correct. But if our amiable contemporary will look a little after the interests of the Macon library in the matter, and put a little more faith in the pluck and endurance of Macon's young men, we have no doubt the gay gamboliers will take care of their own special interests. The betting will no doubt be lively, but those who engage in this business do so on their own account, and it cannot be said that they represent either Macon or Atlanta. The Telegraph should understand distinctly that the contest is not to be made in the interest of those who choose to bet on the result.

Our amiable contemporary defends the admitted flabbiness of its own legs, by saying that heads and not legs rule in the editorial sanctum. In a measure this is true, but it is well known that where the calf of the leg is given over to flabbiness, the whole calf is affected from head to foot. We regret that this should be so, but, since the world begun, nature has had her reprisals. Meanwhile, if the Telegraph will leave the gamboliers to look after themselves, and turn a warm side to the Macon library, continuing to cultivate its head instead of its legs, on the theory that the farmer pays the most attention to his weakest soil, the public, in witnessing a very pretty as well as profitable contest between the two cities, will forget all about the shrunken and flabby condition of our contemporary's editorial calves.

THERE are 30,000 cafes in Paris where men go at certain hours of the day to read the newspapers. Each cafe subscribes for a large number of journals, and many thousands of Parisians embrace this opportunity of keeping up with the news of the day. It is unnecessary to say that Paris is a great newspaper city. It is true that the American finds the French papers rather hard reading. They are far behind their English and American competitors so far as news is concerned, but they are vehicles of ideas. In a Paris paper one finds brilliant essays, art and dramatic criticisms, personal gossip, piquant scandals and serials from the pens of the masters of fiction. That the people of this gay city should prefer reading their journals in public in a crowded cafe is another peculiarly French custom, but it is characteristic of a people who are not happy unless they live in the full blaze of publicity.

SOME of the college presidents are very far behind the times. President Eliot, of Harvard, has a long article in The Century Magazine in regard to a liberal education, but says not a word in regard to baseball or slugging.

WE want it distinctly understood that Atlanta is not going down to Macon with the expectation of finding any flabby legs opposed to her. Nevertheless she proposes to try and fetch all the honors back.

THE Third Napoleon did not really fall in love with Mademoiselle de Montijo, the lady who afterwards became the Empress Eugenie, until that sprightly beauty gave him a horse-whipping on account of his ungentlemanly conduct. On another occasion Napoleon was out riding in a forest with Mademoiselle de Montijo, and some sharp reply of hers so enraged him that he put spurs to his horse and rode off leaving the young lady to find her way home as best she could. She was lost for several hours, and did not reach home until nine o'clock at night. Despite the rudeness and bad temper of her lover when he proposed in earnest Eugenie accepted him, and the marriage was certainly the luckiest step of the royal adventurer's career. The beauty, grace and tact of the empress did more to win over the French people than all the statesmanship of the emperor.

CIVIL service reform appears to have joined hands with Mr. Watterson's star-eyed goddess of reform. The two are engaged in a walking match to see which shall get out of the country first.

IT is now estimated that Texas has a population of 2,000,000 people. Galveston leads off as the largest city with 40,000 inhabitants. Houston has over 20,000, Fort Worth more than 20,000, San Antonio more than 20,000, Dallas more than 20,000, and several other cities range from 8,000 to 15,000 population.

GENERAL BELISARIUS GRANT is about to become famous as the complete letter-writer. And yet this unfortunate man has long been the idol of a great many well-meaning people.

THE fancy barkeeper came in about thirty years ago. In those days he was a gorgeous creature. His hair was elaborately parted in the middle and plastered down with bear's grease. He wore several rings on his fingers and a big diamond breastpin. It used to take the proprietor of a saloon about fifteen years to discover how his toddy mixer saved enough money out of his salary to rig himself up in so much jewelry. By the time the thing was clear the barkeeper would buy out the proprietor. That was before the introduction of bell punches, checks, indicators, and other inventions for the encouragement of honesty. Naturally the fancy barkeepers all became proprietors, and to their taste and discriminating judgment is due the modern saloon with its attractive adjuncts.

THE Graham flour manufactured these days is not as nutritious as some people suppose. The bran in the flour is what kills its beneficial effects. There is no more nutriment in the bran than there is in a piece of flint. The habitual use of Graham flour lessens stomachic and intestinal energy, and the drain on the system is enormous. Even Dr. Graham did not recommend the use of the flour which bears his name, except in certain cases.

WE would remind our amiable Macon contemporary that it can exercise its legs by keeping up with the Tilden procession.

GEORGE BLISS is the typical republican reformer. He used his position as prosecuting counsel in the star route frauds to screen the guilty parties. Bliss will probably have a place in the next republican cabinet.

FOR a small town Key West makes an unusual amount of noise. The population is largely composed of Spaniards and Cubans, and their plots and counterplots, intrigues and conspiracies keep the village in ferment all the time. There is a Cuban paper published here, and its rabid utterances annoy the loyal Spaniards not a little. The Spanish government watches Key West with sleepless vigilance, as it is believed that the next expedition against Cuba will be organized among its turbulent citizens. It is something of an anomaly to have this virtually foreign town under the stars and stripes, and the spectacle of Cuban patriots plotting in secrecy, and dodging around under cover of midnight to escape the spies of a despotic government is decidedly picturesque if nothing else.

IT is hardly probable that Mr. Blaine has heard the last tattoo.

THE Philadelphia Press complains that Dorsey is "still running the mud-dredge." The explanation of this is that Dorsey is inclined to tell the truth about his republican friends.

NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE LONGWORTHY, of Newark, N. J., is the man who claims to have invented a method of solidifying stimulants. He says that he has been studying the matter of years. His attention was first directed to the inconvenience of drinking liquor in its fluid form, and the idea occurred to him that if the "pizen" would be solidified so that a man could carry a chunk of it in his vest pocket, a long-felt want would be supplied. He showed a newspaper man, the other day, an opaque cake having the appearance of glycerine. It was tested, and turned out to be a first-class article of gin. Another cake, of a brilliant green tint, was whisky. The solidified brandy looked like a piece of tallow. Mr. Longworthy claims that his invention will break up the saloons. Men who have occasion to use stimulants will carry their little cakes in their pockets. Young men will no longer have to leave the theatre between acts, the lawyer making a speech in the court-room can get up steam without being observed, and a gentleman in the company of ladies can slip a small piece of solid rye whisky into his mouth without attracting attention. Mr. Longworthy by this invention has made himself famous.

IS is said that the writer on the Macon Telegraph, who objects to the walking match on grounds of local flabbiness, can run his hind leg through a napkin-ring.

THERE are few men as innocent as the Grants claim to be.

IF statistics are to be believed women have a greater tenacity of life than men. Among all animals and insects the male shuffles off this mortal coil at a comparatively early period. In the human race the woman endures longest and will bear pain to which the strong man is unequal. Here are a few figures. The proportion dying suddenly is about 100 women to 780 men. In the United States in 1880, 1,080 men committed suicide to 285 women. Intemperance, apoplexy, gout, hydrocephalus, affections of the heart and liver, scrofula and paralysis are far more fatal to males than to females. Consumption, however, is more fatal to the latter. The married state is favorable to prolongation of life among women. Although there are from two to six per cent more males born than females, yet there is more than six per cent excess of females in the living population.

THE New York Times inquires of its brother republicans whether it is possible for the party to elect a president who has openly aided the escape of the star-route thieves. We should be glad to see the experiment tried.

IT will be found by the whisky ring reformers that Mr. Tilden's name is a guarantee of every species of necessary reform. His name is a platform.

ARTHUR'S motto in the star-route cases was that of all the republican leaders: Let no rascal be convicted.

BEN BUTLER is now sixty-five years old and a greenbacker.

Serving Him Badly.

"Mr. Gitup, how's your servant, Rum: is he doin' any better?" asked a mild-eyed ten-year-old.

"Rum!" asked Gitup, in surprise. "What are you talking about?"

"Ain't you got no 'count servant at your place, what's named Rum?" persisted the lad.

"No, I have not; how came you to imagine such a thing?"

"Oh, I just went by what pa said, that rum was serving you badly, an' I didn't suppose he could serve you, 'thout you had him hired."

Intense coolness now stands between the Gitups and Jinks's.

POLITICAL NOTES.

BOB LINCOLN'S oldest boy's name is Abraham. Better nominate the boy.

GENERAL BUTLER seems to think one good turn over the party fence deserves another.

IT is estimated that eighty members of the house will go to the Chicago republican convention.

THE interests of President Arthur at Chicago will be in the hands of William E. Chandler, secretary of the navy. In 1876 and 1880 Chandler was the central figure in behalf of Blaine.

JOHN F. SMITH, who was a conspicuous figure in New York politics until the bottom of his financial bucket dropped out recently, is to have a new berth—that of postage stamp agent, with the motto, "Big pay and little work."

HON. JOHN STEWART, of Pennsylvania, will present the name of Mr. Blaine to the convention. He was an independent candidate for governor two years ago, and is one of the best speakers in the state. Hon. William West, of Ohio, will second the nomination.

THOSE two great republican journals, the New York Tribune and the New York Times, differ widely as to the running capacity of James G. Blaine. The Tribune insists that he can carry New York and be elected. The Times declares with emphasis that he can neither carry New York nor can he be elected.

GENERAL STREIGHT, of Indiana, who failed to receive the republican nomination for governor four years ago by six votes only, says that seven out of ten of the republican voters in that state prefer Blaine. When asked how Arthur would run in Indiana, he replied: "We couldn't do anything with him in this state."

THE Blaine canvass will be in the hands of Senator Warner Miller, of New York, and Steve Elkins and William Walter Phelps. The latter is spending money freely in Blaine's behalf. He has organized a body of southern men to go to Chicago, expenses paid, to influence southern delegates in Blaine's behalf.

TAMMANY is in the harness pulling hard for Tilden. Kelly's paper, the New York Star, says in double-leads that if Tilden should consent to run, "there is scarcely any room to doubt that the old ticket of 1876—for his nomination must logically involve that of Mr. Hendricks—would sweep the country as irresistibly as a prairie-fire."

THE "help" around the white house costs the country thirteen thousand nine hundred and eighteen dollars per year. The country would not grudge twice the sum if it were honestly expended for necessary service without any such dodges as carrying the housekeeper on the engineer's pay roll and charging the board of the private secretary's horse to fuel account.

DEMOCRATIC Representative Isaac M. Jordan, of the second district of Ohio, is said to be satisfied with one term of congress, and to have announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election. "Why should I?" he is reported as asking. "I have a good business, a profitable law practice, a pleasant home, and everything in Cincinnati that is congenial to my tastes. I do not like it here. I like the practice of law, and dislike politics. Still, I shall not regret having served one term."

EX-SENATOR GEORGE E. SPENCER who is an intimate friend of Mr. Conkling, and who has recently talked politics with the latter, said to a reporter: "I don't think that Grant and Conkling have openly declared for Blaine, but he is no doubt their preference as the case stands. Both of them are anxious to see Arthur beaten, and they look upon Blaine now as the only man who can certainly do that. For the sake of beating Arthur, Conkling and Grant will do all that they can for Blaine. General Grant would rather see Logan nominated than any one else, but he sees that Logan has no chance, and that if the anti-Arthur forces divide up it may give the president the nomination."

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

ON Saturday Mr. Wm. H. Vanderbilt transferred to his son, Wm. K. Vanderbilt, $5,000,000 in United States 4 per cents.

THE Rev. Joseph Cook invariably writes in addition to his signature, when solicited for an autograph, the sentiment, "Duty done is the soul's fireside."

FIVE prominent musical ladies have the same christian name, namely Emma Albani, Emma Thursby, Emma Juch, Emma Nevada, and Emma Abbot.

"CHIPETA," Chief Ouray's widow, has six thousand sheep located on Douglas creek, near the line of Utah, that have not been shorn for three years, and is willing to give half to some one who will shear them.

THE report that Ferdy Ward was going to write a book giving an account of his financial career, with the names of those who shared in the profits, was started undoubtedly by the ocean steamship companies.

MRS. SINCLAIR, who was divorced from Edwin Forrest years ago, is still living on Staten Island, and is a hale, hearty, handsome old lady plentifully provided with this world's goods, including some of the best.

AFTER singing her last song in Cincinnati, Saturday, Mme. Christine Nilsson told an interviewer that this was positively her last tour in America—that she should sail from New York July 2, sing a little in England, go to Sweden, and bid farewell forever to professional life.

IT is reported that there is an agreement to the effect that Fred Arthur, the first of English jockeys, shall give his services to Mr. Manton, after the claims of the Duke of Portland, Lord Hastings and the Duke of Westminster. The term of agreement extends over three years, and has been bound by payment beforehand of a check for, it is said, £6,000.

THE hero of the hour at Berlin at present is Dr. Koch, the president of the German cholera commission, who has just returned from India, where he has discovered the cholera germ. He studied medicine at Gottingen, and afterwards pursued his microscopic studies of bacteria at Breslau under Prof. Cohn. Dr. Koch has been known to the scientific world for some time as a conscientious and accurate observer, but to the non-scientific world his name was unknown until his discovery of the cholera germ.

THE experience of Lawrence Barrett in London shows in a marked degree the difference between English and American people. Europe can unload upon America any kind of an actor, and the people flock to the entertainments in such numbers as to make a fortune for the foreigner. Langtry, in her first season in America, cleared $229,663, Bernhardt, $390,000, and Irving $464,600, while Barrett has lost forty thousand in London. Yet Barrett is as worthy as any one. In theater-going the Americans are a set of fools.

WILLIAM M. TWEED, king of thieves, who robbed the city of New York of six million dollars, died in prison; Ferdinand Ward, General Grant's partner, who stole fourteen and a half millions, occupies Tweed's prison cell; James D. Fish, who wrecked the Marine bank, is a ruined bankrupt, and anticipates an indictment at any minute, and John C. Eno, who stole four and a half millions, and is the son of one of the richest men in America, is watched by detectives and will doubtless be arrested within a week. Will not people learn after a while that stealing doesn't pay?

SENATOR PALMER, of Michigan, has the reputation of giving the most elaborate dinners in Washington and takes a good deal of pride in it. His income is large and he finds it difficult to spend all of his money. He keeps one house in Detroit, another in New York and a third in Washington, and finds satisfaction in entertaining his friends. His hobby is dogs. One pet cost him $1,000 and another $500, which was about $250 a pound. The senator has the finest cook in Washington, a Frenchman named Emile, to whom he pays $2,500 a year for baking his griddle cakes, and he has another man, at wages of $50 a month, who does nothing but look after the dogs.

IN GENERAL.

BROOKLYN bridge will be painted this summer.

THE run of salmon is light in Oregon this season, and the pack is likely to show a falling off of 50,000 cases.

IN England, gossip is regarded as a more terrible power in the country town than in the suburban town.

A NEW kind of bug has been discovered, which bores holes through lead pipes. It is called the plumber's friend."

THE duke of Argyll mentions an English estate on which he thinks that £2,000,000 have been invested within forty years.

THE most remarkable known echo is that on the north side of a church of Shipley, Sussex. It repeats twenty-one syllables.

DARMSTADT, Germany, is declared to be the dullest carpitol in the world. It has immensely wide streets, in which human beings are rarely to be seen.

MRS. PLUNKETT, of Boston, has written a book urging women to become plumbers. Women can run up large enough bills without becoming plumbers.

A PIECE of land sold in New York the other day for $800,000, or thirty-two times its cost in 1847. This is almost as good an investment as those with Grant & Ward were thought to be.

MANY of the most fashionable hotels this season will refuse to admit dogs at any price, and young ladies who have them for pets are quite likely to experience a good deal of woe and tribulation.

SATURDAY was the anniversary of the opening of the Brooklyn bridge. During the year nearly thirteen millions of people patronized the structure, and the receipts for tolls were a little less than $400,000.

IN the Hawaiian Gazette we find a complaint of a bill for $438 for carriages used to convey the members of the legislature to the races. The ways of government officials are very much the same the world over.

ONE of the largest eastern manufacturers of mowing and reaping-machines, who has just returned from Texas, says that state will have a magnificent crop, and that the whole west, with few exceptions, is in splendid condition.

"ARE you having much practice now?" asked an old judge of a young lawyer. "Yes, sir, a good deal, thank you." "Ah, I'm glad to hear it. In what line is your practice particularly?" "Well, sir, particularly in economy."

BOSTON girls are wild over their feats of pedestrianism. They think nothing of taking tramps from five to eight miles. They take long jaunts into the suburban country. An exchange says they always turn back when they meet a cow.

ONE of the smartest detectives in Illinois will probably land in the penitentiary. He was employed by both sides in the Zora Burns murder case, and was liberally paid by both, although of course each supposed they had his exclusive services.

IN view of his recent literary attack upon General Rosser, the Richmond Whig remarks of Jubal A. Early that if he lives much longer he will convince himself that he alone was the confederate army, and that single handed, from Virginia to Texas, he maintained the struggle for four years.

THE magnetic pole is constantly shifting to the eastward or westward of the geographical pole, being now 1,000 miles west. In 1657 it was due north, in 1816 at its western maximum, and in 1976 will be again due north, when it will take an eastern trip. These variations must give the surveyor something to do in running over old lines, and showing that the surveyors of early times did not know what they were about—discrepancies may, in fact, be due to the shifting of the pole and the varying influences on the compass needle.

THERE is little to gratify wool-producers in the present condition of the market. Sales in Boston last week were the lowest for months, amounting in all to 800,000 pounds of domestic and 200,000 pounds of foreign. Manufacturers assume to feel indifferent about making purchases. Very little wool has yet changed hands in the states where flocks have already passed through the hands of the shearers. Present prices for Ohio and Pennsylvania wools are, for xx and above 35 to 37 cents; for x and above 34 to 35 cents.

THE Chicago exposition building, where the national convention will be held, has been reduced in capacity from 15,000 to about 9,500 since the Garfield convention. This is a good thing. The convention of 820 ought to be just as free from the pressure of the galleries as a session of congress. John C. New, of the republican national committee, is already nearly distracted by the demand for tickets. Every stockholder in the exposition building, every member of the city government of Chicago and every member of the national committee wants from 20 tickets upward. There will be assigned to the press 680 seats, and Mr. New will give out these tickets himself on the morning of the convention.

Bishop Elliott of Western Texas.

From the Baltimore Day.

The Episcopal convention of the diocese of Maryland, is now in session. Its chief business is the election of a bishop. The diocese is the third in the country, and the salary of the bishop is $6,000. The position of the gentlemen who have been mentioned for the bishopric has not recently materially changed. Rev. Dr. Hodges is still the favorite of the high churchmen, many of whom have strong hopes of his election; but it must be remembered that the successful candidate must receive two-thirds of the votes of the delegates. Bishop Elliott continues to be the first choice of the low churchmen. It is not probable that the low churchmen will be able to do more than choose among the high church candidates. Dr. Leeds's chances are much better now than ever before. His health, which has been the point of objection to him, is now better than for many years, and the number of those favorable to his candidacy has lately increased daily. His chances are certainly better than those of any one yet named. There will be perhaps fifteen nominees on the first ballot. A number of ballots will have to be taken before a choice can be had. Unless Dr. Leeds or Dr. Hodges be chosen it is impossible now to see who the next bishop will be.

Practical Politics and a Square Issue.

From the Nashville American.

When the whisky ring contingent gets to Chicago, with Horizontal Bill Morrison at its head, we are given to understand they intend to have it out with Randall and his forty obstructionists. Mr. Randall hails from that paradise of "fools" and "traitors" and "damned scoundrels," in the gospel according to Morrison, the "barnacle" state of Pennsylvania. Chicago is the metropolis of the state of Illinois, the sacred soil of sages and statesmen—like Mr. Morrison himself. Now, Illinois makes more of that highly reprehensible product that carries the life-blood of commerce through the continents than blighted and benighted Pennsylvania herself. If the sage of the whisky bill and the hero of horizontal reduction can manage to demonstrate that he can carry his own political bailiwick with him, either into the convention or afterwards, on his own issues, at the general election it will prove to a wondering world a matter of extreme surprise. The main strength of any movement Mr. Morrison and his peculiar friends may make, will center very likely in and around, as a source of heat and light, the modest little city of Peoria that is doing such a thriving business under the existing tax laws, in the production of high wines and hogs, with here and there an irate member of the whisky pool that has burned his fingers in the unexpected upshot of Speaker Carlisle's election, namely, the defeat of the whisky bill. If it should prove as alleged by Mr. White, of Kentucky, that Congressman Morrison had an interest in the whisky bill himself—not altogether unlike what Mr. Oliver thought he found in Mr. Hewitt's projected tariff bill in the matter of wire and "raw materials," that go into the manufacture of the same by Cooper, Hewitt & Co.—so much the worse for Congressman Morrison. But the home of "revenue reform" sages, the classic land of corn whisky and T-rails, will not follow the ambitious chairman of the ways and means committee into the dim Tartarean realm of horizontal reduction that, all the world understands.

Then what does this purturbed spirit of the whisky pool propose to himself at Chicago? There is a tariff for revenue only, but that powerful octosyllabic utterance is copyright to the invincible locks of Watterson, and, besides, it is far too glittering a generality for the ferocious Morrison, and points no moral and adorns no tale to the newer rendering of revenue reform, horizontal reduction, and the covert allusion that it carries to the preservation of the whisky tax is found far too inexplicit for the issue that must be met then and there. A dilemma here meets Mr. Morrison upon his native heath; there is the railroad iron of Illinois, which, of course, cannot stand horizontal reduction without notice; and there is the corn whisky monopoly, which won't stand, if it can help it, the abolition of the internal tax. And yet the preservation of this internal tax must soon drive the surplus up to a point which will demand reduced duties as the only remedy which can be applied to its own reduction, whether such reduction will increase the revenue from imports so as not to relieve the surplus, no doctrinaire, not even Professor Perry or that eminent social scientist, Henry George, can tell. Something must give way, that is manifest. Of course, it must not be the whisky tax, for that would ruin the whisky ring, and Chairman Morrison would never listen to that. Better defer, better never pay, better anything than disturb the rightful sway of the whisky ring. Better cut off the duties, slice them off as we would a watermelon. And there's the rub for the author of the horizontal bill. The republican home of this sage has leaders like Logan, who, while egging on the democratic whisky men and their little lamb, horizontal reduction, are preparing to pronounce openly for protection for the sake of protection to the substantial industries of the state, and to carry it with a rush next fall on that doctrine, even as Haskell's district in Kansas (which makes no iron but only grows food for non-producers) recently showed a hundred per cent increased republican majority over the last election on the point blank issue of protection against the issue the democrats chose to make of free trade. Then why should Randall and the other "traitors" and "fools" vote to strike out the enacting clause of Morrison's bill and why are they proposing to try the issue of the abolition of the internal tax, and go before the people with it, when facts like these exist?

To the mind of the average southern democrat it looks a far more sensible thing, all things considered, to avoid the meshes of the whisky ring, as Randall and his co-operating friends did, the snares and delusions, the practiced rules of its republican alliest. Better to the mind of such a man it seems to simplify the revenue, eliminate the whisky ring out of politics altogether, and under the lead of sure-footed men like Eaton and Randall, with the victorious Ohio platform as a basis, make "revenue reform" real reform—not a hissing and a by-word, an easy road to political ruin, and the perpetuity of a party whose strength is altogether alien to southern soil, and has no visible sympathy with its interests or its wants. Free trade as a sentiment is well enough, but free trade as a fact is not a possibility in this country. It is not a necessity nor a policy for the south at this time. Free trade with the internal tax preserved would be treason to the Constitution of the country, about which so many lives have been lost, so much treasure wasted. It would be the very acme of monopoly. Free trade in this country is the breath of the doctrinaire—vox et praeterea nihil. Its day was dead when Lee surrendered at Appomattox. Tariff revision is no issue; it is an incident to the logic and the progress of events. An equitable adjustment of the schedule of duties is no more "protection" as a principle than "revenue reform," so-called. It is an act of simple justice and necessity—no more. If Mr. Hewitt's revised tariff shall exempt "raw materials" it "protects" the manufactured products. There is not enough in this kind of thing to keep the country standing on its head. What is now wanted is: "Turn the rascals out!" How to do this is the issue. With "free trade" and trash about "revenue reform" as an issue, experience has demonstrated it cannot be done. Pitch all such humbugs to the dogs—or feed it to the still-fed swine. There is nothing so successful as success; and that is the Ohio platform, pure and simple. Let it be accepted and indorsed at Chicago. We cannot dig up the dead; let the dead past bury the dead. Over horizontal reduction the entire north has written an epitaph—let it rest in peace. To the south political isolation is her bane, and there is but one road leading out of it—a perfect union of her own strength, and a harmony of the issue and the man with the president making states at the north. This is not Mr. Morrison's "revenue reform," nor yet Mr. Carlisle's "free trade," but the platform of Virginia, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio. We knew of Randall in Hoadly's victory in Ohio. He was the [illegible] The wire bridge to Covington brought not C[illegible] itse across the turbid waters of the dividing stre[am] to fight that battle. But for Ohio and the pivo[tal] states, her neighbors and homogenous associat[es] the battle now would be vain.

Corruption must be cleansed, or it will inv[olve] all sections in a common ruin. Administrat[ive] reform won in 1876. Administrative reform quickened as an issue with an experience more [re]cent than agreeable. The man who shows in [his] own life and record a fitness for the professio[n of] the platform, from a latitude such as cannot p[rej]udice the chances of his election—that is the m[an]. Let us have him. Let the song of the siren [free] trade be sung to the listenening ear of Hurd u[pon] some Blannerhassett's isle, but heard no mo[re in] the councils of the wise. Let the south prese[nt a] solid front, with her own best interests a[t] heart. A tariff plank that will not produce a scare as the Morrison bill had well nigh done, as Watterson's vague utterances did in 1880; d[eliv]erance to the hunted moonshiner; destructi[on to] the whisky ring; no surplus for political plu[nder]; no more offices than we can help—turn the r[ascals] out. That is the ticket; in that sign we con[quer].

Honors are Easy.

From the Albany News and Advertiser.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION came out in a [new] dress yesterday. It didn't need it, for it l[ooked] well enough before; but then THE CONSTIT[UTION] can afford to throw off its old clothes whene[ver it] gets tired of them. Atlanta is a great city an[d THE] CONSTITUTION is a great paper; each has hel[ped to] make the other, and honors are easy between [them].

The Little Sailor Kiss.

From Wide Awake.

O kisses they are plenty
As blossoms on the tree;
And be they one or twenty,
They're sweet to you and me;
And some are for the forehead, and some for the lips,
And some are for the rosy cheeks, and so for finger tips,
And some are for the dimples—but the s[weet]est one is this;
When the bonny, bonny bairnie gives [a] little sailor kiss.

O I will kiss this sailor,
This sailor lad so true!
I would not kiss a tailor,
A carpenter or nailer,
But I will kiss this sailor
With bonny eyes of blue!
With a sonsy smile and yellow hair to s[hame] the sunshine in,
With a laughing mouth, and a rosy chee[k] and a dimple in the chin;
Three years old, with a heart of gold—[w]ho would want to miss
The chance to meet my darling, with his [s]ail-or kiss!

O then the tiny fingers
Creep, pinching, to your face
With a touch that thrills and lingers;
And the rosy palms find place
To come pressing and caressing with soft a[m]bling touch.
Not teasing you too little, and yet not overmuch,
While, full of love and laughter, the pre[tty] blue eyes glow,
And red lips tightly puckered pout roguily be low:
O tell me, ye who know it, is there in th[e] world such bliss
As when the bonnie bairnie gives his li[ttle] sailor kiss?

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

A Crank's Business Career.

H. Y. M., Talladega, Ala.: Is it true that George Francis Train first introduced street cars in London?

Yes. Train was not a crank in those days, but a shrewd business man, and his various enterprises netted him a large fortune. The street car venture, however, did not pan out, as the people of London were not ready for such an innovation.

Electoral Votes.

B. W. W., Greensboro, Ga.—What is the number of votes in the electoral college?

The whole number is 401, and 201 are necessary to the election of the president. Of these votes 248 are from the northern states and 153 from the southern states.

Our Fish Station.

J. C. B., Milton, Ga.:—Is there a United States fish distributing station in Atlanta?

Yes, but it is not open at present. The agent will be stationed here next fall with a full supply of fish for free distribution, but in order to insure his attention application for fish should now be filed with the United States commissioner at Washington, D. C.

Difficult to Answer.

J. L. Rogersville, Tenn.: How many more walking matches will take place in Atlanta this season?

About seventy-five, more or less. It is impossible to tell just how long the public will continue to take an interest in this exciting sport.

Points About Newspapers.

C. W. W. Cave Springs, Ga:—Which are the most ably edited republican, democratic and independent newspapers in the north? 2. What is the best humorous paper? 3. What three newspapers have the largest circulation?

Your questions hang on personal opinion. The New York Tribune is perhaps the ablest republican paper as far as its editorials go, the New York World is the most prominent democratic paper and the New York Sun certainly the ablest independent paper. 2. "Puck," the illustrated New York paper. 3. Of the weekly papers Bonner's Ledger has the largest circulation. Of the influential dailies the New York Herald, the New York Sun and the Boston Herald.

THE STOCK LAW IN ROCKDALE.

How No-Fence Works Where it Has Been Tried—An Interesting Discussion.

The Honey Creek agricultural club, organized in 1873, met May 17, 1884, President Madison Tucker in the chair. Question for the evening: "What are the advantages growing out of the stock law?"

Mr. J. G. McNair said Rockdale county was one of the first in the state to adopt this law, and it is right that we should consider its advantages and publish them to our more unfortunate sister counties, who are still laboring under the old mistaken idea of fencing. I oposed it at first, but after two years actual trial—and trial is the test of facts—I find many important advantages growing out of it.

First, it promotes harmony and peace between neighbors. We no longer fence our crops with dogs. We hear no more of injured stock and ruined crops. Second, a vast amount of hard labor is saved. The drudgery of splitting and hauling rails, hanging water racks, repairing and building fences, and fixing up after big rains are now all dispensed with. It is easier to fence in my own stock than to fence out every body else's. Third, it improves our land. Land allowed to retain all the vegetable matter that grows on it will rapidly improve in fertility, while land constantly grazed and trodden by stock, deteriorates in quality. Fourth, we are not forced to have so much timbered land. Fifth, it is an advantage to fruit growing, and sixth, it is an advantage to stock raising. Good stock are superseding poor, because it will not pay to keep sorry stock. One good cow well attended will produce more good milk and butter than three ordinary cows ordinarily kept. The fear of not being able to raise hogs was entertained even by those who favored its adoption. More hogs now in the country than for several years, and many more meat made in Rockdale county last year than any other previous year since the war.

Mr. J. W. Hollingsworth—I did not vote for the law at first. I am now well pleased with it. Can till three acres of good land without fencing twenty-five or thirty; have more milk and butter; a general improvement in stock; they are better taken care of. The old idea that a cow requires an entire county to graze over is exploded. A cow will do better in an old-field pasture of two or three acres than she will in a twenty acre field. Hogs do better reasonably confined than when running at large. I have had no hog cholera since its adoption.

Mr. J. R. Rosser: I think the law has proved even more than was claimed for it by its most ardent advocates. A prominent merchant said to me to-day: "We buy more and better butter now than at any other time in the previous history of Conyers." It prevents the spread of cholera among hogs—have heard of none since its adoption two years ago. The bermuda grass makes much the best pasture for this section; orchard grass next.

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Practical Politics and a Square Issue.

...m the Nashville American.

...hen the whisky ring contingent gets to Chi... with Horizontal Bill Morrison at its head, ...are given to understand they intend to have it ...with Randall and his forty obstructionists. ...Randall hails from that paradise of "fools" ..."traitors" and "damned scoundrels," in the ...according to Morrison, the "barnacle" state ...Pennsylvania. Chicago is the metropolis of the ...of Illinois, the sacred soil of sages and states... —like Mr. Morrison himself. Now, Illinois ...kes more of that highly reprehensible product ...t carries the life-blood of commerce through ...continents than blighted and benighted Penn... ...vania herself. If the sage of the whisky bill ...the hero of horizontal reduction can manage ...demonstrate that he can carry his own political ...with him, either into the conven... ...or afterwards, on his own issues, at the gen... ...election it will prove to a wondering world a ...of extreme surprise. The main strength of ...movement Mr. Morrison and his peculiar ...may make will center very likely in and ...as a source of heat and light, the modest ...city of Peoria that is doing such a thriving ...under the existing tax laws, in the pro... ...of high wines and hogs, with here and ...an irate member of the whisky pool ...has burned his fingers in the un... ...upshot of Speaker Carlisle's ...namely, the defeat of the whisky bill ...should prove as alleged by Mr. White, of Ken... ...that Congressman Morrison had an interest ...the whisky bill himself—not altogether unlike ...Mr. Oliver thought he found in Mr. Hewitt's ...tariff bill in the matter of wire and "raw ...als," that go into the manufacture of the ...by Cooper, Hewitt & Co.—so much the worse ...Congressman Morrison. But the home of "rev... ...reform" sages, the classic land of corn whisky ...will not follow the ambitious chairman ...ways and means committee into the dim ...realm of horizontal reduction that all ...world understands.

...hen what does this perturbed spirit of the ...pool propose to himself at Chicago? There ...tariff for revenue only, but that powerful octo... ...utterance is copyright to the invincible ...of Watterson, and, besides, it is far too glit... ...a generality for the ferocious Morrison, and ...no moral and adorns no tale to the newer ...of revenue reform, horizontal reduction, ...the covert allusion that it carries to the pre... ...of the whisky tax is found far too inex... ...for the issue that must be met then and ...A dilemma here meets Mr. Morrison upon ...native heath; there is the railroad iron of Illi... ...which, of course, cannot stand ...reduction without notice; ...there is the corn whisky monop... ...which won't stand, if it can help it, the ab... ...of the internal tax. And yet the preserva... ...of this internal tax must soon drive the sur... ...up to a point which will demand reduced ...as the only remedy which can be applied to ...reduction, whether such reduction will ...the revenue from imports so as not to re... ...the surplus, no doctrinaire, not even Professor ...or that eminent social scientist, Henry ...can tell. Something must give way, that ...Of course, it must not be the whisky ...for that would ruin the whisky ring, and ...Morrison would never listen to that. ...defer, better never pay, better anything ...disturb the rightful sway of the whisky ring. ...cut off the duties, slice them off ...we would a watermelon. And ...the rub for the author of the ...bill. The republican home of this sage ...like Logan, who, while egging on the ...whisky men and their little lamb, hor... ...reduction, are preparing to pronounce ...for protection for the sake of protection to ...industries of the state, and to ...with a rush next fall on that doctrine, even ...district in Kansas (which makes no ...but only grows food for non-producers) re... ...showed a hundred per cent increased repub... ...majority over the last election on the point ...issue of protection against the issue the ...chose to make of free trade. Then why ...Randall and the other "traitors" and ...vote to strike out the enacting clause of ...bill and why are they proposing to try ...of the abolition of the internal tax, and ...the people with it, when facts like these

...mind of the average southern democrat ...a far more sensible thing, all things con... ...to avoid the meshes of the whisky ring, as ...and his co-operating friends did, the ...and delusions, the practiced rules of its ...allies! Better to the mind of such a ...it seems to simplify the revenue, eliminate ...whisky ring out of politics altogether, and ...the lead of sure-footed men like Eaton and ...with the victorious Ohio platform as a ...make "revenue reform" real reform—not a ...and a by-word, an easy road to political ...and the perpetuity of a party whose strength ...altogether alien to southern soil, and has no vis... ...sympathy with its interests or its wants. Free ...as a sentiment is well enough, but free trade ...fact is not a possibility in this ...It is not a necessity nor a ...for the south at this time. Free trade with ...internal tax preserved would be treason to the ...of the country, about which so many ...have been lost, so much treasure wasted. It ...be the very acme of monopoly. Free trade ...country is the breath of the doctrinaire— ...pradera nihil. Its day was dead when Lee ...at Appomattox. Tariff revision is no ...is an incident to the logic and the progress ...An equitable adjustment of the sched... ...duties is no more "protection" as a principle ..."revenue reform," so-called. It is an act of ...justice and necessity—no more. If Mr. ...revised tariff shall exempt "raw materi... ..."protects" the manufactured products, ...not enough in this kind of thing to keep ...standing on its head. What is now ...is: "Turn the rascals out!" How ...to this is the issue. With "free trade" ...about "revenue reform" as an issue ...has demonstrated it cannot be done ...such humbugs to the dogs—or feed it to ...swine. There is nothing so successful ...and that is the Ohio platform, pure and ...Let it be accepted and indorsed at Chicago ...cannot dig up the dead; let the dead past ...dead. Over horizontal reduction the c... ...has written an epitaph—let it rest. ...To the south political isolation is her bane ...is but one road leading out of it—a p... ...of her own strength, and a harmony ...and the man with the president making ...north. This is not Mr. Morrison ...reform," nor yet Mr. Carlisle's "f... ...but the platform of Virginia, New Jers... ...and Ohio. We knew of Rand... ...victory in Ohio. He was the ...bridge to Covington brought not C... ...the turbid waters of the dividing stre... ...that battle. But for Ohio and the pivo... ...her neighbors and homogenous associa... ...now would be vain. ...ruption must be cleansed, or it will inv... ...in a common ruin. Administra... ...won in 1876. Administrative reform ...as an issue with an experience more ...agreeable. The man who shows in ...and record a fitness for the professio... ...from a latitude such as cannot ...the chances of his election—that is the ...have him. Let the song of the siren ...sung to the listening ear of Hurd ...Blannerhassett's isle, but heard no mo... ...of the wise. Let the south pres... ...with her own best interests... ...A tariff plank that will not produce a ...the Morrison bill had well nigh done ...vague utterances did in 1880; ...to the limited moonshiner; destructi... ...ring; no surplus for political plu... ...offices than we can help—turn the ra... ...That is the ticket; in that sign we con...

Honors are Easy.

...Albany News and Advertiser.

...ATLANTA CONSTITUTION came out in a ...yesterday. It didn't need it, for it l... ...enough before; but then THE CONSTIT... ...to throw off its old clothes when... ...of them. Atlanta is a great city an... ...TUTION is a great paper; each has help ...the other, and honors are easy between.

The Little Sailor Kiss.

...Wide Awake.

...kisses they are plenty
...As blossoms on the tree:
...And be they one or twenty,
...They're sweet to you and me;
...ome are for the forehead, and some for
...the lips,
...ome are for the rosy cheeks, and some for
...finger tips,
...ome are for the dimples—but the sweet
...one is this:
...the bonny, bonny bairnie gives little
...sailor kiss.

...I will kiss this sailor,
...This sailor lad so true!
...would not kiss a tailor,
...A carpenter or nailer,
...But I will kiss this sailor
...With bonny eyes of blue!
...saucy smile and yellow hair to set the
...sunshine in,
...laughing mouth, and a rosy cheek and a
...dimple in the chin;
...years old, with a heart of gold—who
...would want to miss
...chance to meet my darling, with his little
...sailor kiss!

...then the tiny fingers
...Creep, pinching, to your face
...With a touch that thrills and lingers;
...And the rosy palms find place
...pressing and caressing with soft artling
...touch,
...using you too little and yet not overmuch,
...full of love and laughter; the pretty blue
...eyes glow,
...lips tightly puckered pout roguishly below;
...ye who know it, is there in the world
...such bliss
...the bonnie bairnie gives his little sailor
...kiss?"

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

A Crank's Business Career.

H. Y. M., Talladega, Ala.: Is it true that George Francis Train first introduced street cars in London?

Yes. Train was not a crank in those days, but a shrewd business man, and his various enterprises netted him a large fortune. The street car venture, however, did not pan out, as the people of London were not ready for such an innovation.

Electoral Votes.

B. W. W., Greensboro, Ga.:—What is the number of votes in the electoral college?

The whole number is 401, and 201 are necessary to the election of the president. Of these votes 248 are from the northern states and 153 from the southern states.

Our Fish Station.

J. C. B., Milton, Ga.:—Is there a United States fish distributing station in Atlanta?

Yes, but it is not open at present. The agent will be stationed here next fall with a full supply of fish for free distribution, but in order to insure his attention application for fish should now be filed with the United States commissioner at Washington, D. C.

Difficult to Answer.

J. L., Rogersville, Tenn.: How many more walking matches will take place in Atlanta this season?

About seventy-five, more or less. It is impossible to tell just how long the public will continue to take an interest in this exciting sport.

Points About Newspapers.

C. W. W. Cave Springs, Ga:—Which are the most ably edited republican, democratic and independent newspapers in the north? 2. What is the best humorous paper? 3. What three newspapers have the largest circulation?

Your questions hang on personal opinion. The New York Tribune is perhaps the ablest republican paper as far as its editorials go, the New York World is the most prominent democratic paper and the New York Sun certainly the ablest independent paper. 2. "Puck," the illustrated New York paper. 3. Of the weekly papers Bonner's Ledger has the largest circulation. Of the influential dailies the New York Herald, the New York Sun and the Boston Herald.

THE STOCK LAW IN ROCKDALE.

How No-Fence Works Where it Has Been Tried—An Interesting Discussion.

The Honey Creek agricultural club, organized in 1873, met May 17, 1884, President Madison Tucker in the chair. Question for the evening: "What are the advantages growing out of the stock law?"

Mr. J. G. McNair said Rockdale county was one of the first in the state to adopt this law, and it is right that we should consider its advantages and publish them to our more unfortunate sister counties, who are still laboring under the old mistaken idea of fencing. I opposed it at first, but after two years actual trial—and trial is the test of facts—I find many important advantages growing out of it.

First, it promotes harmony and peace between neighbors. We no longer fence our crops with dogs. We hear no more of injured stock and ruined crops. Second, a vast amount of hard labor is saved. The drudgery of splitting and hauling rails, hanging water racks, repairing and building fences, and fixing up after big rains are now all dispensed with. It is easier to fence in my own stock than to fence out every body else's. Third, it improves our land. Land allowed to retain all the vegetable matter that grows on it will rapidly improve in fertility, while land constantly grazed and trodden by stock, deteriorates in quality. Fourth, we are not forced to have so much timbered land. Fifth, it is an advantage to fruit growing, and sixth, it is an advantage to stock raising. Good stock are superseding poor, because it will not pay to keep sorry stock. One good cow well attended will produce more good milk and butter than three ordinary cows ordinarily kept. The fear of not being able to raise hogs was entertained even by those who favored its adoption. More hogs now in the county than for several years, and more meat made in Rockdale county last year than any other previous year since the war.

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BURNSIDE'S SHORTAGE.

A Leading Republican Official Short for $45,000.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—When the employes of the postoffice department went to the office of the disbursing officer this morning to receive their month's salary, they found the doors closed and the pay notices removed. It was soon learned that the postoffice inspectors were examining the accounts of J. O. P. Burnside, superintendent of the postoffice building and disbursing clerk, and within a few hours it was announced that a shortage of $45,000 had been discovered. The postmaster general thereupon issued an order removing superintendent Burnside from the office.

AN EXPLANATION OFFERED.

The following official explanation of the action was furnished by the direction of the postmaster general: A committee consisting of A. G. Sharp, chief postoffice inspector; G. W. Wells, chief of the division of finance; and James T. Smith, chief of the bookkeeping division of the sixth auditor's office, examined the accounts of Colonel J. O. P. Burnside, superintendent and disbursing officer for the postoffice department. The result of the examination showed a shortage of about $45,000. His accounts have not been fully audited by the treasury department since the 30th of June, 1881, and it is probable that the misappropriation has occurred from time to time since that date. The postmaster general dismissed him from office and caused him to be ousted, and proceedings to be instituted for embezzlement. It has been stated that Burnside was a frequent investor in the oil syndicate conducted by the Broker Louis, who recently absconded, and that he lost heavily in such ventures. His salary was only $2,100 per annum, and he was said to maintain an expensive private establishment. This might, perhaps, have excited suspicion, but for his statement that his wife was in receipt of a large private income.

HIS BOOK SUPPOSED TO BE GOOD.

The amount of his bond is $90,000, and his sureties are said to be responsible. A curious fact shown by the records is, that Burnside's predecessors, Edwin Olmsted and Frank McCartney, were removed for embezzlement. Burnside's appointment was recommended by Senators Edmunds, Logan, Cullom and others, and by a number of representatives. He was taken in custody by an inspector to-day, and arraigned before a United States commissioner this afternoon. He refuses to make any statements except that the money had been lost in speculation. He made a fine record as a soldier in the union volunteer service in the late war, having been mustered out as a lieutenant colonel. He is now colonel of the National Rifles, a popular militia organization of the district of Columbia. It is said that the system of auditing the accounts in the treasury department permitted Burnside to carry large balances upon paper, without a verification of the cash at short intervals.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Colonel J. O. P. Burnside, disbursing clerk of the postoffice department, has been removed upon the charge of having embezzled $45,000. It is said that a warrant is out for his arrest.

BURNSIDE IN COURT.

This afternoon Colonel Burnside was formally arrested upon a warrant charging him with the embezzlement of $45,000, and was brought into the police court for examination. After a short consultation between his counsel, Jere Wilson, and district attorney, the latter stated that the defendant would waive examination and give bond for his appearance before the criminal court, and that the government would ask to have the bail fixed at $5,400, the amount of the defalcation. Mr. Wilson contended that the bail demanded was excessive, but after some argument the court decided to require the amount named by the district attorney and said counsel could petition the criminal court for an abatement.

Colonel Burnside was unable to furnish the requisite bail to-night, but expects to be able to get it to-morrow. To-night he is at his home in custody of a deputy United States marshal, and has arranged with Judge Snell to meet the latter at his court with his bondsmen at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

SOME FAULTY BOOKKEEPING.

The accounts of the disbursing officer are audited at the treasury department, and it is said by the postoffice officials that any irregularity that exists should have been discovered in that department. It would appear, however, that under the present system of bookkeeping: 1st. The deficiency may have existed for a long time without discovery. Colonel Burnside's books were not falsified, and the shortage would have been evident if the entries had been compared with the cash on hand. Burnside told the experts who were directed by the Postmaster General Gresham to examine his accounts, that there were credits due him which would considerably reduce the deficiency. He said to the postmaster-general that he had lost about $5,000 in his oil ventures, but General Gresham believes he was also involved in Wall street speculations. The statute under which Colonel Burnside's alleged offense comes is section 5488 Revised Statutes, which provides that any disbursing officer of the United States, who converts public funds to his own use, loaning them with or without interest, or disposes of them in any manner not authorized by law, shall be punished by imprisonment with hard labor for not less than one or more than ten years, or by a fine of not more than the amount embezzled, or less than $100, or both imprisonment and fine.

Burnside is a native of Indiana, and enlisted in 1861 as a private in the 15th Illinois infantry, rising rapidly in rank until he attained the grade of lieutenant colonel. After serving through the war between the states he settled in Baltimore as a claim agent, but soon came to Washington, where he obtained a position as clerk in the treasury department. In 1879 he was appointed third class clerk in the postoffice department, and in 1875 was made disbursing clerk, in which capacity he disbursed about three quarters of a million dollars per annum. Colonel Burnside has occupied a prominent social position in Washington. He was one of the founders of the Columbia Rifle club, and was accounted one of the best rifle shots in the American international team. When the National Rifles were reorganized, about four years ago, he was elected commanding officer, and as a special compliment to him, the company intended to visit his old home, Freeport, Ill., during their trip to the west next month. He had, it is said, greater social influence than any other officer of the postoffice department.

THE HEADQUARTERS OPENED.

Arrival of Delegates in Chicago—Getting Ready for the Work of the Convention.

CHICAGO, May 29.—Chairman New said to an associated press reporter that the tickets would all be ready for distribution by Saturday. Stephen B. Elkins, of New York, arrived yesterday morning. He opened the Blaine headquarters at the Grand Pacific hotel to-day. The other headquarters are not open yet. Arthur will have his headquarters at the Grand Pacific, the Palmer and the Leland hotels. The headquarters for the colored delegations from the southern states were opened by the local colored politicians to-day. They say it is purely a matter of social courtesy, and has no political significance. The New York delegation will have headquarters at the Leland.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Sir Jno. James Ennis, W. P., died yesterday. He was a liberal, and had sat for Athlone since December, 1868.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of 3,736,000 francs in gold and 2,889,000 francs in silver.

England.

LONDON, May 29.—At Dover last evening, at the time of the landing of the duke of Cambridge, the movements of a foreigner were such as to arouse suspicion. He was placed under arrest by the police and a revolver was found in his possession. The supposition was that he was seeking the opportunity to fire upon the duke.

France.

PARIS, May 29.—The Gaulois says that M. Waddington, French minister to England, has informed Earl Granville, British foreign secretary, that Europe would regret to have England abandon the Soudan, and especially Khartourm, which France desires the khedive to retain.

BLACKBURN'S BABY.

How the Kentucky Senator Met Her After Three Years Absence.

The following story is related by United States Senator J. C. C. Blackburn:

"Four days before I went to the front with my regiment we had a little girl baby. She is now grown, and you always see her with me at any social gathering. Well, in our army the furloughs came very rarely. When we got into line there was no great chance for a man to get home. It was about three years afterward that a few of us were one night going down the Mississippi on a river steamer. I had been sick and was returning to my command, but pretty well broken up even then. As for money, we did not have any, and the night was hot as I laid down on the deck my throat almost parched with thirst. Pretty soon a little girl came along with a big glass of lemonade. I tell you it looked good to me. She saw me eyeing it, stopped a minute, looked doubtfully at me, and finally came up to my side. 'You look as if you wanted something to drink,' she said, and offered me the glass. It wasn't the square thing to do, but I took it and handed it back empty. It was like nectar to me. Then I thanked the little creature and sent her away. Soon after, just like every child, the came back leading her mother to see the poor soldier. By Jupiter, it was my wife, and the girl was the baby whom I had last seen as a baby just born. You can imagine the reunion. They were with my brother's family and happened to be going down the river. That was the only time during the four year's fighting that I saw my wife and baby, and under these circumstances what man would ever forget it?"

Homicides in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 29.—[Special]—P. R. Gillespie shot and killed a negro at Worrior, twenty miles above here last night. Gillespie as constable, arrested the negro, when the latter attempted to shoot the officer.

Ella Williams, a notoriously bad negro woman, hot and fatally wounded a negro man named Andrew Elbin, in this city this morning. She shot him because he snatched a book from her. She fled but the officers arrested and lodged her in jail.

A Competitive Drill.

COLUMBUS, Ga., May 29.—[Special]—The ColumbusGuards held an individual competitive drill at their armory to-night for a handsome gold medal, presented by Mr. J. E. MacDonald, of New York. Lawson Kimbrough was the successful competitor

The Evidence all In.

COLUMBUS, Ga., May 29.—[Special]—The case of the state versus Ben Mitchell, charged with the murder of Mr. J. B. Wright in the summer of 1882 has occupied Muscogee superior court for two days past. The evidence was concluded this evening and argument will begin to-morrow morning.

The Eclectic College Fair.

The fair was well attended last night and the dancing was greatly enjoyed. A good string band furnished excellent music.

An elegant brussell carpet and a handsome suit of furniture were on exhibition. They are to be raffled.

"English as She is Spoke."

Oil City Derrick: "Amy," said the high school graduate to her friend yesterday, "I gave Sue the frigid vibration this morning."

"You gave her what?" asked Amy.

"The frigid vibration," replied Mildred.

"What in the world is that?" asked Amy, in astonishment.

"What you call the cold shake, you know," explained the high school girl.

Letter List.

List of Letters remaining in postoffice, Atlanta, Georgia, for week ending May 26, 1884. Persons calling for any of said letters please say "advertised" and name the date.

GENTLEMAN'S LIST.

B—George Brown, Edward Brown, Jack Blount, Horace Booth, Henry L. Brooks, J. B. O. Bowman, Charles Booshard, Elder S. Boykin, Frank Ball, B. R. Burge, John A. Bushy, J. A. Bryant, F. Brown John Brown, W. M. Brown, A. E. Brown, Baret & Wood, John B. Bland, Geo. Bagley.

C—Dr. A. B. Cook, Dr. J. T. Cook, Dr. W. H. Cameron, Rollin Caswick, C. C. Crawford, C. H. Cullom, Z. H. Calhoun, C. M. Chapman, Charles H. Chapman, John C. Corey, R. A. Clayton, J. K. Cowen, B. P. Cornet, W. L. Coakley, John Cogburn, John Coockey, H. E. Caldwell.

D—B. M. Darlington, T. O. Day, C. I. Delphey, E. T. Dickenson, Charlie Dale, W. Day, L. H. Doten, Doneyhooe, Clem Davis.

E—M. C. Edwards, Rev. Dr. Ellis, Allen W. Ellington, W. F. Ellis, Edbrooke & Burnham, Eureka Fire Hose Co.

F—John Finley, F. C. Fitten, W. F. Fenley, J. W. Follansby, Freight Agent, G. & F. Co., E. J. Foy, Wm. Fields, G. W. Fox.

G—P. B. Gravely & Co., T. W. Gold, Goodrich & Fieldsburg, J. O. Gordon, Pyatt Green, John E. Gill, Abram Green, G. W. Giles, Willis Grooms, G. Grimes, B. C. Gillons, Dr. D. W. Groyen, J. C. Gault, Sam Gray.

H—Geo B. Harris, Dr. L. B. Henderson, J. A. Hollyfield, Hodgson & Co., J. B. Huss, J. W. Hussey, W. A. Hunthill, Geo. H. Hopkins, John Hornsby, C. P. Hammond, H. B. Hamell, Geo. P. Hatch, Geo I. Harper, Haggood & Richard, Rev. W. F. Haggood, Howard Haynes, M. Heygood, Hancock Plow Co., Wm. H. Holmes, H. S. Hodge, Handcock & Frazier, J. H. Harrison, J. B. Harrison, Mrs. Mary Holmes.

J—M. M. Johnson, Mealy Jackson, C. J. Jackson, E. L. Jenkins, Andrew Johnson, D. Jones, Isaac Johnson, Jos. W. Jones, W. B. Jones, Rev. Robert Jordan, A. Johnson, R. B. T. Johnson, B. F. Jones, Henry Jones, colored, Perino Jordan, Solon Johnson.

K—Kilpatrick, Oakley & Co., W. F. Knowlton, R. B. Kelley, Geo. P. Kaufmann, 3, Jessie M. Kass, R. C. Kirkland, Jr.

L—Drs. Livingston & Son, Richard Landy, J. B. Lollande, Dr. Bascombe Lakes, Dr. H. A. Lawrence, J. M. Loyd, Edward Lewis.

M—Manager of Cole and Coke Works, Henry J. Meyler, G. W. McKenna, F. M. Micklejohn, James Moore, Kit Magic, W. M. Menter, J. L. Merrits, Towns Mattison, W. B. Matthews, E. H. Mathews, Erwin Martin, Charles Mathews, W. H. Mayne, G. W Manning, F. S. McMorris, J. T. McDaniel, W. M. McAfee, Joe McDaniel, T. J. Mackgee, P. J. McGuire, Jos. McAfee, N. M. Morris, S. D. McMillen, Richard L. Morris, W. N. Morrison, F. F. Morrison, L. J. Morris, J. S. McDonald.

N—Wm. Neil, Alf Nickson, S. H. Newton, Chas. Neer.

O—John M. Osborne, S. B. Orentt.

P—Wm. Parker, J. B. Prather, L. Roy Patterson, G. W. Pratt, Dr. Alkert T. Payne, H. D. Parks, Alonzo Pharr, Wm. Peeples, S. T. Phillips, R. E. Pierce, W. E. Potts, Thomas L. Poland, Rev. M. W. Pryor.

R—S. F. Roberts, 2, Henry Runeds, Dr. W. H. Robertson, D. J. Roy, S. Ratkowich, A. L. Rivers, Joe Dulop Rogers, J. B. Roberts, M. Robinson, Arthur Roller, J. G Rushing, J. D. Reeves, N. E. Rhodes, O. B. Randolph.

S—Sweadish Watch Co., Smith & Dimmock, B. Sallander, Jos. B. Swain, R. V. Streeter, S. Stradley, W. T. Stewart, Warren Stigalls, W. M. Steele, J. L. Shockley, W. A. Susong, Jo. Smith, John Smith, 2, H. J. Smith.

T—Dr. Treadwell, Memory Turner, Turbur, Whyland & Co., Corrill Towell, S. P. Thompson, A. W. Thompsen, W. H. Turner, John Turner.

V—Aaron Vinson.

W—C. A. Wiley, J. B. White & Co., Woodson Wilson, Richard Witter, B. B. Winn, G W. H. Whitaker, F. A Wilburn, C. F. Wyatt, J. S. Williams, C. W. Williams, John Williams, B. Woodward & Co., Jas T. White, Dr. Geo. H. Winkler, O. Worman. Whitfield, Powers & Co., Joseph Winter, J. M. Weaver, M. R. Watrous, Allen Watt, A. H. Watson, Tom B. Warren, W. F. Welling, James West.

Y—A. V. Young, 2, F. M. Young.

Z—J. F. Zimmerman, col.

LADIES LIST.

A—Mrs. Julia Anderson, Miss Emma O. Alexander, Miss Mattie Adams.

B—Mrs. Vimi Bise, Miss Cornelia Brent Miss Margaret Birks, Miss Emma R. Bridwell, Sallie Brooks, Mrs. J. R. Borks, Sallie P. Brown, Miss Vickie Berrill, Miss Ida A. Ballon, 3, Jarah Banks, Mrs. Cornelia A. Banks, Miss Roxy Barge, Mrs. Jane Blonch, Mrs. Jas. D. Black.

C—Mrs. Georgia Clay, Nancy Chatham, Miss Mattie Carter, Anna Cassel, Sealy Chesemon, Mattie Clark, Mrs. Selie Caldwell, Miss Katie Clums.

D—Miss Rhody Davis, Emma Lee Duke, Mrs. M. R. Davidson.

E—Miss Lidie Elam, Mrs. S. C. Egleston, Mrs. A. Elberson.

E—Miss Emma Fieldr.

G—Clarisy Gains, Miss Ella Glower, Mrs. James Greene, Jane Green, Miss Margaret Getty.

H—Miss Josie Holmes, Mrs. Jay H. Harper, Mrs. Laura Henry, Miss Julia Hill, 2, Vinie Howell, Mrs. V. A. Holmes.

J—Miss Laura Jackson, Miss Lizzie James, Mrs S. Johnson, Rachael Johnson, Mrs. E. I. Johnson.

K—Miss M. A. Kimball, Miss Allies King, Miss Nettie Latham, Mrs. E. B. Little, Mrs Manda Laird.

M—Mrs. Patsy McCaul, Miss Sarah McDow, U. P. Morris, A. P. Mills, Miss Melvira Millican.

N—Mrs. Carry Neal, Miss Maggie Nesbit.

P—Miss Vina J. Porter, Miss Lizzie Preston, Mrs. M. J. Parse, Miss Nancy Pope.

R—Mrs. Minnie Ross, Mrs. Mary Redding, Miss Sadie Reagan.

S—Miss Fannie Spragins, Miss Roxie Smith, Miss B. Shultz, Miss Mattie Stokes, Sallie Sims, Emily Simmons, Miss Mittie Sellers, Mrs. Hariet Spratlin, Mrs. Eliza Sentley, Mary Jane Shepherd, Mrs. C. H. Sands, Miss Pauline Sloman.

T—Mrs. Frank Thomas, Mrs. Georgia Thornton, Miss Mandy Thomas.

W—Miss Minnie Watkins, Joe Wilson, Miss Jennie White, Mary Wilbanks, Mrs. Josephine Walkers, Mrs. Mary Walker, Miss Mamie Warlixter, Anna Winkfield, Sallie Wright, Mrs. Sallie White, Miss Ida Wright.

W. T. B. WILSON, Postmaster.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros., Atlanta, Ga.

Thirty years' experience in making fine goods in New York has enabled Hanan & Son to supply gentlemen of fastidious tastes with first class HAND MADE shoes. Those who wish a perfect fit, comfort, style and excellence of material will find "the HANAN" Shoes for sale by

M'KELDIN & CARLTON,

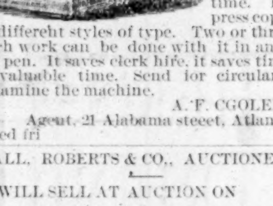
Address,

35 PEACHTREE STREET,

Sole Agents for Atlanta.

—THE—

REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER



The most perfect writing machine made. Simple, durable, easily and rapidly worked. Every business and professional man should have one. Several copies may be made at a time. Beautiful press copies made Many different styles of type. Two or three times as much work can be done with it in an hour as with a pen. It saves clerk hire, it saves time—your time—valuable time. Send for circular or call and examine the machine.

A. F. COLEDGE.
Agent, 21 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.
su wed fri

HALL, ROBERTS & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON

NEXTFRIDAY, 30th INSTANT,

at 5 p. m., on the premises, house and lot No. 108 West Baker street. The lot is 50x200 running from Baker to a 20 foot alley, with a good five-room house on the Baker street front, and a nice site with ample room for another to front the alley. This property is situated on a high point about one-quarter of a mile from the center of the city. Terms one-half cash, balance first October next with interest at 8 per cent.

HALL, ROBERTS & CO.,
5p 10 South Broad street.

Notice of Limited Partnership.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—IT is, this, the 29th day of May, 1884, agreed by and between the parties hereof to form a limited partnership under the laws of Georgia, and that said partnership shall conduct business under the following provisions:

1. That the name and style by which it only shall conduct business shall be Tryon & Watson; that it shall be located in Atlanta, state and county aforesaid.

2. That the general nature of the business to be transacted is the manufacture of sash, doors, blinds, mantels and general house building materials, and to buy and sell lumber, oils, glass and builder's hardware.

3. That Frank Tryon and Edmund Watson, both of said state and county, are the general partners, and David Woodward, of Watertown, Connecticut, is the special partner, and as such special partner has contributed this day five thousand dollars to the common stock of said company.

4. That said business shall commence from this date and continue for the period of three years, subject to be dissolved at any time during that period by complying with the provisions of the law.

FRANK TRYON,
EDMUND B. WATSON,
DAVID WOODWARD.

Georgia, Fulton County.—I hereby certify that the above instrument was signed and acknowledged by the parties thereto before me this, 29th day of May, 1884. JOS. J. ECKFORD,
Not. Pub. Fulton county, Ga.

Filed in office this 29th day of May, 1884.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

I certify that the above is a true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court. This 29th day of May, 1884. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
fri

Freight Office, Atlanta & West Point Railroad.

ATLANTA, May 30, 1884.

THE FOLLOWING UNCLAIMED FREIGHT IF not claimed and removed in 30 days, will be sold at the depot at 10 o'clock, a.m., June 28th:

J S Pursley, 1 case.
A & C A S R R, 2 box casting.
J G Ham, 1 thresher.
George Shuman, 1 box drugs.
J H Anderson, 1 engine, 1 breast yoke, 1 box.
S H Venable, 40 plows, 1 gin.
J F Burke, 4 barrels and 5 boxes baking powder.
A L Amon, 3 barrels, 2 buckets, 2 brushes.
Ann Pinson, 1 box, 1 pot.
T D Cline, 1 box scale.
J & H T Trowbridge, 1 box marble.
John Barton, 1 box glass.
W C Smith, 3 planters.
John H Smith, 2 Chura powers.
H A Moore & Co., 2 box hardware.
M L Burney, 1 sack oats.
Ellsworth & G., 2 barrels ore, 2 boxes ore.
Allen & Hall, 1 box.
Ed Levell, 1 bedstead, R and S.
G T Wheeler, 1 pump.
Webster Davis, 1 bundle sacks.
H R Elliott, 3 empty cans.
O F W, 1 barrel molasses.
Lost baggage, no marks, 3 trunks, 1 box.
fri R. M. FARRAR, Agent.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—OFFICE OF commissioners of roads and revenues, May 29, 1884.

The road commissioners to whom was referred the petition to establish a public road, commencing at Ben Hill postoffice on the Campbellton road and running in a southeasterly direction and intersecting the Newnan at Mount Olivet church, a distance of 2½ or 3 miles, having reported recommending the establishment of the same, all persons are therefore notified that on the first Wednesday in July, 1884, said new road will be finally granted, if no good cause is shown to the contrary.

JOHN T. COOPER,
fri Clerk Com. R. and R.

GEORGIA, FAYETTE COUNTY—SIDNEY STORY applies for guardianship of Hester Speer, colored, and I will pass upon the same on the first Monday in July next. May 28, 1884.
L. B. GRIGGS, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FAYETTE COUNTY. — HENRY Stewart of said county, departed this life intestate and no person has applied for administration on his estate, in said State, administration will be vested in the Clerk of the SuperiorCourt, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in July next. May 28, 1884. L. B. GRIGGS,
Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FAYETTE COUNTY.—A. J. SHROPshire, executor of Mrs. M. L. Shropshire, represents that he has fully administered M. L. Shropshire's estate. This is to cite all persons concerned, to show cause why said executor should not be discharged from his administration on the first Monday in September next. May 28, 1884.
L. B. GRIGGS, Ordinary.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY FROM THE owner, W. M. Gaines, I will sell before the courthouse door in Atlanta, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in June next, at auction, to the highest cash bidder, the following real estate to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, a part of land lot No. 46 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the southeast corner of Cain and Fort streets, thence east along the south side of Cain street 98 feet; thence south 50 feet; thence west 98 feet to Fort street; thence north along the east side of Fort street 50 feet to the beginning point; being lot No. 26 and corner lot of the Marshal survey of September 1st, 1879. Titles perfect.

C. C. NELSON,
Fri 16½ Whitehall Street.

NEW SHOE STORE

33 PEACHTREE STREET.

NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK AND THE HANDSOMEST STORE IN ATLANTA

Cheapest Prices Ever Offered.

If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.

STOCKTON & STRIBLING.

SEASONABLE.

FINEST REFRIGERATORS IN THE WORLD.

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, FINEST WATER COOLERS,

Ice Cream Freezers, Fruit Jars, Fly Fans, Gate City Filters,

ELECTRIC LUSTRE STARCH AT

McBRIDE'S

HOUSEFURNISHING AND CHINA DEPOT.

Just simply do yourself justice. Get McBride's prices. IT WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

OUR MR. J. P. STEVENS

Is now in New York, buying Goods of the

Latest and Finest Designs.

ARRIVING DAILY.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

23 WHITEHALL ST., COR. ALABAMA and WHITEHALL.

SPRING ONCE AGAIN!

G. G. GROSSE,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

WHITEHALL STREET, UP STAIRS, ATLANTA.

The most elegant stock of fine piece goods for SPRING SUITS, PANTS, ETC., ever in the city. Sur Fits guaranteed. Come and take a look for yourself.

A FLORIDA HOMESTEAD FREE.

A FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

SECURED BY A FIRST MORTGAGE ON THE RAILROAD, ITS PROPERTY AND LAND GRANT OF 15,000 acres per mile. All cash received for subscriptions payable directly by subscribers to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, of New York. Trustees for the subscribers to be paid out only upon completed sections of road at the rate of fifteen thousand dollars per mile.

Subscribers will get a free gift in the shape of a Land Warrant, negotiable and transferable, for 40 acres of land for each one hundred dollars subscribed and paid. These land warrants are considered worth as much or more than the prices of the bonds—well selected lands should be worth one hundred dollars per acre. These bonds are issued in denominations of one hundred, five hundred and one thousand dollars. Remember you are offered a Florida Homestead free.

For every $100 bond you buy you will get 40 acres of land free.
" " 500 " " " " 200 " "
" " 1,000 " " " " 400 " "

Subscriptions may be made at the office of W. H. PATTERSON, Stock and Bond Broker, 24 South Pryor street, where any desired information will be cheerfully given.

AMUSEMENTS.

1884. 1884.

EXCURSION SEASON.

BEAUTIFUL CUMBERLAND ISLAND!

The Gem of the Atlantic reached by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad!

THE DIRECT SHORT LINE.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, ever liberal and progressive, will, on May 25th, commence running superb Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Brunswick without change.

Excursion tickets now on sale at special low rates.

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP! $10.40.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, being the Direct Short Line to Cumberland Island, makes the rate.

Close connection at Brunswick daily with the staunch and first-class steamer Egmont.

Passengers leaving Atlanta 3:15 p. m., by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Short Line, reach the Island next day for dinner. This is an advantage no other route can offer.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car berths, etc., apply at the Short Line office, Mitchell st., depot.

JACK W. JOHNSON,
Ticket Agent.
J. J. GRIFFIN,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agent.
S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent.
A. POPE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ma23 d 1 m.

EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE

GLYNN COUNTY

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

AT BRUNSWICK, GA.,

JUNE 10th, 11th and 12th, 1884.

GRAND TOURNAMENT

OF KNIGHTS IN COSTUME.

Twelve married men of known reputation as riders will enter against twelve single men of pluck and dash.

AMUSEMENTS

Of all sorts; splendid music, horse racing of high order; grand parade of military and firemen.

A REGATTA!

This sight alone will be worth a trip to the city. Yachts, Schooners, Steamboats and all sorts of craft, gaily decorated with flags, going around the islands at full speed will be a novel sight to all.

EXCURSIONS

In abundance down the harbor and to the neighboring islands.

BALLOON ASCENSION

11TH AND 12TH,
PROFESSOR HUNT, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO,

Will make two ascensions and perform his wonderful feats on a trapez bar suspended under the balloon, at an altitude of thousands of feet in the air.

A GRAND BALL

TO WIND UP WITH.

Everybody in Georgia are welcome to exhibit for premiums of purses, and list will be forwarded on application to T. D. DUNN, President,
MOSES DANIELS, Secretary.

TO THE CREDITORS OF MR. JOHN H. JAMES.

ALL PERSONS OUT OF THE CITY OF ATLANta holding certificates of deposit or interest bearing notes will please forward their address to the undersigned. We desire to place in your hands a circular prepared for the information of all creditors.

I. W. AVERY,
ANTHONY MURPHY,
A. H. COX,
Sub-Committee.

FOR SALE BY RICE & WILSON.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT NEAR THE DECATUR depot, 200 feet front, 585 deep, 4 rooms new modern house, outbuildings, new plank fence, fine garden spot, best of fruit and water; also three and a half acres vacant land just opposite the above place—a thing of beauty. This property can be bought cheap. RICE & WILSON.
7 North Broad Street.

NOTICE TO PLASTERERS.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE until 12 m. on the 31st instant, for lathing and plastering the NEW BUILDING FOR THE CONSTITUTION, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets.

PARTIES MAKING BIDS

Are requsted to bid as follows:

1st, What they are willing to do the work per square yard for, both whitewash work and hard finish.

2d, What they are willing to do all the work, lathing, whitewash work and hard finish for the whole building, and specifying what time it can be finished.

Party whose bid is accepted is expected to furnish all the material. For particulars about work required for each story, apply to Kimball, Wheeler & Co., Railroad block, upstairs, front of National hotel. E. P. HOWELL,
President Constitution Publishing Co.
May

SUBURBAN AND FARM PROPERTY—BEING engaged in handling suburban property exclusively, I may fairly claim to have better facilities for supplying rural homes either for residence or farming purposes, than any enjoyed by most agents. I will send descriptive lists, with prices of residences and vacant property for sale in and around Decatur and on the line of the Georgia railroad, and also of farms to any one applying for will be pleased to show properties to any one who will call at my office. E. M. WORD,
su wed fri Real Estate Agent, Decatur, Ga.

NOTICE

To Jail Contractors.

OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
McDONOUGH, Ga., May 5, 1884.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF ROADS AND REVEnues of Henry county, Ga., invite all Jail Contractors who may desire to compete for the building of a new jail in said county to meet with them at their office in McDonough, Ga., on the first Wednesday in June and present specifications and estimates of cost of such a structure as may be desired. The building will be of brick, the whole not to cost over $5,000. Bond in double the amount of the bid will be required for faithful performance of contract. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

A. E. BROWN,
W. A. SPEER,
W. H. H. PEEK,
W. R. ROWAN,
W. W. WARD,
Commissioners.

A SPLENDID FARM

AND

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

I AM INSTRUCTED BY MR. JOHN RYAN TO sell his country residence near Clarksville, Habersham county, between the Rabun Gap public road and the Seque river, containing about one hundred and sixty acres. There are on the premises a newly built cottage and all necessary outbuildings, corn houses, smoke house, stable, carriage house and several other buildings. Also a nice house for the caretaker, and a store having a good trade with the surrounding country. The farm is in excellent condition. A great portion of it has been well manured, and has been principally used for a stock farm. Upon it is a fine orchard and a splendid vineyard. Also cows, sheep, horses, hogs, poultry, now on the place.

All will be sold. I am instructed to close out at a bargain.

Mr. John Mackey, now in charge of the premises, will show visitors the place.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER AND DEALER IN

STOCKS AND BONDS,

OFFICE

Gate City National Bank Building.

(Pryor Street Entrance.)

GEORGIA COTTON, PRODUCE

—AND—

STOCK EXCHANGE,

PAINE, ROWLAND & CO., Managers.

Brokers in Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, Sides, Lard and Coffee Futures, also Stocks of all kinds, and Petroleum bought and sold on margins. NO. 8 NORTH BROAD STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Refer to Gate City National Bank.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker
24 PRYOR STREET,
JACKSON BUILDING.

WANTED.

Atlanta City Bonds.
Georgia Railroad Bonds.
State of Georgia Bonds.
Southwestern Railroad Stock.
City of Augusta Bonds.

FOR SALE.

Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
Fulton County Bonds.
International Railroad and Steamship 6 per cent Land Grand Bonds.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Atlanta Gas Light Co. Stock.
Sheffield Coal, Iron and Land Co. Stock.

Maddox, Rucker & Co.
BANKERS,
Transact a General Banking Business.
Allow 4 per cent Interest on Deposits.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 29, 1884.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	105	106	Atlanta 7s	108	110
Ga. 7s, 1886	105	106	Atlanta 6s	100	102
Ga. 7s gold	111	113	Augusta 7s	108	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	117	120	Augusta 6s	102	104
S.C.(Brown)	102	104	Macon 6s	106	107
Savannah 5s	90	92	Rome, new	95	100
Atlanta 8s	114	116	Columbus 5s	82	85

ATLANTA BANK STOCK.

Atlanta Na'l	200	210	B'k State of Ga.	100	
M'ch'ts B'k	100	105	Gate City Nat.	100	

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 7s	104	106	Atlanta & Char.		
Ga. R. 6s	104	106	inc. 6s	55	58
Cent. R. 7s	108	110	Atlantic & G.		
C. C. & A. 1st	106	108	con	108	110
At.&Char.1st	102	104	E. T., V. & G. inc. 6s	28	30

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	155	157	Central	85	87
At. & Char.	65	68	Aug. & Sav.	115	117
Southwe'tern	114	116	A. & W. P.	95	100
South C'lina	20	25	C. C. & A.	28	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, May 29—Share speculation opened generally lower this morning. New York Central and New Jersey Central were weak, the spots of the former declining 1¼ per cent, and the latter 2¼ per cent. New York Central was depressed on the revival of the talk of a reduction in dividends to 1½ per cent quarterly. Canada Pacific declined ⅝ per cent; Michigan Central 1½; Reading 1⅛; Lackawanna ¾. Western Union, Kansas and Texas, Delaware and Hudson, Northwest, St. Paul, Louisville and Nashville, Northern Pacific preferred and Oregon Transcontinental were strong. Before the first call the temper of speculation turned for the better, and the market continued strong until the close. The sharp break in prices yesterday, it is now alleged, was encouraged by the bull traders, who considered that the market was going up too fast. Pacific Mail rose 4⅛ per cent; Missouri Pacific Mail rose 4⅛ per cent; Missouri Pacific 4½; Northwest 3; Lackawanna 3½; St. Paul 2⅝; New York Central 2; New Jersey Central 2; Northern Pacific preferred 1½; Reading 2½; Union Pacific 3¾; Western Union 2¼. At the close there was a reaction of ¼ to ½ per cent in the general list, and 1¼ in Jersey Central, but the market left off stronger. Compared with last night's closing, prices are ½ to 4 per cent higher, except for New York Central, which is ½ lower. Among the inactive shares, Lackawanna and Western declined 4 per cent. Sales 382,000 shares. To-morrow being decoration day, no quotations will be received from New York.

Exchange 483¼. Money 2. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $127,504,000; currency $10,215,000. Governments irregular; 4s 120½; 3s 100⅝. State bonds quiet.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	81½	Mobile & Ohio	8
do. Class B 5s	‡103	A. & C.	40½
Ga. 6s	†103	N. O. Pac firsts	70
Ga. 7s mortgage	†104	N. Y. Central	105
North Carolinas	†30	Norfolk & W'n pre.	30
do. new	†18	Northern Pac.	20⅝
do. funding	†10	do. preferred	47
S. C. con. Brown	105	Pacific Mail	41½
Tennessee 6s	36	Reading	28½
Virginia 6s	†40	Rich. & Allegheny	2
Virginia consols	37¼	Richmond & Dan.	†40½
Chesap'ke & Ohio	8¾	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	‡20
Chicago & N. W.	99	Rock Island	111¾
do. preferred	128	St. Paul	71⅝
Den & Rio Grande	11⅝	do. preferred	108¼
Erie	15¾	Texas Pacific	13⅞
East Tenn. R. R.	4¼	Union Pacific	40⅛
Lake Shore	85⅛	Wab. St. L. & Pac.	6⅛
L. & N.	33⅞	do. preferred	12⅞
Memphis & Char.	†24	Western Union	57¾

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend °Offered ‡Asked

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 29, 1884.

New York.—A dull and steady feeling has prevailed all the week in the cotton market, and while the close to-day shows no material change yet the market possesses very little animation, and futures are gradually moving downward. Spots too are steady and quotably unchanged. Middling 11⅝.

Net receipts for five days to 6,999 bales, against 21,721 bales last year; exports 17,400 bales; last year 52,501 bales; 471,500 bales; last year 506,189 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
May	11.55@	May	11.54@11.56
June	11.57@	June	11.55@
July	11.78@	July	11.77@
August	11.92@	August	11.90@
September	11.74@	September	11.71@
October	11.25@	October	11.24@
November	11.02@11.04	November	11.00@11.02
December	11.02@	December	11.00@
January	11.08@11.10	January	11.07@11.08
February	11.19@	February	11.08@11.20

Closed dull; sales 47,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots—Uplands 6⅛d; Orleans 6½d; sales 12,000 bales, of which 7,800 bales were American; receipts 19,000; American 4,600.

Local—Cotton quiet at quotations. We quote: Good middling 11⅝c; middling 11¼c; strict low middling 11⅛c; low middling 11c; strict good ordinary 10⅝c; tinges 11⅛c; stains 9¼@9⅝c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	—
Air-Line Railroad	—
Georgia Railroad	—
Central Railroad	—
Western and Atlantic Railroad	—
West Point Railroad	—
E. Tenn., Va. and Ga. Railroad	—
Georgia Pacific Railroad	2
Total	2
Receipts previously	146,076
Total	146,078
Stock September 1	3,441

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	—
Shipments previously	134,325
Local for week	245
Local consumption since September 1	9,542
Total	144,112
Stock on hand	5,407

NEW YORK, May 29—The Post's cotton market report says: Futures are still laboring under pressure of notices for June delivery. May lost 5-100; June and July 2-100, and the balance of the list 1-100. After a slight advance there was a good demand at the third call, but only 100 bales of June were sold, at 11.56, and 200 bales of August at 11.90. These prices were freely bid after the call, but were refused. Futures closed dull but steady, and 2-100 to 1-100 lower than yesterday.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, May 29—Noon—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 6⅛; middling Orleans 6½; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 19,000; American 4,600; uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 6 21-64, 6 22-64; July and August delivery 6 26-64, 6 27-64; August and September delivery 6 30-64, 6 31-64; September and October delivery 6 29-64; October and November delivery 6 16-64; November and December delivery 6 11-64; September delivery 6 33-64; futures opened steady at full rates.

LIVERPOOL, May 29—2:00 p. m.—Cotton good middling uplands 6 9-16; middling uplands 6⅛; low middlings 6 3-16; good ordinary 5 15-16; ordinary 5⅛; good middling Texas 5⅝; middling Texas 6⅛; low middling 6 5-16; good ordinary 6⅛; ordinary 5 9-16; good middling Orleans 6 11-16; middling Orleans 6½; low middling 6 15-16; good ordinary 6¼; ordinary 5 9-16; uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 22-64; May and June delivery 6 22-64; June and July delivery 6 23-64; July and August delivery 6 27-64; August and September delivery 6 31-64; September and October delivery 6 29-64; October and November delivery 6 17-64; November and December delivery 6 13-64; September delivery 6 33-64. Sales of American 8,300 bales.

LIVERPOOL, May 29—4:00 p. m.—Futures closed steady; uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 22-64, sellers; May and June delivery 6 32-64, sellers; June and July delivery 6 22-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 27-64, buyers; August and September delivery 6 31-64, buyers; September and October delivery 6 29-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 17-64, buyers; November and December delivery 6 31-64, sellers; September delivery 6 33-64, buyers.

NEW YORK, May 29—Cotton steady; sales 1,145 bales; middling uplands 11⅝; middling Orleans 11⅞; net receipts —; gross —; consolidated net receipts 563; exports to Great Britain 3,418.

GALVESTON, May 29—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; net receipts 11 bales; gross 11; sales none; stock 5,587; exports coastwise.

NORFOLK, May 29—Cotton firm; middling 11 7-16; net receipts 59 bales; gross 59; stock 1,888; sales 322; exports coastwise 11.

WILMINGTON, May 29—Cotton dull; middling 11¾; net receipts 3 bale; gross 2; sales none; stock 1,575.

SAVANNAH, May 29—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11¼; net receipts 20 bales; gross 20; sales 50; stock 1,738; exports coastwise 376.

NEW ORLEANS, May 29—Cotton quiet and easy; middling 11½; net receipts 212 bales; gross 225; sales 1,000; stock 107,909; exports coastwise.

MOBILE, May 29—Cotton dull; middling 11¼; net receipts 5 bales; gross 4; sales none; stock 7,326; exports coastwise 67.

MEMPHIS, May 29—Cotton steady; middling 11⅝; net receipts 250; shipments 1,031; sales 750; stock 21,779.

AUGUSTA, May 29—Cotton steady; middling 11½; net receipt — bales; shipments —; sales 538.

CHARLESTON, May 29—Cotton nominal; middling 11½; net receipts 22 bales; gross 22; sales —; stock 3,260; exports coastwise 88.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, May 29—Prices were well sustained to-day, with exception that in provisions a sharp decline occurred. Wheat flucuated very wildly within a range of 1½c, and closed with very little change from yesterday on regular board. On the afternoon board an advance occurred, and the latest prices of the day were ½@¾c over those of yesterday. Unfavorable reports were received from a number of the winter wheat growing states, and later firmness in stocks also assisted in giving a firmer tone to the market. June closed at 89c, July at 92c.

Corn ruled moderately quiet and closed on the regular board a shade under yesterday. Prices rallied on afternoon board, however, and closed steady. June closed at 55¼c, July at 57⅝c and August at 59c.

Oats were firm and a shade higher. June closed at 31⅞c, July at 32⅝ and August at 29¼c.

Pork sustained a decline of 60@80c, but closed steady. On the afternoon board August options advanced 15c. June and July closed $19.20 and August $19.25. Lard declined 10@15c on regular board but rallied 2½@5c on evening board. June closed 8.10, July 8.30 and August 8.47½.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 29, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
June	89¼	89¾	88¾	89
July	91⅝	92⅛	89¾	91⅛
PORK.				
July	19 32½	19 32½	19 00	19 20
August	19 00	19 27½	18 90	19 25
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
June	8 35	8 35	8 17½	8 27½
July	8 52½	8 52½	8 47½	8 47½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, May 29—For some days the grain supply has been very light. The supply of corn has been far short of the demand. Oats scarce and firm. Flour—Patent process $7.25@$7.75; fancy $6.25; extra family $5.75@$6.00; family $5.25@$5.50; extra $4.75@$5.00. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.20@$1.23. Corn—We quote as follows: white milling, car lots bulk, 85c; do. sacked 88c; dray lots 93c; mixed, car lots bulk, 75c; do. sacked 78c; dray lots 83c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₩ 100 lbs. Oats—Car lots bulk 47c; do. sacked 49½c; dray lots 53c. Rye—None. Wheat Bran—Car lots sacked $1.10; dray lots $1.15@$1.17½. Grits $3.85 ₩ bbl.

BALTIMORE, May 29—Flour quiet and easy; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.50; extra $3.62@$4.62; family $4.75@$5.85; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.50; extra $3.65@$4.75; Rio brands $5.62@$5.75. Wheat, southern firmer and steady; western higher but dull; southern red $1.08@$1.11; amber $1.10@$1.13; No. 1 Maryland $1.11¼@$1.11¾; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.03½@$1.03¾. Corn, southern steady; western about steady and dull; southern white 68@69; yellow 58@61½.

NEW YORK, May 29—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $2.70@$4.80; good to choice $4.85@$6.50. Wheat spot weak; ungraded 87@$1.20; No. 2 red June $1.09@$1.02¾. Corn, spot ¼@½c lower; ungraded 54@64; No. 2 June 64@64⅜. Oats spot ½@¼c higher; No. 2 38½. Hops unchanged; new 18@27.

CHICAGO, May 29—Flour unchanged. Wheat unsettled; opened easy and closed ⅜ lower; May 87¼@89⅜; June 88¼@89⅞; No. 2 Chicago spring 88¼@89. Corn irregular, opened steady but closed ¼@⅜ under yesterday; cash 54¾@55¼; June 55⅛@55¾. Oats firm; cash 31¾; June 31¼@32¼.

ST. LOUIS, May 29—Flour unchanged. Wheat, cash dull and lower; No. 2 red cash $1.08@$1.09¼; June 96@97. Corn higher; No. 2 mixed 52@52⅞ cash. Oats dull; 33⅛@33¼ cash; 32⅞@32⅝ June.

CINCINNATI, May 29—Flour unchanged; family $4.50@$4.80; fancy $5.10@$5.40. Wheat heavy; No. 2 red winter $1.02. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 58. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 34¼@34¾.

LOUISVILLE, May 29—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red winter $1.00@$1.02½. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 58⅛. Oats quiet; No. 2 western mixed 36¾.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, May 29—Coffee—Rio 10½@13; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Standard A 7¼c; granulated 7⅝c; white extra C 7@7¼c; New Orleans sugars, yellow clarified 6¾@7¼c; white 7¼c. Molasses—Black strap in bbls 29c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 7½c. Candy—Assorted stick 10c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 60c; do. ½ bbls, 80 lbs, $3.50@$3.75; do. ½ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½c. Matches—100 ₩ box $1.75; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes 5½@6½c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, May 29—Coffee, spot fair Rio dull at 10; No. 7 Rio spot 8.65; June 8.05@8.10. Sugar, quiet closing steadier; muscavado 4¾; fair to good refining 5@5⅛; refined dull and weak; C 5¼@5¼; extra C 6¼@6½; white extra C 5⅞@5¾; yellow 4⅞@5; off A 5⅞@6¼; mould A 6⅞; standard A 6⅝; confectioners A 6¾; cut loaf 7⅝@7¾; crushed 7⅝@7¾; powdered 7¼@7½; granulated 6¾@6 13-16; Cubes 7¼@7⅝. Molasses lower; Cuba refining 17½; New Orleans 35@51. Rice steady; domestic 5¼@7; ran-goon 4½.

CINCINNATI, May 29—Sugar quiet; hards refined 7¼@7¾; New Orleans 5½@6½.

CHICAGO, May 29—Sugar, standard A 6⅞@7; ...

Provisions.

CHICAGO, May 29—Pork, declined 60@80 but closed steadier; cash $18.75@$19.25; June $19.40 @$19.25. Lard 10@15 lower; cash 8.95@8.10; June 0.17½.

LOUISVILLE, May 29—Provisions unchanged; pork $18.00. Bulk meats, shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 8¾; clear sides 9¼. Bacon, shoulders 7; clear ribs 9¾; clear sides 9⅞; hams, sugar-cured 12½. Lard, steam leaf 10.

ST. LOUIS, May 29—Provisions dull. Pork jobbing at $16.75. Bulk meats higher; long clear 8¼; short ribs 8.35. Bacon higher; long clear 9; short ribs and long clear 9¼@9¾. Lard nominally firm.

NEW YORK, May 29—Pork steadily held; old mess spot $17.00. Middles nominal; long clear 8¾. Lard opened 8@12 points lower closing about steady; western steamer spot 8.30; June 8.25@8.30.

ATLANTA, May 29—Clear rib sides 9¼@9⅜c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13½@14c. Lard—Tierces, refined 9¼c; 50lb cans 9½c; tubs 9¼c; 10 lb cans 10c; 5 lb cans 10¼c; 3 lb cans 10¼c.

CINCINNATI, May 29—Pork, nominal; mess $19.00. Lard firm at 7.40. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 9¼; short ribs 8⅛. Bacon stronger; shoulders 7¼; short ribs 9¼; short clear 9⅝.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, May 29—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $.150@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CHICAGO, May 29—Whisky unchanged at $1.12.

CINCINNATI, May 29—Whisky steady at $1.08.

LOUISVILLE, May 29—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, May 29—Whisky quiet at $1.08.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, May 29—Turpentine firm at 29; rosin firm; strained $1.00; good strained $1.15; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.75.

SAVANNAH, May 29—Turpentine easy at 29⅛; sales 100 barrels; rosin active; strained and good strained $1.15@$1.12½; sales 400 barrels.

CHARLESTON, May 29—Spirits turpentine firm; at 29¼ bid; rosin quiet; strained $1.12½; good strained $1.15.

NEW YORK, May 29—Rosin unchanged at $1.40@$1.42½; turpentine dull at 32½.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, May 29—Apples—In moderate request at $6.00@$7.00 ₩ barrel. Lemons—$2.75@$3.00 ₩ box. Oranges—$4.50@$5.00 ₩ box. Cocoanuts—None on the market. Pineapples—$1.60@$2.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—Car lots 90c@$1.25; dray lots $1.50@$2.50. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₩ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—16c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 8½c; Virginia 12c; roasted 1½c ₩ lb extra.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, May 29—Eggs—17c; firm. Butter—Jersey 30@32c; Tennessee 18@22½c. Live Poultry—Chickens 25@30c; hens 28@30c; cocks 22@25c; ducks ½c. Irish Potatoes—New $2.50@$3.50 ₩ bbl; old $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None; no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull; season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 12½@15c; in the comb none. Onions—Yellow Danvers $3.25@$3.50; red $3.00@$3.25. Cabbage—3@3½c. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, May 29—Market quiet and steady at quotations. Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@$10.00 ₩ doz. Grain cradles $25.00@$27.00 ₩ doz. Grain blades $8.00@$10.00 ₩ doz. Horse hoes $3.60@$4.00 ₩ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 6c; shot $2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, May 29—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.35; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, May 29—Hogs steady; common and light $4.00@$5.25; packing and butchers $5.00@$5.65.

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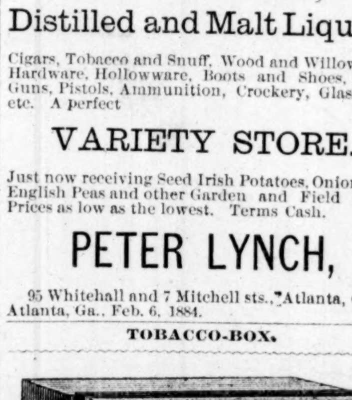

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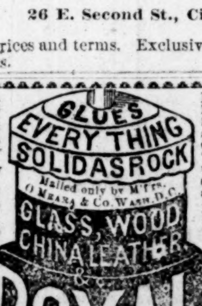

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POISON

In the blood is apt to show itself in the Spring, and nature should by all means be assisted in throwing it off. Swift's Specific does this effectively. It is a purely vegetable, non poisonous remedy, which helps nature to force all the poison or taint out through the pores of the skin.

Mr. Robert A. Easley, of Dickson, Tenn., writes under date March 10, 1884: "I had chills and fever followed by rheumatism, for three years, so that I was not able to attend to my business; had tried almost every kind of medicine and found no relief. A friend recommended Swift's Specific. I tried one bottle and my health began to improve. I continued until I had taken six bottles, and it has set me on my feet as sound and well as ever. I recommend it to all similarly afflicted."

Letters from twenty-three (23) of the leading retail druggists of Atlanta say, under date March 24, 1884: "We sell more of Swift's Specific than any other one remedy, and three to ten times as much as any other blood medicine. We sell it to all classes, and many of the best families use it as a general health tonic."

I am sure that Swift's Specific saved my life. I was terribly poisoned with malaria, and was given up to die. Swift's Specific relieved me promptly and entirely. I think it is the greatest remedy of the age.
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I have known and used Swift's Specific for more than twenty years, and have seen more wonderful results from its use than from any remedy in or out of the Pharmacopœia. It is a certain and safe antidote to all sorts of Blood Poison.
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Atlanta, Ga.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.
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Barry's Luxomni.

Beware of Counterfeits. PURELY VEGETABLE.

The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of lightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.

Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.

For **disordered** and **painful menstruation**, it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.

Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the
BARRY MANUFACTURING CO.,
Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS.

An excellent appetizing tonic of exquisite flavor, now used over the whole world; cures Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Fever and Ague, and all disorders of the Digestive Organs. A few drops impart a delicious flavor to a glass of champagne, and to all summer drinks. Try it, and beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.
J. W. WUPPERMANN, SOLE AGENT,
51 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Weak Nervous Men

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MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

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Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Decay
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FREE FOR TRIAL. Thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, mental and physical weakness, lost manhood, nervous prostration, the results of indiscretions, excesses or any cause, cured by NERVITA. Strong faith that it will cure every case prompts me to send to any sufferer a trial package on receipt of 12 cents for postage, etc. Dr. A. G. Olin, Box 242, Chicago, Ill.

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SPECIALIST,
Treats all classes of diseases peculiar to woman. Consultation free. Office and dispensary No. 7½ North Broad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

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Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Genito-Urinary troubles. Free consultations for the poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 12 to 1 o'clock p. m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

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ARCHITECTS
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PRACTICAL SLATER,
And dealer in all kinds of Roofing Slate. Plain and Ornamental Roofing done in the best manner. Order left at 12 Loyd. P. O. Box 316, Atlanta, Ga.

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BAYLOR & BAYLOR,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
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Surveys made, estimates, plans and specifications furnished, and construction superintended for waterworks, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

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Office No. 11 East Alabama Street.
Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county roads, bridges, etc., etc.
References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant, Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

EDMUND G. LIND,
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63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

CHARLES T. MOORE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Washington, D. C.
Practices in the United States Courts and gives special attention to cases before the departments. Correspondence solicited. Office, room 104 Corcoran building.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM AND GEO. C. SPANN,
Attorneys at Law,
Office 5 and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building, 15 Alabama street, Alanta, Ga.

JOHN L. & G. B. TYE,
Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

R. P. LATTNER,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.
Office, room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

J. T. HOLLEMAN,
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FULTON COLVILLE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

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Special attention to collections for non-residents. Practice in all the state courts.

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Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

N. J. Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.
HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
Practice in all the Courts.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

JAS. L. MAYSON,
Attorney at Law,
(With Jackson & King,)
36½ Alabama street, Room No. 3,
Atlanta, Georgia.

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. W. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

A. R. Wright. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
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Collections a Specialty.

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COME TO THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, AT THE City Hall, and get a tag for your dog, or he will be captured by the dog catcher, placed in the dog wagon, and carried outside the city and killed.
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Out-of-town orders executed in the best style.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

We cordially recommend your G as the best remedy known to us for Gonorrhoea and Gleet. We have sold considerable, and in every case it has given satisfaction.
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THE ONLY GENUINE
JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT
is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.

"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 5 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and Tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases."
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I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical Societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!
None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.
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Berlin, Germany.
EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 316 & 320 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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WHY STATIONHOUSE KEEPER FOUTE WENT TO NEW YORK.

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Confering of diplomas by Rev. David Estes.
Address—Rev. W. J. White.
Benediction.

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The teachers are supported by the Womans' American Baptist Home Mission society of Boston. The property, which is quite handsome, is owned by the American Baptist Home Mission society of New York. The institution is conducted entirely by women.

ALMOST SUFFOCATED.

A Man Goes Down into a Well and is Overcome by the Gas.

Yesterday afternoon Pete Gaines, a negro well digger, came near being killed by well damp. Gaines and two men had been engaged to clean a well for a Mr. Davis on Venable street. They went to the place about noon and with buckets drew nearly all of the water from the well. About four o'clock Gaines was let down into the well by his two associates. After reaching the bottom he filled the bucket with trash, and hollowed to the men to pull it up. They obeyed, and after emptying the bucket let it down again, but as the bucket started on its descent Gaines began calling for help, saying that the well was full of gas, and that he was smothering. The bucket was hurried down, and Gaines was instructed to get in, but no reply was given. This frightened the men, and repeated calls were made, but as no answer was received, one of them went quickly down the well. At the bottom he found Gaines in an unconscious condition, and quickly fastened him to the bucket which was drawn up by the man at the top and a negro woman who lived at the house. When Gaines reached the top he was laid on the grass and the bucket sent down again for the other man, who was almost overcome, too, when the bucket reached him. Gaines was revived by restoratives in about thirty minutes, but continued quite sick all the evening.

Reappointed Judge.

Hon. Edward R. Harden was on yesterday reappointed by the governor judge of the county court of Brooks county.

Back from Springfield.

State School Commissioner Orr returned yesterday from Springfield, in Effingham county. Day before yesterday Dr. Orr by invitation attended the celebration of the Effingham county Sunday schools and delivered a rousing speech on education. Mr. Zettler of Macon also delivered a speech, referring principally to the public schools of Macon. The annual Sunday school address was delivered by Rev. W. M. Hays. Three thousand people were present, and much enthusiasm prevailed.

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...ll classes of diseases peculiar to woman. ...ation free. Office and dispensary No. 7½ ...road, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

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...T, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
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...ns a Specialty.

...G YOUR DOGS
...O THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, AT THE ...all, and get a tag for your dog, or he will ...d by the dog catcher, placed in the dog ...l carried outside the city and killed.
J. H. GOLDSMITH,
...1884. City Clerk.

...USE & SCHROETER,
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...ng, Drawing and Designing.
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...own orders executed in the best style.

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We cordially recommend your G as the best remedy known to us for Gonorrhoea and Gleet. We have sold considerable, and in every case it has given satisfaction.
ALCOTT & LISK,
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Beware of Imitations!
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ALMOST SUFFOCATED.

A Man Goes Down into a Well and is Overcome by the Gas.

Yesterday afternoon Pete Gaines, a negro well digger, came near being killed by well gas. Gaines and two men had been engaged digging a well for a Mr. Davis on Venable street. They went to the place about noon and the buckets drew nearly all of the dirt from the well. About four o'clock Gaines was let down into the well by his two associates. After reaching the bottom he filled the bucket with trash, and hollowed to the men to pull it up. They obeyed, and after emptying the bucket let it down again, but as the bucket was on its descent Gaines began calling for help, saying that the well was full of gas, and that he was smothering. The bucket was hurried down, and Gaines was told to get in, but no answer was given. This frightened the men. Repeated calls were made, but as no answer was received, one of them went quickly down the well. At the bottom he found Gaines in an unconscious condition, and quickly fastened him to the bucket which was drawn up by the man at the top and a negro woman who lived at the house. When Gaines reached the top he was laid on the grass and the bucket was sent down again for the other man, who was also overcome, too, when the bucket reached him. Gaines was revived by restoratives in about thirty minutes, but continued quite sick all the evening.

Reappointed Judge.

Mr. Edward R. Harden was on yesterday reappointed by the governor judge of the county court of Brooks county.

Back from Springfield.

State School Commissioner Orr returned yesterday from Springfield, in Effingham county. Day before yesterday Dr. Orr by invitation attended the celebration of the Effingham county Sunday schools and delivered a rousing speech on education. Mr. Zettler of Macon also delivered a speech, referring principally to the public schools of Macon. The annual Sunday school address was delivered by Rev. W. M. Hays. Three thousand people were present, and much enthusiasm prevailed.

THE COURTHOUSE BOYS.

The First Night Under the Hammer—How the Pools Sold.

Pools in the courthouse walking match were sold last night at Taylor's livery stable, corner of Hunter and Forsyth street. The crowd present was not as large as usual but the bidding was rapid. The pools were bought and sold every way. Each pedestrian was made first choice and every one was in the field. Several outside bets that fifty miles would be made were offered and were taken as quickly as proposed. Mr. Glenn made several bets that he would take enough steps to carry him fifty-five miles before the bell rang at ten o'clock. The first pool was Glenn, first choice, two dollars; Venable, second choice, two dollars; Mitchell, third choice, one dollar; Myers, fourth choice, one dollar, Forbes fifth choice one dollar and Small sixth choice, fifty cents. This made seven dollars and fifty cents in the box. The second pool had nine dollars and fifty cents in the box. Glenn sold first choice for three dollars, Myers second choice for two dollars, Venable third choice for one dollar and fifty cents with the other three in the field for three dollars.

A RESIDENCE DESTROYED.

A Fulton County Farmer Has His House Burnt Up—His Loss Not Heavy.

Night before last Mr. G. M. White's residence, near the Marietta road, about seven miles from Atlanta, was entirely destroyed by fire. The fire occurred about ten o'clock, and could be plainly seen from the Broad street bridge for a short while, when it was brightest. The fire originated in the kitchen and when discovered had gained such headway that it was impossible to extinguish it. The cause of the fire is unknown but it is thought to be due to a fire which was left in the fireplace late at night by a colored woman who was ironing. The family was in bed when the fire was discovered, but got out in time to save nearly everything. Mr. White had an insurance which will almost protect him, and was in the city yesterday effecting a settlement with the insurance company. Most of his furniture was safely removed.

A HAPPY UNION.

Marriage of Mr. John M. Miller and Mis Louise Thrower Last Night.

Last night, at the residence of the bride's father, 65 Whitehall street, Miss Louise Thrower, daughter of Mr. J. G. Thrower, was united in marriage to Mr. John M. Miller, Rev. Dr. Williams, of St. Luke's, officiating.

The marriage ceremony was solemnized according to the rites of the Episcopal church, the groom being accompanied by the bride's mother, Mrs. J. G. Thrower, and the bride being given away by her father. A limited circle of friends witnessed the ceremony and enjoyed a pleasant evening. The happy couple have the best wishes of their friends for the life thus auspiciously begun.

Mr. Miller is a young business man of sterling qualities, who is on a sure road to fortune, while his bride is a most loveable young lady. They both possess those qualifications of heart and mind which guarantee happiness in the wedded state, and their friends wish them much joy.

The Washington Seminary.

The pupils of the Washington seminary will entertain the public at DeGive's opera house to-night and to-morrow afternoon. Over sixty young ladies and children will be on the stage at once, presenting a beautiful and bewitching tableau. They will produce for the first time in Atlanta a magnificent fairy play with solos and choruses entitled "Snow White." The play has been written and arranged expressly for the pupils of the seminary. It is divided into five acts and the synopsis indicates that the play will be exceedingly entertaining. The beautiful dances in the play were arranged by Professor Agostini.

Runaway Horse.

A horse hooked to a wagon loaded with lumber took fright on Pryor street yesterday afternoon, and ran several blocks, demolishing the vehicle and dragging the driver, Joe Walker, fifteen or twenty yards. He was considerably bruised up, and his right ear was torn almost entirely from his head. Dr. W. C. Robinson rendered the necessary surgical aid. The team belonged to the Atlanta nursery.

CURBSTONE CHAT.

Paragraphs Picked Up by The Constitution Scribes on Their Rounds Yesterday.

A refreshing shower fell yesterday afternoon about six o'clock.

A little child of Mr. John Ellsworth, who resides on Mangum street, died yesterday.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Crow died yesterday morning at their home on Jones street.

Night before last a valuable cow was stolen from Mr. George Richardson's place on Whitehall street.

The street cars on the Ponce de Leon line are crowded every evening from five to eight o'clock.

The recorder's court was well attended yesterday morning and about fifty dollars added to the city treasury.

The courthouse walkers have been photographed and the pictures are on exhibition throughout the city.

The Georgia military academy cadets will begin their encampment in Atlanta about the middle of next month.

Mrs. Colzey was buried yesterday from St. Luke's Episcopal church. Her remains were interred in Oakland cemetery.

Mr. Richard Haynes, who has been a policeman ever since Atlanta has had a police forcef is quite low at his home.

A valuable horse belonging to Mr. Frank Henderson, who lives on Fair street, died with the lock-jaw yesterday.

A squad of hands commenced work yesterday afternoon on Pryor street and the rock crusher will begin to roll this morning.

The Western Union linemen are arranging a walking match. The boys who repair telegraph wires ought to make a good walk.

Night before last a thief entered Mrs. William Ford's residence on Mangum street and stole a lot of jewelry valued at about fifty dollars.

Hiram Black, a small negro boy, was arrested yesterday for the larceny of a watch. The watch was recovered and the boy was released.

Yesterday afternoon a horse ran away with a buggy on Wheat street, near the Boulevard. The buggy was thrown over and Mrs. Jackson, one of the occupants, had her right shoulder dislocated.

The Macon excursion train yesterday morning consisted of four coaches, and each coach was well filled with friends of the Governor's Horse Guard, who were anxious to see the tilt in Macon yesterday.

SUBURBAN NOTES.

Glances at Minor Events and Happenings in the Outskirts of the City.

West End ought to have a postoffice.

The Jossey house at Decatur will be opened in a few days.

There is a rumor out that West End is soon to have a door and sash factory.

After a painful illness, Mr. R. H. Caldwell, of West End, is able to be out again.

The little child of Mr. Thornton, of West End, has partially recovered from a severe attack of sickness.

Information has been received at Decatur to the effect that Mr. John T. Harrison, who is sick at Indian Springs, is growing better.

It is said that the street railroad will be extended from its present terminus on Peachtree through north Atlanta to the Belt railroad.

West End is stirred up over the fear that the United States soldiers will squat on her borders. The officers have been looking at available spots on which to camp during the summer and picked out the land of Mr. Anthony Murphy but he refused to lease it. Mr. Bose Adair said he would lease his, whereupon Mr. Murphy said if the town had to have them the soldiers might have his land for nothing. The matter is still in an unsettled state. The West Enders do not dislike the soldiers so much as they detest the hangers-on who will gather together wherever the soldiers are.

The West End Methodist church is now a matter of only a few months. Day before yesterday several gentlemen went to the lot on which the church will be erected and staked off the ground. The plans which have been prepared by Messrs. Humphries & Norman, are ready and work on the church will be begun at once. The house will cost about six thousand dollars, over half of which has been already raised. The first story will be of rock and the second of brick and shingles. The house will be one of the neatest anywhere and will be built upon the most modern plan. The pulpit will be in one corner. The church will be completed by the last of this year, and will be West End's first church. Services are now held in the academy. The lot is in front of Major Blacknall's residence.

AN IRATE ELDER.

REV. W. J. GAINES, COLORED, GETS INTO TROUBLE.

A Story of How Mrs. Mary Rasbury Tried to Save Her Property and the Result—She Builds a Fence and the Rev. Gaines Builds a Fence—Her Fence Torn Down.

Elder Gaines, colored, of the Big Bethel church, is in trouble. To-day a warrant will be issued for the arrest of the reverend elder and he will be arrested. It is not known what crime he will be charged with but there is no doubt that the trial will show that the elder has a temper and that he carries it around with him. The circumstances out of which the elder's troubles have grown may be recited as follows:

The readers of THE CONSTITUTION will remember that some months ago

MRS. MARY RASBURY

sued various and sundry persons for the possession of a large quantity of real estate in the fourth ward to which she laid claim, on the ground that it had been willed to her and that the will had been suppressed. This property lies in the region round about the corner of Wheat and Fort streets. A good deal of this property is vacant, and at the same time other parts of it has been improved, and there are some fifty or sixty houses, all told, on the property.

Colonel T. P. Westmoreland is counsel for Mrs. Rasbury in these suits. He has advised her to fence in the vacant property that she claims.

THE ELDER IRATE.

Day before yesterday Mrs. Rasbury employed some negroes and began the work of fencing in the vacant lots. One of the lots fenced in was a 50x116 foot lot fronting on Wheat street, and held under title by Rev. W. J. Gaines. Yesterday morning Gaines sent two men to the lot and put them to building a fence around that built by direction of Mrs. Rasbury. While the work was proceeding Mrs. Rasbury from her house near by saw it, and not knowing exactly what to do in the matter, went out to the lot and told the negroes that they were trespassing and ordered them to desist. After some impudence the fellows quit work and sent for the elder, who came up quite angry. He told Mrs. Rasbury that

SHE WAS TRESPASSING

on his property; that he had paid for it, and ordered her off the lot. She left and Gaines went away. The two men resumed work, and Mrs. Rasbury to head them off, began building a fence so as to meet the fence they were building. Gaines was sent for. Mrs. Rasbury was holding a plank for the workmen and did not see Gaines when he approached. The elder is a very large man, and as he approached the fence seized a panel, jerked it up and threw it over on the lady, bruising her considerably. It is for this act that Mrs. Rasbury proposes to prosecute the irate elder.

Was Not Pardoned.

Yesterday Governor McDaniel refused a pardon in the case of Dr. T. A. Warren, of Griffin, who was convicted in Pike county of carrying concealed weapons. The doctor denies that he is guilty, but he will have to stand up to the sentence of the court.

Penny Party.

There will be a penny party to-night at Mrs. Ballard's seminary for the benefit of St. Luke's Episcopal church. The ladies in charge have arranged a very interesting programme, and all who attend are promised a delightful evening. These entertainments are the source of much pleasure and are always well attended.

The First Car.

The first car load of dressed Georgia marble that has been quarried since the war reached Atlanta yesterday. It was from Pickens county and will be used in the Goode place houses now being erected. The car came by the Western and Atlantic road.

THE POOL MEETING.

A Good Attendance of Prominent Officials—A Short and Harmonious Session.

Yesterday afternoon at three o'clock the executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association met in the association rooms in the Grant building, corner Marietta and Broad streets. Mr. Virgil Powers, general commissioner, presided, and the secretary, Mr. C. A. Sindall, was in his place.

There was a full attendance, comprising the following members: Henry Fink, vice-president of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia; A. L. Rives, of the Richmond and Danville; John Scott, of the Cincinnati Southern; R. A. Anderson, of the Western and Atlantic; John B. Peck, of the South Carolina; W. G. Raoul, of the Central; B. D. Hazel, of the New York and Charleston Steamship line; M. H. Smith, of the Louisville and Nashville; H. S. Haines, of the Savannah, Florida and Western; J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis; R. R. Bridgers, of the Coast Line. Besides these gentlemen the following members of the rate committee were present:

S. B. Pickens, general freight agent of the South Carolina railroad, S. C. Boylston, general freight agent of the Charleston and Savannah, Sol. Haas, traffic manager of the Richmond and Danville, W. F. Shelman, traffic manager of the Central, J. M. Culp, general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville, J. R. Ogden, general freight agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and H. Colbran.

The session was short and harmonious. After due consideration it was unanimously agreed to continue the pool arrangement after July. The committee discussed the question of a uniform form for a bill of lading for all lines. The matter was referred. There being no other business the committee adjourned sine die.

Local Railroad Points.

Mr. A. A. Gallagher, passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific, will move to Chattanooga, June 1st.

Seventeen passenger agents regularly make their headquarters here, and five or six more are here during the winter.

Mr. Joseph M. Brown, general freight agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, has gone to Washington, D. C.

Captain Fred Bush sold tickets to five persons yesterday for Placer, Colorado. He also sold tickets to a party bound for the Cœur d' Alene gold mines.

A number of Macon delegates to the national republican convention passed through yesterday via the Kennesaw route. They visit Washington before going to Chicago.

The first carload of melons of the season arrived yesterday afternoon on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. The melons will come along with a rush in a few day.

Passengers leaving here by the 2:35 p. m. fast express via the McKenzie route reach Memphis, Arkansas and Texas nine hours quicker than by any other route. This is due to recent changes of schedule on the western roads.

Captain Fred Bush, passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville, is distributing "The Tourists Guide to Summer Homes," "Wonderland" and "The Union Pacific Tourist," three elegantly illustrated pamphlets.

Already people are making their arrangements to emigrate to Arkansas and Texas in the fall. One man in South Carolina writes to the Louisville and Nashville passenger agent at this point that three hundred people in his county are preparing to go.

The railroads get out a good deal of picturesque literature. Major T. T. Greene, general southern agent of the Queen and Crescent, is distributing a very handsome pamphlet entitled "Rambles for Summer Days." It is elegantly illustrated, and is a guide to the resorts reached by the Queen and Crescent route.

Society News.

News relating to marriages, parties, balls, club meetings, musicales, personals, departures from the city to resorts, etc., respectfully solicited for Sunday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION. All such matter must be handed in or sent to "society editor," with responsible name, by 1 o'clock, p.m., Friday.

The pamphlet decisions, September term, 1883, just published by this office. Copies sent postpaid upon receipt of One Dollar.

STILSON, Jeweler.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices
53 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

THE LARGEST LINE OF
UNDERWEAR
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.
TYLER & McGOODWIN,
"THE HARBERDASHERS,"
No. 6 Whitehall Street.
SHIRTS TO ORDER, FINE NECKWEAR, } SPECIALTIES.

BUILDING BITS.

Some Handsome Places in Course of Erection in the City.

Mr. H. A. Fuller will build a handsome residence during the summer.

Two stories are being added to the building occupied by M. C. & J. F. Kiser, corner Pryor and Wall streets.

Mr. John C. Bieson brought the first peaches of the season to the town yesterday and sold the lot, 25 for $3.

Mr. Tom Swift is going to build a handsome ten thousand dollar house on McDonough street, next to Mr. Meakin's.

The Chamberlin, Johnson & Co. house soon to be erected on their present quarters will be five stories high and will cost $40,000.

Mr. Walter Gordon's beautiful new residence on Ponce de Leon avenue will be completed to-morrow. It cost four or five thousand dollars.

The new chamber of commerce walls have only one or two more stories to go up. Four have been completed, counting the basement.

Mr. M. C. Kiser is excavating with a view to erecting a handsome three story brick double storehouse on Peachtree street, next to Avery's drugstore.

The new residence of Mr. Green T. Dodd, at the corner of Washington and Fair streets, has just been completed. It cost eight thousand dollars.

Mr. Frank Ryan is building a ten thousand-dollar residence on Washington street. It will have thirteen rooms and will be fitted up in full accordance with the modern ideas of comfort and convenience.

The Catholic people of the city are casting about to see where they will erect a new residence of the pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception. They have three lots, one on Mitchell, one on Hunter, and one on Loyd streets. The house will cost about ten thousand dollars.

Kilt suits at Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall.

Don't Miss the Chance

Of getting a nice shaded lot, by failing to attend the sale on Whitehall street at 5:30 p.m.

Fairy Play.—"Snow White."

To-night the magnificent fairy play, Snow White, will be presented at the opera house by the young ladies and misses of Professor Erwin Schneider's music class, Washington Seminary. The play is founded on a beautiful plot of Grimnis; is written in prose, interspersed with solos, choruses, drill of the Amazons, fairy and grotesque, dwarf dances. The principal parts are all acted by beautiful young ladies in handsome costumes, and those attending the play will be more than repaid, as no expense has been spared to make it a success. Matinee to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

Boys' suits at reduced prices. Eiseman Bros 55 Whitehall.

Beautiful Shady Lot

On Whitehall street at auction at 5:30 p. m. Elmore & Krouse.

Trinity Church, Whitehall, Corner Peters.

Revival services every evening from 8 to 9:15 Meeting seeks to build up all Christ ians and lea the unconverted to Christ. All interested invited come with us.

Serge and Seersucker suits at Eiseman Bros., Whitehall street.

Iuka Normal Institute, Iuka, Miss.

The summer term (six weeks) of this flourishing institution, will begin June 16, 1884. Teachers and students who wish to devote six weeks to study and recreation, preparatory to next year's work, will do well to attend this summer school. Entire expenses, $25. Commencement exercises, June 11-13. In addition to school advantages, Iuka is a noted health resort. Principals Dean & Newhardt will answer any inquiries.

To-night, Beautiful Fairy and Dwarfs Dances.

Whitehall Street Property.

Elmore & Krouse sell that elegant shaded Whitehall street lot, next to Lee's residence at auction at 5:30 this afternoon.

See our all wool men's suits for $10. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall.

A Delicious Wholesome Wine.

The best table wine we have seen in years is Scuppernong wine and American claret from Eden Hill nursery, in this county, Dr. Guild, proprietor. Dr. Guild is an old wine maker and a good one. Mr. Vol Dunning handles his wines. They are fruity or dry, perfectly pure, and delicious, and cover the vintage of several years. Try a bottle of this home made wine, cheap, delicious and pure.

Dancing at the Gate City Guard armory every night.

Boys' and child pants. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

This being Memorial Day, the Western and Atlantic Railroad will sell round trip tickets to Marietta at 60 cents each. Trains leave Atlanta at 7.35 a. m. and 2.36 p.m.; returning, arrive Atlanta at 1.40 p.m. and 8.40 p.m.

Child suits at reduced prices. Eiseman Bros 55 Whitehall street.

Take 5:15 Car

From Alabama and Whitehall street, for s ale lot on Whitehall street, by Elmore & Krouse.

To-night, The Amazon Drill.

A CYCLONE OF HUMBUGS

AT PRESENT THERE SEEMS TO BE A PERFECT cyclone of patent medicines. Remedial agents apparently flash from beneath the storm cloud, pour forth from subterranean vaults, and gleam in the sunlight of every city and hamlet. Gentle zephyrs of the evening twilight are laden with songs of their praise, while the sombre shades of night fall to overshadow their demise. They touch the fevered brow with hope, while they sicken the heart of Esculapius. The code of medical ethics lies withered in the dust at our feet, while the doctor still charges one dollar for writing "sodium chloridi and aqua pura," as a gargle for sore throat instead of saying "gargle with salt and water." But the great wonder is the capacity of

A MAN'S STOMACH.

The writer knows a wholesale merchant of Atlanta, Ga., who says he drank twenty-four gallons of one patent medicine ($168 worth) before being convinced that it would not cure him. He had much faith, while his stomach had abundant capacity. Another gentleman suffering with blood poison drank 117 bottles ($200 worth) of a certain patent medicine before he decided that his condition was growing worse. These are solid yet stubborn facts! Suppose you had a severe case of Scrofula and a druggist should say that he had a quick remedy, one bottle of which would effect a cure. You would be apt to call him

A CRAZY DRUGGIST

We know a man in Atlanta whose son had a sloughing Scrofulous ulcer of the neck, and the boy was nearly blind and one bottle of a certain patent medicine effected an entire cure. We know a certain editor who had Catarrh and three bottles cured him. A doctor near Atlanta cured a case of Scrofula with one bottle of the same medicine. Another gentleman, hobbling around on two crutches, suffering with Rheumatism, was cured with four bottles. A gentleman at Athens, Ga., had a Scrofulous ulcer of the leg which had been a running sore for fifty years and six bottles cured him. These cases are not myths; they are respectable and well known people, who were cured by the use of that new and wonderful Blood Remedy known as B. B. B. Sold by all druggists. Three bottles for $2.75, or six for $5.00. Expressed anywhere. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. No mineral or vegetable poison. Send for proof of ll we say. For particulars consult all druggists.

FOR RENT.

AFTER THE FIFTH OF JUNE THE LARGE building on the corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, now occupied as a

LIVERY STABLE BY
MR. ZACH TAYLOR.
—APPLY TO—
CLARK HOWELL,

No. 125 West Mitchell Street, near new Passenger Depot of E. T. V. and G. R. R.

G. W. ADAIR.................................AUCTIONEER.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
JOHN H. JAMES
PROPERTY.
e Sold on the Premises
—ON—
THURSDAY AFTERNOON
AT 3 1-2 OCLOCK,
JUNE 5, 1884.

THAT MAGNIFICENT LOT 100x275 FEET AND 3-story brick residence on the corner of Peachtree and Ellis street, third door south of the executive mansion in the very heart of the city, and fronting east on that far famed fashionable avenue, Peachtree street.

The house is a model of architectural beauty and design, has a dry basement of four rooms.

On the first floor are 7 rooms, 14 feet pitch, spacious 10 feet hall, closets, bath rooms, pantry, etc., arranged in perfect taste, elegantly frescoed and the wood work of walnut and ash finish. The second floor has 4 large bed chambers, with large dressing rooms attached, wide hall, closets, and linen room. The third floor contains 6 comfortable, well ventilated bed rooms. The entire premises are in perfect order. Two servants' rooms in the yard. Also a two-story brick stable 50x50 feet, in perfect taste, with every convenience for horses, carriages and coachmen. Second floor of stable well fitted up with ten pin alley.

This place is a perfect ideal of a gentleman's home, has never been abused but is in perfect order. Parties can call any day previous to the sale and Mrs. James will show them through the establishment.

In a few days after this sale all the furniture, carriages, horses, etc., will be sold on the premises at auction if not disposed of at private sale.

Also an undivided one-half interest in the well known Lynch's quarry, containing about 19 acres, as shown by plat. This quarry needs no recommendation, the rock in over 1,000 houses in Atlanta exhibits the quality of this granite.

Also all of 100x200 feet on Hayne street, adjoining the quarry on the south line, being lot No. 38 of the Newton survey.

Also 2 lots, 50x96 feet each, fronting on south side of Park street, between Harris and Cain, being lots Nos. 32 and 33 of Rice and Inman subdivisions.

Also a lot 36x114 feet, on corner of Howell street and a ten foot alley, fronting on west side of Howell street, upon which is a 1 room house.

All of the above described property will be sold at the same time and place in front of the James mansion on Peachtree street.

Capitalists or any person desiring the finest private residence in Atlanta are invited to examine the property.

The residence is well adapted for a school building of a high order or gentlemen's club rooms. Its central locality and general surroundings should command the attention of those desiring a private residence or a building well adapted for public use.

Terms one-half cash balance 60 days 8 per cent interest. Call at office of G. W. Adair, get a plat showing all of property. Go out and examine it and attend sale.

WM. J. GARRETT,
A. D. ADAIR,
Assignees of John H. James.

ATLANTA GRANITE, LIME AND SANDSTONE COMPANY

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL DESCRIPtions of Building, Cemetery and Street Work on short notice and at reasonable terms. Estimates furnished on application. Office No. 11 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. JOHN WALTON,
su tu th'y Agent.

SUMMER RESORT
On Lake Ontario at the mouth of the Niagara river 10 miles from Niagara Falls. The Queen's Royal Hotel, Old Niagara, Canada, is a branch of the Queen's Hotel, Toronto. Opens for business June 20th, for its fifteenth season, under the same management. During that time it has received the patronage of the best people in the south. For circulars, terms and diagrams of rooms, address
McGAW & WINNETT, The Queen's Toronto.
Wed fri sun

Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway
Queen and Crescent Line.
FAST SCHEDULES
—FOR—
Perishable Freight, Fruits, Vegetables and Watermelons.
Order all your freight by this LINE. Time from
ATLANTA TO CINCINNATI.
42 hours and 30 Minutes.
ATLANTA TO LOUISVILLE.
38 hours and 20 Minutes.
Six hours less to Louisville and Eighteen Hours less to Cincinnati
Than any other line from the SOUTH to the NORTHWEST.
Call on or address
T. T. GREENE, General Southern Agent,
36 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES!

Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers
Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis, Mo

REMOVAL

A. B. STEELE & CO. HAVE REMOVED THEIR Lumber office to corner Broad and Alabama streets, up stairs, where they are prepared to furnish Yellow Pine Lumber in any quantity on short notice.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds a specialty.
A. B. STEELE & CO.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.

LEADER OF
Fashionable Clothing
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS.
41 WHITEHALL STREET.
MEN'S, YOUTH'S AND BOY'S.
—OF THE—
LATEST STYLES.
Suits made to order.
Shirts made to order.
Clothing sent out of city on approval and return express paid.

BUSINESS MEN!

Wearied from the labors of the day on going home find that they cannot have the desired and necessary rest, for the little darling is still suffering, and slowly and pitifully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething. If they would think to use Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy, loss of sleep and bowel complaints would be unknown.

DR. BIGGERS'
SOUTHERN
REMEDY!
—FOR—
DIARRHOEA AND DYSENTERY.
CRAMPED FINANCIALLY
Has no speedy relief, but cramped in the bowels ha a sure one in the use of Dr. Biggers's Southern Remedy, the great specific for all bowel affections and an undoubted boon to parents who have been spending sleepless nights in nursing the little ones who had been gradually wasting away from the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething until given.
WALTER A. TAYLOR,
AUTANTA, GA.

GATE CITY CLOTHING STORE.

ALL THOSE IN WANT OF CLOTHING FOR men and boys are cordially and earnestly invited to examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as we are
DETERMINED TO SELL
And mean business. We have, as usual, a ful line of genuine French "Drapé Dete" suits u to forty-six, same quality as kept by us for th last eighteen years. Also a full line of Alpac and Cicilian Coats and Vests. Of those perfec fitting Drawers, we have all sizes from 22 to 48 wais A call is respectfully solicited by
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama St.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The daily arrival of new goods enables me to show as handsome and complete a line of stylish spring millinery as can be found in the city. My stock embraces hats and bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, novelties in feathers, plumes, flowers, straw goods, laces, fine goods and general millinery. Call and see me at 45 Whitehall street.
MISS MARY RYAN.

J. EDWARD KIRBY.
(Late of Baltimore, Md.)
Office 7 1-2 North Broad Street, up stairs.
BUILDER OF BRICK AND STONE SEWERS Cement Pavement, Cellar Floors and Drain Pipes, a specialty. All work done at short notice and guaranteed.
REFERENCES:
H. W. Grady, Atlanta Constitution; Rhode Hill 29 Peachtree street; R. C. Clarke, 27 Peachtree street; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, 38 South Broad street Fay & Eichberg, architects, 19 1-2 South Broad street; G. Lind, architect, corner Whitehall and Hu... ...eets.
...Portland Cement for sale in lots to suit...

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of, taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.
LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6⅜; New York at 10⅝; in Atlanta at 11¼.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, May 29, 10:30 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.08	71	51	N W	Fresh	.11	Clear.
Augusta	30.16	68	...	N E	Light	.00	Clear.
Key West	29.98	78	60	N	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30.05	66	...	N E	Fresh	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
8:31 a m	30.07	64	51	E	Fresh	.00	Fair.
10:31 a m	30.07	72	53	E	Fresh	.00	Clear.
3:31 p m	30.04	75	52	E	Fresh	.00	Clear.
6:31 p m	30.05	67	52	E	Fresh	.00	Fair.
10:31 p m	30.08	71	51	N W	Fresh	.11	Clear.

Mean daily bar	30.063	Maximum ther	76.0
" " ther	70.0	Minimum ther	63.0
" " hu'y	52.7	Total rainfall	.11

DIAMONDS,

Fine Jewelry, Silverware and Fancy Goods, newest Styles, Largest Stock and Lowest Prices. Send for illustrated Catalogue.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

PERSONAL.

D. O. Gallear, with Edwin Alden & Bro.'s Newspaper Advertising Agency, of Cincinnati, was in the city yesterday.

Captain Thomas Tomlinson, proprietor of the celebrated Tate Springs, is in the city and stopping at No. 24 Markham street.

Mrs. Jennie W. Moore, wife of W. K. Moore, of Dalton, Georgia, died at Dalton on the 17th day of May.

Dr. Gaston occupies the office vacated by Dr. Calhoun, No. 38 1-2 S. Broad street.

The refreshments at the table of Miss Valentino are most excellent at the Gate City Guard armory. Give her a call.

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.

I am offering for a customer a few first-class short date untaxable bonds at prices that will net the buyer seven per cent.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker, 24 South Pryor street.

To-night Beautiful Fairy Play Snow White.

Go and see the minstrels at the Gate City Guard armory to-night.

The contest for the gold watch at fair at Gate City Guard armory between Mr. Burnett, of the W. and A. R. R., and Mr. Whittington, of the West Point railroad, promises to be very lively. Both have a host of friends.

At Hazlehurst, Miss., on Saturday, Dr. Robert G. Penn, convicted of the murder of R. B. Piallo, was sentenced to be hanged on July 9.

Better Late Than Never.

"Don't put off until tomorrow what can be and should be done today," is wise. If you have neve used SOZODONT for your teeth, make a bee line to the druggist and get a bottle and begin its use at once. "Verb sap."

To make a salad that is certain to please all tastes you need only use Durkee's Salad Dressing. Nothing equal to it was ever offered, and none so popular. It is a superb table sauce.

At the Synagogue,

Exceeding interesting services will be held at the Jewish synagogue to-day, beginning at 9 o'clock. The synagogue has been elaborately decorated in honor of the feast, and the exercises will be beautiful and impressive. Rabbi Jacobson addressed a very large congregation last night at the first meeting of the feast.

To-night, Queen Beautiful and her Court in gorgeous costumes.

They make stylish suits at Gay's, 35 Whitehall street.

Fine stock of imported woolens at Gay's, 35 Whitehall street.

Gay will move his entire stock to 35 Whitehall street the last of the week, and before doing so will sell wonderful bargains in clothing.

Extraordinary bargains in clothing for one week at Gay's, 37 Peachtree.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

A big line of new umbrellas and parasols much under former prices.

Alpaca Coats, Sicilian Coats, Creole suits, and Seersucker suits from the cheapest to the best quality at Gay's, 37 Peachtree street.

Beautifully fitting suits made at Gay's custom department, 35 Whitehall.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

We are offering landslides in shoes to reduce stock.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

We will show some choice white quilts this week, very cheap.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

We can save you money on white Goods and Torchon Laces, ... willing to do it.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

PHOTOGRAPHS
—IN—
CLOUDY WEATHER AT MOTES

NEVER MIND THE WEATHER, I AM ALWAYS ready with my instantaneous process to make sittings rain or shine. Remember, the finest pictures are made on a cloudy day.

Some of the best photographs I have ever made have ba n during the the recent protracted bad weathe

25 to 30 per cent discount if cash accompanies the order.

C. W. MOTES.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

F. L. FREYER
OFFERS THE MOST EXCELLENT
Pianos and Organs.

Ever brought to this market. His stock is from the most celebrated manufactories, and he can, therefore, safely guarantee satisfaction to his patrons. He has devoted many years to his present business, ond is familiar with all of its details. When he recommends an instrument he knows what he is doing, and it will prove to be just what he says of it.

If you desire any article in this line that is first-class, call at or send your order to Mr. F. L. Freyer, No27 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

We are going to arouse the community for a while on black silks and black and colored cashmeres. Don't lose any time if you want goods cheap.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Has new corset covers and dress ng sacques.

Gay does what he advertises. You'll find his clothing cheap.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Will have plenty of those beautiful cheap Chambrays this week,

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Has a plenty of those cheap Chambrays this week.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Another big lot of those beautiful white lawns in. We are selling them four cents under the market.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

We will show some grand bargains this week. Look out. Two cases more of those cheap Chambray gginhams in all colors.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Gauze underwear for ladies, misses and gentlemen, and you can buy them at Spot Cash prices.

Clothing cheaper than the cheapest, for one week at Gay's.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Is showing special inducements in Silks and Cashmeres.

KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The following time card in effect Sunday, May 11, 1884.

NORTHBOUND.

NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta .... 7 30 a m
Arrive Dalton .... 11 23 a m
" Chattanooga .... 1 00 p m
Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta .... 2 35 p m
Arrive Dalton .... 6 22 p m
" Chattanooga .... 8 00 p m

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta .... 3 45 p m
Arrive Rome .... 6 50 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta .... 5 40 p m
Arrives Marietta .... 6 37 p m
Stops at all way stations, and by signals.

NO. 11, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta .... 11 40 p m
Arrives Chattanooga .... 5 15 a m
Stops at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 1 has through coach Atlanta to Little Rock has Pullman Palace cars Atlanta to Louisville, via Nashville, New Orleans to Washington, and Pullman palace cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman hotel car Jacksonville to Cincinnati, and Pullman car Atlanta to Nashville.

SOUTHBOUND.

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga .... 8 00 a m
Leave Dalton .... 9 47 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 1 40 p m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga .... 2 55 p m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 40 p m

NO 12, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga .... 10 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta .... 3 40 p m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Rome .... 8 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 11 45 a m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Marietta .... 7 05 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 15 a m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman palace cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Louisville to Atlanta via Junction City, Cincinnati to Jacksonville, New Orleans and Washington.
No. 20 has Pullman cars Nashville to Atlanta.
No. 2 has day coach Little Rock to Atlanta.
No. 12 has Pullman hotel car Cincinnati to Jacksonville, and Pullman car Louisville to Atlanta.

B. W. WRENN,
Pass. and Ticket Agent.

J. R. ANDERSON,
General Superintendent.

HIRSCH BROTHERS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED THEIR STOCK OF

ELEGANT CLOTHING.
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
IN ALL THE LATEST SPRING STYLES

Our Display of handsome Goods in our Merchant Tailoring Department is unusually large and includes all the latest nobby designs introduced this season. We are prepared to please the most fastidious.

HIRSCH BROS.
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL ST.

OUR SPRING STOCK
IS COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SUITS
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Suits Made to Order in the Best Style and at Popular Prices.
MUSE & SWIFT,
38 Whitehall Street.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS!
31 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, - - - - GEORGIA.

David H. Dougherty,
SPOT CASH.

We have started another boom in White Dress Shirts. This department is one of our favorites, made so by showing the best Shirts for the money to be found in the market.

GAS CONSUMERS.

THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO
HAVE AGAIN
REDUCED THE PRICE.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD held this day, the price of gas was reduced to one dollar and a half per M cubic feet, as will be seen by the following preamble and resolution offered by Mr. R. J. Lowry, to-wit: That in view of the increased demand made upon the

THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO

For gas and the corresponding reduction in price of coal and freight, justifies the company in making a further reduction in price of gas to our consumers; therefore

Resolved, That the price of gas on bills made after July 1st, 1884, shall be at the following rate, viz: One dollar and eighty cents per M cubit feet, and a discount of thirty cents per M will be allowed if paid at the company's office on or before the seventh day of the month, thus making the price one dollar and a half per M net. Extract from the minutes.

J. H. MECASLIN,
Secretary and Treasurer Atlanta Gaslight Co.
su we fr

SMITH'S
EXTRACT OF MAY FLOWER,
THE
STANDARD REMEDY
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE
Bladder and Kidneys.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
Endorsed by Practicing Physicians
AND
APPROVED BY THE PUBLIC.
IT IS
WOMAN'S FRIEND.

Offered on its merits, not introduced to the the public by parading the names and nature of the complaints of those who have been benefited by its use.

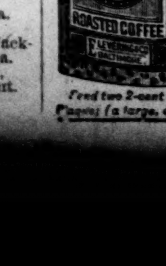
Every bottle speaks for itself and is its own advertisement.

Ask your druggist for

SMITH'S
Extract of May Flower,
Sold all Around the World.

This BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. There is no mistake about this instrument, the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the ONE specific purpose. For circulars giving full information, address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

LEVERING'S COFFEE.



Recognized as the Best.

Our Coffee is absolutely pure, not glazed or colored, and is selected from our large stock of Green Coffee, with special reference to its Drinking Qualities. Glazing and coloring Roasted Coffee adds to the weight and hides the imperfections, which is entirely against your interest as a consumer.

Ask your Grocer for LEVERING'S COFFEE, and take no other.

E. LEVERING & CO.
Established 1842.] Baltimore.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Levering's Coffee Cup and Saucer Plaque; (a large, original and beautiful design.)

M. AND B.

READ THE FOLLOWING ORDERS IN RAPID SUCCESSION.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTROMERY, Ala., September 28, 1883.

Messrs. Haile & Mower, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: Send me half dozen bottles Mandrake and Buchu. It is the best medice in the world. If its virtues were known to all, as by accident it became known to my family, what suffering would be relieved and what benefactors you would be to the world. Yours truly,

W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTGOMERY, Ala, October 2d, 1883.

Messrs. Haile & Mower, Atlanta, Ga.—My Dear Sirs: Your favor to hand. The Elixir came by express. Herein please find two dollars for same. If I knew one single sufferer would read my certificate and try your medicine, would feel that I had done a great wrongto refuse its publication. If you knew the relief it has brought to suffering ones in my family you would not wonder at my warm and hearty indorsement. The medicine by mere chance fell into my wife's hands while at Athens last summer; and were you to hear her talk of its effect upon her and our married daughter, you would feel glad that you had any agency in working such a revolution in their health and bringing back to them newness of life. With a wish for your success, I am most truly,

W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 21st, 1884.

Messrs. Haile & Mower.—Gentlemen: The M and B came in due time. Under cover find two dollars for same. When your Mr. Mower comes over I will go with him to our druggists and say to them all that can be said for any remedy.

I can only see one objection any dealer could possibly have to keeping it, viz—it would surely stop the sale of all similar compounds.

W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

Prices 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists generally. Manufactured solely by

HAILE & MOWER,
88 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE HISTORY OF

Brew er'sLung Restorer

Its Claims Upon the Public—Why it Should be Universally Used.

It is very often the case that treasures remain hidden for years right under one's eyes and only discovered at last by accident. Such was the case with Brewer's Lung Restorer. This remedy was used for nearly forty years by a little neighborhood of people who either did not appreciate its true value or did not have the means or opportunity to proclaim its virtues to the world. When they had a cough, sore throat, bronchitis, tickling in the throat or other throat and lung troubles they made them a small kettle full of this unnamed remedy, the material for which they had but to look for in the forests and old fields surrounding their homes and in a remarkably short time they were relieved by its use and never thought of it any more until it was again required. However, things have changed since those days. Such treasures are easily sought after and do not long remain in obscurity. The present proprietors of this old remedy having by accident learned that its cures were miraculous determined at once to ascertain for themselves what merit it really possessed, and having tested it in a great number of cases, in all of which it proved efficacious, they purchased the right to manufacture and sell the same under the name of Brewer's Lung Restorer and it has become so widely known under their management that it is to-day recognized as the greatest throat and lung remedy of the age. Containing no opiates it can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate. Being entirely vegetable its effects can in no way be harmful and even in the event that it fails to cure the general health of the patient is greatly improved. It can be given to six month's old infants in the prescribed doses with beneficial effects; yet full grown men are surprised at its magical effect on them. Those who suffer from wasting diseases, such as consumption and dyspepsia, rapidly gain in flesh and strength by the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer Many instances of patients gaining 7 pounds of flesh from every bottle they took have been reported to us. Testimonials from the best people in the land are found in every newspaper of consequence and such testimonials from such men must convince the public that this remedy posesses great merit. This medicine, indorsed by such men, has done more to break down the prejudice existing against patent medicines than any other remedy known. For the various reasons mentioned we call upon suffering humanity to give Brewer's Lung Restorer a trial. It is almost infallable. Its effects are wonderful—in fact miraculous.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
MACON, GA.

EMPLOYMENT AT HOME or to Travel. State which preferred; also amount wanted per month for services and expenses. Business honorable, permanent, and easily operated. Write us. SLOAN & CO., 306 George Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Prescription Free for the speedy cure of Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excesses. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 78 Nassau Street, New York.

DEBILITY of the Generative Organs quickly cured by the CIVIALE METHOD. Adopted in all the HOSPITALS OF FRANCE. Prompt return of VIGOR. Simple cases, $3 to $5. Severe ones, $8 to $12. Pamphlet Free. Civiale Remedial Agency, 160 Fulton St., New York.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT
—AND—
Western Railway of Alabama.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE

Between the Northwest. and Northeast. Double Daily Line of

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

Between New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to Atlanta and Washington.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, MAY 18, 1884.

No. 50.	No. 52.	Read Up	Read Down	No. 51.	No. 53.
10 10am	9 50pm	ArN. O'lnsLv		6 00pm	8 20am
4 45am	4 00pm	...Mobile...		11 35pm	1 55pm
8 00pm	5 50am	...Montg'my..		8 00am	12 30n'h
6 40pm	4 31am	...ChehawAr.		9 18am	1 49am
5 45pm	3 36am	...Opelika...		10 18am	2 49am
5 00pm	2 46am	...West Point..		11 04am	3 35am
2 00pm	11 45pm	Lv Atlanta..		2 10pm	6 45am
8 35am	10 05pm	...Wash'gt'n..		9 20pm	9 20am
6 50am	9 05pm	...Baltimore...		11 25pm	10 50am
3 45am	6 00pm	...Philad'a...		3 40am	1 23pm
12 night	3 45pm	LvN.YorkAr		6 50am	3 50pm

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 betwen Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Montgomer and Atlanta.

Trains 50, 51, 52 and 53 make close connections with trains to and from Mobile and New Orleans. Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula. Connections made at Opelika with East Alabama and Cincinnati, and the Columbus and Western railroads. All trains except 52 and 53 connect at Chehaw with Tuskeegee railroad.

A. J. ORME, G. P. A.,
Atlanta, Ga.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SHORT LINE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., March 29th, 1884.

On and after March 31st, trains on this road will run as follows:

Trains.	No. 59.	No. 51.
Leave Athens	9:15 a m	3:30 p m
Arrive at Lula	11:15 a m	6:00 p m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	2:00 p m	12:23 p m
Arrive at Atlanta	2:08 p m	
Trains.	**No. 50.**	**No. 52.**
Leave Tallulah Falls	8:30 a m	
Leave Atlanta	8:45 a m	3:50 p m
Arrive at Lula	10:45 a m	6:35 p m
Arrive at Athens	2:00 p m	8:10 p m

Trains daily, Sundays excepted. All trains make close connection at Lula for passenger trains on Air Line railroad both east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

Georgia Pacific Railway.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

THROUGH SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 17TH, 1884.

WESTWARD. (Central Standard Time.)	No. 1. NOrle'ns Express, Daily.	No. 3. Daily, Accom'n
Lv. Atlanta, Union Depot	7.10 a m	4.05 p m
*Howell, Ga	7.23 a m	4.30 p m
*Peyton, Ga	7.33 a m	4.48 p m
Chattanoochee, Ga	7.36 a m	4.53 p m
*Concord, Ga	7.46 a m	5.00 p m
Mableton, Ga	7.53 a m	5.22 p m
Austell, Ga	8.00 a m	5.36 p m
Salt Springs, Ga	8.08 a m	5.47 p m
Douglasville, Ga	8.21 a m	6.12 p m
Winston, Ga	8.34 a m	6.25 p m
Villa Rica, Ga	8.50 a m	7.12 p m
Temple, Ga	9.06 a m	7.43 p m
Bremen, Ga	9.27 a m	8.21 p m
Tallapoosa, Ga	9.51 a m	9.03 p m
Muscadine, Ala	10.08 a m	9.31 p m
Edwardsville, Ala	10.25 a m	10.04 p m
Heflin, Ala	10.42 a m	10.35 p m
Davisville, Ala	10.56 a m	11.00 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	11.04 a m	11.12 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	11.13 a m	11.26 p m
Oxford, Ala	11.25 a m	11.48 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	11.50 a m	11.50 p m
Anniston, Ala	12.00 a m	12.10 a m
*Berclair, Ala	12.25 p m	12.50 a m
Eastaboga, Ala	12.35 p m	1.05 a m
Lincoln, Ala	12.52 p m	1.33 a m
Riverside, Ala	1.06 p m	1.55 a m
Seddon, Ala	1.12 p m	2.05 a m
Eden, Ala	1.25 p m	2.30 a m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	1.43 p m	2.56 a m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	3.24 a m
Leeds, Ala	2.10 p m	3.40 a m
*Irondale, Ala	2.45 p m	4.30 a m
Ar. Birmingham	3.00 p m	5.00 a m
Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S	3.20 p m	
Ar. Meridian	10.20 p m	
New Orleans	6.00 a m	
Jackson	3.30 a m	
Vicksburg	5.00 a m	

EASTWARD.	No. 2. Atlanta Express, Daily.	No. 4. Accom'n Daily.
Lv. Vickburg	8.00 p m	
Jackson	10.35 p m	
New Orleans	10.00 p m	
Meridian	5.20 a m	
Ar. Birmingham	12.20 p m	
Lv. Birmingham	2.45 p m	6.00 p m
*Irondale, Ala	1.05 p m	6.25 p m
Leeds, Ala	1.40 p m	7.15 p m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	7.31 p m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	2.16 p m	7.58 p m
Eden, Ala	2.33 p m	8.25 p m
Seddon, Ala	2.46 p m	8.48 p m
Riverside, Ala	2.51 p m	8.56 p m
Lincoln, Ala	3.03 p m	9.18 p m
Eastaboga, Ala	3.16 p m	9.45 p m
*Berclair, Ala	3.25 p m	10.00 p m
Anniston, Ala	3.47 p m	10.45 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	4.07 p m	10.50 p m
Oxford, Ala	4.10 p m	10.56 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	4.20 p m	11.26 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	4.28 p m	11.43 p m
Davisville, Ala	4.35 p m	11.58 p m
Heflin, Ala	4.47 p m	12.25 a m
Edwardsville, Ala	5.01 p m	12.05 a m
Muscadine, Ala	5.16 p m	1.30 a m
Tallapoosa, Ga	5.30 p m	2.00 a m
Bremen, Ga	5.50 p m	2.40 a m
Temple, Ga	6.09 p m	3.20 a m
Villa, Rica, Ga	6.24 p m	3.52 a m
Winston, Ga	6.37 p m	4.20 a m
Douglasville, Ga	6.50 p m	4.43 a m
Salt Springs, Ga	7.04 p m	5.09 a m
Austell, Ga	7.10 p m	5.20 a m
Mableton, Ga	7.17 p m	5.35 a m
*Concord, Ga	7.24 p m	5.48 a m
Chattahoochee	7.35 p m	6.06 a m
*Peyton, Ga	7.38 p m	6.11 a m
*Howell, Ga	7.48 p m	6.30 a m
Ar. Atlanta, Union Depot	8.00 p m	6.45 a m

*Flag Stations.

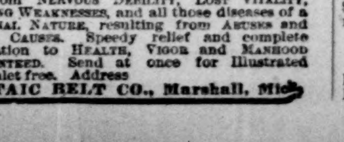
CONNECTIONS.

WESTWARD—Connect at Oxanna with E. T., V. and G. R. R., and at Birmingham with C. N. O. and T. P. and L. and N.

EASTWARD—Connect at Atlanta with R. and D., Ga. R. R., Cent. R. R. of Ga., E. T., V., and G., W. and A., and A. and W. P. R. R.

L. S. BROWN, G. F. and P. A.
I. Y. SAGE, Gen. Supt.

30 DAYS' TRIAL



ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

—THE— Richmond and Danville LINE.

72 MILES SHORTER
Than any Existing Route
To Washington and the East.
350 MILES SHORTER
—THAN—
Any Route via Cincinnati.

Richmond and Danville R. R. Time One Hour Faster than Atlanta City Time.

Schedule in effect, May 11th, 1884.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	3 40 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 40 a m	4 40 p m
" Lula	11 04 a m	7 40 p m
" Greenville	2 59 p m	11 45 p m
" Charlotte	6 55 p m	4 20 a m
" Salisbury	8 40 p m	6 50 a m
" Greensboro	10 25 p m	8 05 a m
Arrive Danville	12 00 m	10 20 a m
Leave Danville	12 20 a m	10 35 a m
" Lynchburg	2 40 a m	1 50 p m
" Charlottsville	4 55 a m	4 35 p m
Arrive Washington	9 20 a m	9 20 p m
Leave Washington	9 40 a m	9 50 p m
Arrive Baltimore	10 50 a m	11 25 p m
" Philadelphia	1 23 p m	3 45 a m
" New York	3 50 p m	6 25 a m
" Boston		4 40 p m
Leave Danville	10 20 p m	10 35 a m
" Burkville	5 20 a m	1 44 p m
Arrive Richmond	7 00 a m	3 50 p m

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta .... 5 15 p m
Arrive Gainesville .... 7 25 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Gainesville .... 6 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta .... 8 20 a m

Two daily trains for Athens, Ga.
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ONLY 31 HOURS TRANSIT
ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

Two Fast Through Trains Daily, Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to New York without change, via

VIRGINIA MIDLAND.

Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance.

E. BERKELY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.
M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia RAILROAD.

DIVISIONS IN GEORGIA.

THE NEW SHORT LINE.

Chattanooga to Atlanta, Atlanta to Macon, Rome to Atlanta,
—AND—
THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES
Chattanooga and the West, To Florida and the Southeast,
Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga
BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH
with trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad division, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway.

OnlyLine Running Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily
BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA
The Year Round Without Change and Without Delay.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING
THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES
Between Chattanooga and Jacksonville, Fla.
Without Change and Without Extra Fares.

CONDENSED LOCAL PASSENGER SCHEDULE (on basis Central Standard time, by which all trains are run), in effect May 25th, 1884.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 53.	Train No. 51.
Leave CLEVELAND	8 15 a m	2 40 p m
" CHATTANOOGA	8 20 a m	
" Ooltewah	8 53 a m	
" Cohuttah	9 25 a m	3 15 p m
Arrive DALTON	9 52 a m	3 50 p m
Leave DALTON	9 55 a m	3 50 p m
Arrive East Rome	11 17 a m	5 30 p m
Leave East Rome	11 25 a m	5 30 p m
" Rockmart	12 19 p m	6 35 p m
" Dallas	1 04 p m	7 28 p m
Arrive ATLANTA	2 40 p m	9 15 p m
Leave ATLANTA	3 15 p m	5 30 a m
" McDonough	4 38 p m	6 47 a m
" Jackson	5 20 p m	7 30 a m
" Indian Springs	5 33 p m	7 48 a m
Arrive MACON	7 20 p m	9 20 a m
Leave MACON	7 55 p m	9 45 a m
" Cochran	9 43 p m	12 05 p m
" Eastman	10 37 p m	1 35 p m
Arrive JESUP	3 30 a m	6 00 p m
Leave JESUP	4 00 a m	
" Sterling	6 00 a m	
" BRUNSWICK	6 45 a m	

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 54.	Train No. 52.
Leave BRUNSWICK	8 00 p m	
" Sterling	8 40 p m	
Arrive JESUP	10 10 p m	
Leave JESUP	11 30 p m	6 45 a m
" Eastman	4 10 a m	12 10 p m
" Cochran	5 05 a m	1 25 p m
Arrive MACON	7 00 a m	3 30 p m
Leave MACON	7 30 a m	5 00 p m
" Indian Springs	9 05 a m	6 30 p m
" Jackson	9 18 a m	6 42 p m
" McDonough	10 00 a m	7 20 p m
Arrive ATLANTA	11 15 a m	8 30 p m
Leave ATLANTA	12 35 p m	11 30 p m
" Dallas	2 03 p m	2 00 a m
" Rockmart	2 53 p m	3 20 a m
Arrive East Rome	3 50 p m	5 00 a m
Leave East Rome	3 55 p m	5 30 a m
Arrive Dalton	5 33 p m	6 56 a m
" Cohutta	6 07 p m	7 25 a m
" Ooltewah	6 40 p m	
" CHATTANOOGA	7 20 p m	
" Cleveland	8 00 p m	8 00 a m

CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 connect at Chattanooga with Memphis and Charleston Division, E. T. & G. R. R., and Cincinnati Southern R'y and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis R'y.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with main line East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V. & Ga. R. R.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Atlanta with diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S., F. & W. R'y for Florida.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 have Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and Through Passenger Coaches between Atlanta and Jacksonville. Trains 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York, and also with Sleepers between Cleveland and Warm Springs without change, and Sleeping Car between Atlanta, Macon and Brunswick.

Trains Nos. 51 and 52 have Sleeping Cars between Macon and Cleveland, connecting with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York.

All trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran daily, except Sunday.

J. E. MALLORY,
Superintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.
J. W. FRY,
Superintendent Atlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga.
A. POPE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta.

CATOOSA SPRINGS
GEORGIA.

OPEN 1st JUNE. SULPHUR, ALUM, EPSOM, Magnesia, Soda, Chalybeate, Limestone, Freestone, many other waters. Fine band of music; delightful rooms and grounds; clean, comfortable ... postoffice with four daily mails; express and telegraph all in the hotel. Livery stable on the grounds. $2.50 to $3 per day. $14 to $17.50 per week. Special rates for longer time or large parties.

GEORGE M. TILTON, Manager.
A. LEYDEN, Owner and Proprietor.

Formerly Stevens House, New York; ... House Boston, Massachusetts; Park View ... Florida.

THE

VOLUME XVI.

BLAINE AND ARTHUR.

OPENING OF THR RIVAL HEADQUARTERS YESTERDAY.

The Busy Scenes of Four Years Ago Recalled—The Advance Guard of Strikers, From Washington—Mahone's Coming Grievance—The California Delegation—Other News.

CHICAGO, May 30.—The morning train brought in a portion of the Iowa delegation three members of the South Carolina delegation, and six Texas delegates. Beyond a few delegates from Ohio and Kentucky, and the arrival of a portion of the Illinois delegation, the above constitute the only additions made to the few arrivals of the two preceeding days. From New York, Pennsylvania and the national capital, however, come large additions to the advance guard of those interested in the outcome of the national convention, but form no part of its working body. Their presence, however, has imparted great life to the preliminary skirmishing, and for the first time the hotels are living on the air of activity shown by them the week previous to the convention of four years ago. The headquarters were opened this morning for the Arthur and Blaine forces, those of General Logan having been in existence for some days. The remainder of the Iowa delegation will arrive to-morrow, at which time the California delegation will also put in an appearance. The organization of the state delegation will begin to-morrow afternoon, in the cases of those which have a full representation in the city. The weather, which has been cold and raw the past three days, grew warmer to-day, and if the present temperature is maintained, it will prove perfect for convention purposes.

There were additional arrivals this afternoon, and among the more prominent were Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, whose name is mentioned for the chairmanship of the convention, and Congressman Thomas Bayne, and three other accredited Pennsylvania delegates, are also here. Hon. Andrew D. White, of New York, arrived in advance of the main body of his delegation. Judge Foreaker, C. W. Moulton and Amos South, who represent the vanguard of the Sherman delegation, arrived this afternoon.

MAHONE MAY HAVE A GRIEVANCE.

Mahone and some of his delegates are here. The proposition to admit both Virginia delegations to the convention is rejected by Mahone, and the national committee are puzzled as to who shall have tickets of admission primarily to the reference of the question to the committee on credentials. If the Dezenderf delegation is admitted in whole or in part Mahone says his delegation will leave the convention. He says Dezenderf has been outvoted as a representative, and that his coadjutor, General Wickham, is a democrat.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, who is a delegate to the convention with Rev. Dr. McMurdy and Dr. Bland, from the National Arbitration League and Universal Peace Union, are here. Her object in attending the convention is to urge the insertion of a plank in the platform favoring female suffrage. She will go before the committee appointed to draw resolutions, and will make an appeal for the adoption of one providing that, as the women of this country are citizens, producers and tax payers, and amenable to all of the laws of the land, civil and criminal, which thus far they have had no part in making, they should be given the right to vote on equal terms with the men. To-night she will lecture on the American statesman and his short comings, or who shall be president.

Logan's headquarters occupy rooms Nos. 34 and 36, and are in charge of A. M. Jones, chairman, and Daniel Shepherd, ... of the Illinois state central committee. Thus far no headquarters have beeh opened for Edmunds, Sherman or Hawley.

In the discussions and doubt prevailing in regard to the question of the first place, the vice-presidency has dropped almost completely out of sight for the reason that the traditions of the party make the latter depend on the former, as a mere matter of political geography. A new candidate for that position, however, was developed to-day in the person of the Hon. Andrew D. White, president of Cornell college, who was spoken of for the place in case the fortunes of politics should make a western man a candidate for president.

GETTING READY FOR THE CONVENTION.

The sub-committee of the national committee completed its preliminary labors this evening, to be able to report to the full committee which is to assemble at noon to-morrow. It is known that the following members will be present at the meeting, including those who are expected to arrive to-night: John C. New, Indiana; Powell Clayton, Arkansas; Horace Davis, California; John S. Rontle, Colorado; O. H. Platt, Connecticut; Mr. Hastings, as proxy for Christian Febiger, Delaware; J. C. Cook, proxy for John A. Logan, Illinois; John P. Runnells, Iowa; John A. Martin, Kansas; James H. Stone, Michigan; D. M. Sabin, Minnesota; George C. McKee, Mississippi; Chauncey I. Filley, Missouri; James W. Dawes, Nebraska; William E. Chandler, New Hampshire; George A. Helsey, of New Jersey; Thomas C. Platt, New York; William C. Cooper, Ohio; Mr. Apperson, proxy for D. C. Ireland, Oregon; Christopher Magee, proxy for J. Donald Cameron, Pennsylvania; Geo W. Hooker, Vermont; Sam M. York, Virginia; Elihu Enos, Wisconsin; M. L. Shoutt, Idaho; Alex H. Beattie, Montana; Stephen B. Elkins, New Mexico; and C. W. Bennett, Utah.

Outside of the state of Virginia the claims of delegations from ten contested districts will come before the sub-committee for action. These districts as reported to Secretary Martin are as follows: First Alabama, first Georgia, fifth Kentucky, fourth Maryland, fourth Texas, twenty-first Pennsylvania, sixth New York, second Illinois, nineteenth New York and fourth Pennsylvania. It is not anticipated that any of these contests will prove very heavy tax upon the committee, and it is expected that speedy action will be taken on them. The case of the state of Virginia is one, however, of more serious moment, and will probably occupy a fair share of the attention of the convention, and provoke considerable discussion befor it is closed. Among the colored Mahone delegates from Virginia is William H. Pleasants, who has not yet departed for this city. According to late advices received here to-day, yesterday morning a negro, dressed in a broadcloth suit and palmetto hat, made his appearance at the Grand Pacific hotel and gave himself out as the original Pleasants. He was entertained somewhat lavishly by a number of local lieutenants until the receipt of a telegram from Washington, directed to J. D. Brady, of Virginia, which read: "Pleasants is here. The man representing him is an impostor and should be arrested." The individual who called himself Pleasants was lying back comfortably in one of the plush covered easy chairs at the Grand Pacific on the receipt of the telegram, but soon after took a hurried departure. No attempt was made to arrest him.

THE BUSINESS MEN'S HEADQUARTERS.

The headquarters under the auspices of the leading business men of the city in advocacy of the candidacy of President Arthur, were opened at the Palmer house to-day, and at a meeting this afternoon a committee was appointed with powor to add to its members to receive the New York business men's delegation, which will arrive to-morrow and tender its members the use of these rooms. The citizens' Arthur committee have prepared long address to the delegates, which will be